STATE OF MICHIGAN

IN THE 17TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF KENT

MALINDA PEGO, ALI HOSSEIN, HASSAN NEHME, ANN DELISLE, JESSICA BAREFIELD, NORM SHINKLE and WARREN CARPENTER,

Plaintiffs,

VS

Case No. 24-00658-CZ

KRISTINA KARAMO,

Defendant.

EVIDENTIARY HEARING ON MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION

VOLUME I OF III

BEFORE THE HONORABLE J. JOSEPH ROSSI, CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE Grand Rapids, Michigan - Wednesday, February 21, 2024

APPEARANCES:

Attorneys for the Plaintiffs: Attorneys for the Defendant: JONATHAN E. LAUDERBACH, P51313 Collins Einhorn Farrell, PC TROY M. CUMINGS, P63278 DONALD D. CAMPBELL, P43088 KATHERINE G. BOOTHROYD, P85881 DARYLE HOUSTON, P79536 Warner Norcross & Judd, LLP 4000 Town Center, 9th 150 Ottawa Ave., N.W., Ste 1500 Southfield, MI 48075 Grand Rapids, MI 49503 616-752-2000

4000 Town Center, 9th Floor 248-355-4141

Attorney for the Defendant: DANIEL J. HARTMAN, P52632 Law Office of Daniel J. Hartman P.O. Box 307 Petoskey, MI 49770 231-348-5100

PROCEEDINGS RECORDED VIA VIDEO RECORDING PROGRAM

Reported by: Transcribed by:

Wendy White, CER-8273 Barbara J. Ingram, CER-3509 Certified Electronic Reporter 616-799-0969

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF CONTENTS	
PAGE	
WITNESSES:	
ANNE DELISLE	
DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. LAUDERBACH	
VOIR DIRE EXAMINATION BY MR. CAMPBELL	
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CAMPBELL	
CROSS EXAMINATION BI FIR. CAMIDEBL	
THOMAS J. BALCH	
DIDECE EVANIMENTON DV MD. TAUDEDDACH 125	
DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. LAUDERBACH	
CROSS-EXAMINATION BI MR. CAMPBELL	
ADMITTE	D
	_
PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBITS:	
PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT #1 - Bylaws6	
PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT #3 - 12-2-23 email9	
PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT #5 - 12-5-23 email14	
PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT #6 - 12-16-23 email21	
PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT #7 - 12-31-23 email22	
PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT #8 - Minutes of 1-6-2430	
PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT #30 - Proxy forms for 1-6-2437	
PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT #11 - Petitions to remove49	
PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT #23 -1-6-24 Recantation55	
PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT #12 - 1-8-24 email57	
PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT #13 -1-9-24 email58	
PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT #14 -1-11-24 email64	
PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT #16 - 1-11-24 email	
PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT #17 - 1-20-24 minutes	
PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT #32 - Mr. Balch's Report130	
TEMENTE DE LA MEDIT (155 PIL. DATON 5 Nepote 150	
DEFENDANT'S EXHIBITS A THROUGH X85	

1	Grand Rapids, Michigan
2	Wednesday, February 21, 2024 - 9:00 a.m.
3	THE CLERK: the Honorable J. Joseph Rossi,
4	presiding.
5	THE COURT: Thank you. Please be seated.
6	THE CLERK: We are here in the Matter of Malinda
7	<u>Pego</u> versus <u>Kristina Karamo</u> , Case Number 24-00658-CZ.
8	THE COURT: And, today the matter before the Court
9	is the Evidentiary Hearing on Plaintiff's Motion for
10	Preliminary Injunction.
11	Gentlemen, my intention is to dispense with any sort
12	of opening statement. I feel like I know the general
13	parameters of what the dispute is about here. And, move
14	immediately to the proofs.
15	So Mr. Lauderbach?
16	MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you, Your Honor.
17	MR. CAMPBELL: If I may briefly?
18	THE COURT: Yeah. Go certainly, go ahead,
19	Mr. Campbell.
20	MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you. Donald Campbell on behalf
21	of Kristina Karamo. Daryle Houston is also here with me, Your
22	Honor.
23	THE COURT: Very good. Welcome, Mr. Houston.
24	MR. HOUSTON: Thank you, Your Honor.
25	MR. CAMPBELL: I would ask for sequestration of

1 witnesses. 2 THE COURT: Very good. And, any objection to that, Mr. Lauderbach? 3 MR. LAUDERBACH: No objection. THE COURT: All right. Then if -- since these are 5 6 primarily your witnesses, if we could have them sequestered during the testimony of the other witnesses, that would be 7 8 appropriate. MR. LAUDERBACH: We will do so. Thank you, Your 9 10 Honor. Before I call my first witness, we did prepare a binder for the Court with the exhibits that we've agreed to. 11 At Mr. Campbell's request, I've removed from the binder the 12 exhibits that he objects to. So that the Court won't see the 13 exhibits until you rule on admissibility. 14 THE COURT: So the sooner the better in my opinion 15 with regard to binders, Mr. Lauderbach. 16 MR. LAUDERBACH: If I may approach? 17 THE COURT: You may. 18 MR. LAUDERBACH: Very good, Your Honor. Thank you. 19 THE COURT: Thank you. 20 (At 9:02 a.m., Mr. Lauderbach hands binder to Court) 21 22 MR. LAUDERBACH: Unless the Court has any other housekeeping matters, I'll call Anne DeLisle to the stand. 23 24 THE COURT: Very well. 25 MR. LAUDERBACH: Oh, she didn't need to be

1		sequestered. I'll be right back.
2		(At 9:02 a.m., Mr. Lauderbach retrieves witness)
3		MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, does the Court swear
4		her or does the clerk?
5		THE COURT: I'll swear her in at the stand. Thank
6		you.
7		Please raise your right hand.
8		Do you solemnly swear or affirm that your testimony
9		today will be the truth, and nothing but the truth?
10		MS. DELISLE: I do.
11		THE COURT: Thank you. You may have a seat.
12		ANNE DELISLE
13		called on behalf of the Plaintiff, was sworn by the Court at
14		9:03 a.m., testified as follows:
15		DIRECT EXAMINATION
16	BY M	IR. LAUDERBACH:
17	Q	Good morning, Anne, how are you?
18	А	I'm good. How are you?
19	Q	Wonderful. Thank you. Could you state your name for the
20		Court, please?
21	А	Anne DeLisle.
22	Q	You're one of the Plaintiffs in this case?
23	А	Yes, sir.
24	Q	Are you a member of the Michigan Republican State Committee?
25	А	Yes, sir.

Q In what capacity? I'm a -- the 8th Congressional District Chair. 2 Α All right. Are you familiar with the bylaws of the Michigan 3 Q Republican Party? Α Yes, sir. 5 6 Q All right. There's a binder on the desk in front of you. Could you open that to Tab Number 1, please? 7 (Witness complies). 8 Α Are you familiar -- can you identify Tab Number 1, please? 9 Α These are the bylaws of the Michigan Republican State 10 Committee as amended December 3rd, 2022. 11 All right. 12 Q 13 MR. LAUDERBACH: And, Your Honor, I believe there's no objection to the admission of -- and I'm sorry, these are 14 -- wrong binder. 15 Any objection? 16 MR. CAMPBELL: No objection to Plaintiff's Proposed 17 18 Exhibit Number 1, Your Honor. THE COURT: Thank you very much. It may be 19 admitted. You may proceed. 20 (At 9:04 a.m., Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 1 21 22 admitted) MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you. 23 BY MR. LAUDERBACH: 24 25 And, Ms. DeLisle, have you had occasion in your service on the

- 1 Michigan Republican State Committee to refer to these bylaws
- in the course of your duties?
- 3 A Yes, I have.
- 4 Q All right. Would you turn to Article II (B) on Page 3,
- 5 please?
- 6 A (Witness complies).
- 7 Q What are the purposes of the Michigan Republican State
- 8 Committee?
- 9 A According to Article II, Section B, the purpose of the
- 10 committee shall be to direct, manage, and supervise the
- affairs and business of the Republican Party in Michigan.
- 12 This shall include, but shall not necessarily be limited to
- work for the election of nominees of the Republican Party of
- 14 Michigan, and work in close cooperation with other Republican
- 15 State District and County organizations.
- 16 Q All right. And, does Article II(C) speak to the -- the
- 17 purpose of adopting bylaws?
- 18 A It does. It says --
- 19 Q What is that, please?
- 20 A -- to adopt bylaws by which the Committee shall be governed.
- 21 Q All right. Thank you. Can the bylaws be amended?
- 22 A Yes.
- 23 Q All right. How so?
- 24 A There's a process that's set forth in the bylaws in how to --
- 25 how to amend them.

- Q Could you turn to Article XV, please, on Page 25? What are the requirements to amend the bylaws?
 - A In order to amend the bylaws, you have to have a submission in writing, all proposed amendments be filed and shall be first submitted in writing to the Policy Committee.

Second, notification of committee members. Each member of the Committee shall be notified in writing of the context of any proposed amendment at least 30 days before the date on which such proposed amendment is to be voted on.

And, third, the vote required to amend bylaws, no amendment shall pass until it has received a 66-2/3 percent favorable vote of the Committee present and voting, provided there is a quorum present and such favorable 66-2/3 percent vote must be made in person by such members and not by proxy. All right. Does Article XV say that the Policy Committee has to necessarily do anything?

- A No. It just has to have --
- Q The proposed change needs to be submitted?
- 19 A -- to be submitted. Yes.
- 20 Q Okay. Thank you. Could you turn to Exhibit 3, please?
- 21 A (Witness complies).

MR. LAUDERBACH: And, Your Honor, I'm going to indicate for the record while Ms. DeLisle is getting to -- to Exhibit 3, we put the binder together last week before

Mr. Campbell and I exchanged exhibits. I've pulled some out

```
so there are going to be -- we may skip some numbers, but it's
1
2
         because we're not going to be offering that exhibit. So --
                   THE COURT: Okay. Good. And, the odd numbering of
3
         exhibits will keep me on my toes. Thank you, Mr. Lauderbach.
4
                   MR. LAUDERBACH: All right. Good.
5
                   All right. And, I also believe Exhibit 3 is
6
         stipulated?
7
8
                   MR. CAMPBELL: That's correct, Your Honor. I have
         no objection to Exhibit 3.
9
                   THE COURT: Very well. Thank you. It may be
10
         admitted. You may proceed, Mr. Lauderbach.
11
                   (At 9:07 a.m., Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 3
12
13
                   admitted)
   BY MR. LAUDERBACH:
14
         Ms. DeLisle, did you -- is Exhibit 3 a December 2, 2023, email
15
         from Bree Moeggenberg?
16
         It is.
17
   Α
         All right. What is Ms. -- what is being communicated by
18
         Ms. Moeggenberg in this email?
19
         The subject is a Special Meeting Request, and it's a Request
20
   Α
         for a Special Meeting.
21
22
   Q
         All right. Who did -- who was this sent to?
         It was sent to former Chairwoman, Kristina Karamo.
23
   Α
         Who is cc'd on it?
24
25
   Α
         The entire State Committee.
```

- 1 Q All right. Is there an attachment to this -- if you turn to
 2 Page 3 of the document. Do you see the heading attached is
 3 the written request?
- 4 A Yes.

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

- 5 Q All right. What is this, please?
- A It says -- so first it quotes Article IV, Section (B) of the
 bylaws. It says attached is the Written Request supported by
 at least one-third of the members of the Committee for a

 Special Meeting per Article VI, Section (B) of the -- of our
 bylaws.
 - Special meetings -- Special Meetings of the

 Committee may be called by the Chairman when the business of
 the Committee requires the same, or the Chairman shall call a

 Special Meeting of the Committee on written request of onethird of the members of the Committee; jointly or severally,
 within 15 days after such written request has been filed with
 the chairman, upon failure to do so, any such member can give
 notice five days before such meeting. Notices of Special
 Meetings shall state the purpose of such meeting.
- 20 Q All right.
- 21 A And, then it goes on to request a meeting.
- Q Does this document state the purpose for the meeting that was being requested?
- A It does. It says -- it does give an agenda and it says the agenda to include transparency, accountability, unity,

- proposed bylaw amendment, review and possible removal of
- 2 Kristina Karamo, Dan Hartman, Robert Owens, and Jim Copas.
- 3 Q All right. As of December 2nd of 2023, what was the total
- 4 membership of the Michigan Republican State Committee?
- 5 A There's 107 members total, but there was one seat that was
- of vacant, so it was 106 total members.
- 7 Q All right. What's one-third of 106?
- 8 A Um -- I believe it's -- 35 -- 35 and a fraction, 35-1/3.
- 9 Q 35 and a fraction is --
- 10 A So that would be 36 people?
- 11 A Um-hmm.
- 12 Q All right. Could you turn to the next page of the Exhibit,
- 13 please?
- 14 A (Witness complies).
- 15 Q What is this document? Can you explain to the Court what this
- 16 is?
- 17 A Yes. So this was the -- this was the Petition where --
- 18 wherein the State Committee members -- this is what we signed
- 19 requesting the Special Meeting. So it -- it has the -- almost
- 20 the duplicate language of the -- the email, and it states
- 21 that, you know, the bylaw and it says the purpose of this in-
- 22 person meeting shall include date, time, location, agenda to
- include and -- and then it has the -- the signatures of 39 of
- 24 the State Committee members.
- 25 Q All right. Do you know what it takes to be a member in good

- standing under the bylaws?
- 2 A Um -- if my recollection is correct, to be a member in good
- standing, you have to be elected to the State Committee, and
- 4 you have to be a dues paying member.
- 5 Q What's a dues paying member?
- 6 A You have to have made a contribution to the party. If it's
- 7 | within the first like two months of your tenure on the State
- 8 Committee, it's a \$25 donation. And, if it's after that, it's
- 9 a \$50 donation.

- 10 Q All right. Let's -- let's go back to Exhibit 1. Let's just
- go right to the provision. On Page 5 of Exhibit 1, do you see
- 12 Paragraph E? Paragraph E.
- 13 A It says the qualifications and rights of regular members, each
- regular member of the committee shall be a registered voter in
- Michigan. In the case of District Members, a resident of the
- 16 congressional district such member represents. Regular
- members shall have the right to vote on all matters which come
- 18 before the Committee except as otherwise provided in the
- 19 bylaws.
- To help defray State Committee Meetings costs, each
- 21 regular member of the Committee must annually contribute at
- least \$25 to a regulated fund of the Committee by April 1st at
- 23 11:59 p.m.
- 24 Q All right.
- 25 A Beginning on April 2nd, the fee increases to at least \$50.

- Failure of a regular member of the Committee to contribute to
- a regulated fund of the Committee before -- on or before
- 3 April 2nd, shall result in automatic suspension of all rights
- 4 and privileges of such regular member until the contribution
- is made.
- 6 Q All right.
- 7 A Do you wish me to continue?
- 8 Q No. As of December 2nd, were all 39 of these people that
- 9 signed the request in good standing?
- 10 A I think there was a couple who had not paid -- made a
- 11 contribution yet. But I think everyone --
- 12 Q Was it two?
- 13 A I believe so.
- 14 Q Okay. So 37 of the 39 were in good standing?
- 15 A Yes.
- 16 Q All right. Is 37 more than 36?
- 17 A Yes.
- 18 Q All right. Do you know if -- well, strike that. Did
- 19 Ms. Karamo acknowledge receipt of this email?
- 20 A She did.
- 21 Q All right. Would you turn to Exhibit 5, please?
- 22 A (Witness complies).
- MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, I believe Exhibit 5 is
- 24 -- the admission of 5 is stipulated?
- 25 MR. CAMPBELL: That's correct, Your Honor. No

```
objection.
1
2
                   THE COURT: Very well. It may be admitted. You may
3
         proceed.
                   (At 9:12 a.m., Plaintiff's Exhibit 5 admitted)
4
   BY MR. LAUDENBACH:
5
6
         All right. What is this document, Ms. DeLisle?
         This is an email from Kristina Karamo dated Tuesday,
7
         December 5th, and the subject line is Important State
         Committee Update and Special Meeting Request.
9
         All right. Would you turn to Page 4 of the exhibit, please?
10
         (Witness complies).
11
   Α
         Do you see the heading that says, on Page 4, do you see where
12
         it says Regarding Special Meetings?
13
   Α
         Yes.
14
         Does Ms. Karamo acknowledge the provision in the bylaws for
15
         the calling of the Special Meeting?
16
17
   Α
         Yes.
18
         All right. Does she acknowledge that notices of Special
         Meetings shall state the purpose of such meetings? At the end
19
         of that paragraph?
20
         Yes.
21
   Α
22
   Q
         All right.
         It's the -- the last sentence says Notices of Special Meetings
23
   Α
24
         shall state the purpose of such meetings.
25
   Q
         All right. In this document, does she express a belief about
```

the validity of the Request for the Special Meeting?

- 2 A She did.
- 3 Q What is that belief?
- 4 A She did not believe that the request was valid.
- 5 Q Did she cite the reasons she didn't think it was valid?
- 6 A She did.

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 7 Q And, what were those?
- 8 A So she gave five facts. She said the Chairman called the
 9 meeting within 15 days. The members have no authority to
 10 dictate the time and place of the meeting unless the Chairman
 11 fails to call the meeting within 15 days.

Number 2, individuals cannot declare that the admin vice chair or anyone else chairs the meeting, nor can they declare the 8th District Chair nor anyone else be the secretary.

Number 3, these individuals cannot put a bylaw change on the agenda as MIGOP bylaws state the process of amending bylaws. These individuals must first submit their request to change to the Policy Committee.

If it passes the Policy Committee, it will be sent to members 30 days before voting on the proposed bylaw amendment.

Number 4, additionally, they have the authority to call a meeting to remove any member if the requirement to remove the member has been satisfied which they have not --

which they have yet to do.

Number 5, these individuals are functionally

attempting to use the bylaw provision for a Special Meeting,

and turn it into a trial by asserting claims of authority that

the bylaws do not afford them.

- Q Okay. Do the bylaws say that they can't be amended at a Special Meeting?
- 8 A No.

1

6

7

- 9 Q Okay. She refers to a requirement or the requirement to remove a member. Do you know what she's referring to?
- 11 A There is a requirement to remove an officer, and that is that
 12 a petition has to be signed by half of the State Committee
 13 Membership.
- 14 Q Does that have to be submitted to someone?
- 15 A If it's any -- any officer other than the Chairman, must be

 16 submitted to the Chairman. If it's a -- if it's the Chairman

 17 who is the officer in question to be removed, then those

 18 petitions are submitted to the Secretary.
- 19 Q All right. Since Ms. Karamo was the subject of the removal, 20 the petition would need to be submitted to the Secretary?
- 22 A Correct.

21

Correct?

- 23 Q All right. Who was the Secretary at this time?
- 24 A Angela Gillisse is the Secretary.
- 25 Q All right. Does -- do the bylaws say that that petition has

- to be submitted before the meeting is called?
- 2 A No. They do not.
- 3 Q All right. Let's turn back to Exhibit 1, the bylaws, Page 12,
- 4 please.
- 5 A (Witness complies).
- 6 Q Article IV, Section (G). Do you see (G)(2) in the middle of
- 7 the page?
- 8 A Yes.
- 9 Q The middle of that paragraph, it says, provided further that
- in order -- could you read the remainder of that sentence,
- 11 please?
- 12 A Provided further that in order to bring the question before
- the Committee as to the removal of an officer, a petition
- requesting that such a vote be taken, bearing the signatures
- of at least 50 percent of the entire Committee, no proxies
- allowed, shall be filed with the Chairman, or if the Chairman
- is the officer in question, then such petition shall be filed
- 18 with the Secretary.
- 19 Q Okay. That's all it says, filed with the Secretary?
- 20 A Yes.
- 21 Q All right. Would you also turn please now to Page 24 of the
- 22 bylaws.
- 23 A (Witness complies).
- 24 Q See the heading, Article XIV, Parliamentary Authority?
- 25 A Yes.

Q What does that say? 2 Α Robert's Rules of Order, Newly Revised, shall govern the conduct of all meetings of the Committee and its standing 3 Committees, except as provided in these bylaws or by law. Do you have a copy of Robert's Rules of Order? 5 Q Α Yes, I do. 6 MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, we have a copy for the 7 Court. I believe Mr. -- we've provided a copy to 8 Mr. Campbell. Did you print out all 1,100 pages of that? 9 MR. CAMPBELL: I told you that wouldn't happen. 10 Judge, I believe it's 1,300 pages that I've stipulated to. 11 But I have a copy and you can see on my desk, if you can see 12 any part of my desk left after. I have no -- we've discussed 13 this. We have no interest in marking the Robert's Rules of 14 Order as an exhibit. 15 I'm okay with the Court looking at references that 16 are made by this witness or others. If at some point the 17 Court believes a portion or even the entire thing needs to be 18 marked, I'm okay with that, too. But if the Court's okay with 19 this somehow -- somehow a little bit unusual evidentiary 20 21 treatment --22 THE COURT: I am grateful for a provision of a copy so that I can reference it. Thank you. 23 24 MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you.

THE COURT: No one got a Cliff Notes of these?

```
(At 9:18 a.m., laughter in the courtroom)
1
2
                   THE COURT: Okay.
                   MR. CAMPBELL: Not yet. Not yet.
3
                   THE COURT: Very well.
   BY MR. LAUDERBACH:
5
6
         Ms. DeLisle, would you turn to Section 3:21 of Robert's Rules
         of Order?
7
8
         (Witness complies). Yes.
         Do you see the heading, Means by Which Business is Brought
9
         Before the Assembly?
10
   Α
         Yes.
11
         All right. What does 3:21 say?
12
         Motions. Businesses Brought Before an Assembly by the Motion
13
   Α
         of a Member. A Motion may itself bring its subject to the
14
         assembly's attention or the motion may follow upon the
15
         presentation of a report or other communication.
16
         All right. Would you then turn to Section 9:13?
17
   Α
         (Witness complies). Special Meetings?
18
         Yes.
19
    Q
         A Special Meeting or called meeting is a separate session of
20
   Α
         the society held at a time different from that of any regular
21
22
         meeting, and convened only to consider one or more items of
         business specified in the call of meetings. Notice of the
23
24
         time, place, and purpose of the meeting clearly and
25
         specifically describing the subject matter of the motions or
```

items of business to be brought up, must be sent to all members a reasonable number of days in advance. The reason for Special Meetings is to deal with matters that may arise between regular meetings, and that require attention by a society before the regular meeting. Or to dedicate an entire session to one or more particular matters.

As in the case of a regular meeting, the session of a Special Meeting in an ordinary society is normally concluded in a single meeting unless the assembly has a Special Meeting scheduled an adjourned meeting.

- Q All right. So a Special Meeting can be convened only to consider one or more items of business specified in the Call for the Meeting?
- 14 A Yes.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

- 15 Q All right. Would you turn to 9 -- 9:15, please?
- 16 A (Witness complies).
- 17 Q And, just read that first sentence.
- 18 A The only business that can be transacted at a Special Meeting
 19 is that which has been specified in the call of the meeting.
- 20 Q All right. Would you turn to Exhibit 6, please?
- 21 A (Witness complies).
- MR. LAUDERBACH: Any objection to 6?
- MR. CAMPBELL: No objection to 6, Your Honor.
- 24 THE COURT: Very well. It may be admitted. You may proceed, Mr. Lauderbach.

```
(At 9:20 a.m., Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 6
1
2
                   admitted)
   BY MR. LAUDERBACH:
3
         Is -- is Exhibit 6, Ms. Karamo's Notice of a Special Meeting?
         It appears so, yes.
5
   Α
         All right. Is it the Notice of a Special Meeting requested on
6
   Q
         December 2nd?
7
8
   Α
         It is not.
9
         Okay. Why not?
   Α
         Um -- so on the email from December 16th, the email states,
10
         you know, we look forward to our Special State Committee
11
         Meeting on January 13th at 10:00 a.m. But when you turn to
12
13
         the agenda --
         Which is the third page of the exhibit?
14
   0
         On the third -- yes, the third page of the exhibit. None of
15
         the agenda items are the agenda items that were requested in
16
17
         the Special Meeting request of December 2nd.
         All right. And, you can't transact business at a Special
18
         Meeting that isn't in the call for the meeting; correct?
19
         That is correct.
20
   Α
         So was this the only -- as far as you know, was this the only
21
   Q
22
         effort that Ms. Karamo made to call a Special Meeting between
         December 2 and December 17th?
23
24
   Α
         Yes.
25
    Q
         All right. So did she call a Special Meeting as requested by
```

the members within 15 days after their request on December 2 2nd? She did not call the meeting that was requested by the members 3 on December 2nd. All right. So what did those members do? 5 Q 6 Α So what we did was then we called our own meeting on January 31st (sic), for January 6th. 7 Okay. You said you called a meeting on January 31st -- did 8 Q 9 you mean --I'm sorry. December -- December 31st, 2023, for January 6th, 10 Α 2024. Thank you. 11 All right. Would you turn to Exhibit 7, please? 12 Q (Witness complies). 13 Α MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, I believe Exhibit 7 is 14 stipulated. 15 MR. CAMPBELL: That's correct, Your Honor. No 16 17 objection to Exhibit 7. 18 THE COURT: Very well. It may be admitted. You may proceed. 19 (At 9:22 a.m., Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 7 20 admitted) 21 22 BY MR. LAUDERBACH: All right. Ms. DeLisle, would you explain to the Court what 23 24 this document is, please? 25 So this is an email -- a forwarded email from Bree Moeggenberg

- which was sent on Sunday, December 31st, 2023. And, the
- subject is Called a Special Meeting of the State Committee.
- And, this -- and this email -- the State Committee members who
- 4 requested the meeting on December 2nd were calling a Special
- 5 Meeting for January 6th.
- 6 Q Does this notice of meeting include the items that were
- 7 included in the December 2nd request?
- 8 A Yes, it does.
- 9 Q Does this actually attach a Proposed Agenda for the meeting?
- 10 A Yes. On Page 3 of the exhibit, there is a agenda -- a Special
- 11 Meeting Agenda which includes the exact agenda items that were
- 12 requested on December 2nd.
- 13 | Q All right. Is Agenda Item Number 12 Review and Possible
- 14 Removal of Chairwoman Kristina Karamo?
- 15 A Yes, it is.
- 16 Q All right. Did you attend the meeting on January 6th?
- 17 A Yes, I did.
- 18 Q All right. Would you go back to Exhibit 1, please. Go to
- 19 Page 15. Under Article VI(C), what's the requirement for a
- 20 quorum?
- 21 A Quorum, a majority of the total membership of the committee
- 22 present in person or by proxy shall constitute a quorum to
- transact all business of the committee except where the action
- 24 of the committee requires a larger number of members
- especially set forth in these bylaws.

- 1 Q All right. And, as of January 6th, how many members were on
- 2 the State Committee?
- 3 A 106.
- 4 Q All right. So a majority would be 54?
- 5 A Correct.
- 6 Q All right. Either in person or by proxy?
- 7 A Correct.
- 8 Q All right. Who took the minutes of the January 6th meeting?
- 9 A I did.
- 10 Q All right. Was Ms. Gillisse there?
- 11 A She did not attend.
- 12 Q Okay. Do you know if she got the notice?
- 13 A She did.
- 14 Q Would you turn to Exhibit 8, please?
- 15 A (Witness complies).
- 16 Q Actually let's -- let's do this. Let's go to -- let's go back
- 17 to Robert's. Were you appointed as the Secretary for the
- meeting on January 6th?
- 19 A I did serve as the Secretary on January 6th.
- 20 Q Okay. All right. Would you turn to 47:34 of Robert's Rules,
- 21 please?
- 22 A Which --
- 23 Q 47:34.
- 24 A In the absence of the Secretary, a Secretary Pro Tem must be
- 25 elected. The corresponding financial or executive secretary

in organizations having such officers is not an automatic 1 2 replacement. If under reports of officers in the order of business correspondence of an official character is to be 3 read, it is normally read by the Recording Secretary and not by the Corresponding Secretary. 5 6 All right. So because Ms. Gillisse was not there, you were Q appointed as the Secretary for the meeting? 7 Correct. 8 Α And, did you take notes of the meeting? 9 Α I did. 10 And, did you type those up into a document that you believe 11 are the minutes of that meeting? 12 13 Α Yes, I did. MR. LAUDERBACH: All right. Your Honor, I believe 14 there's an objection to Exhibit Number 8, so that's not been 15 included in your binder. I believe a sufficient foundation 16 has been laid for the document that I obtained from 17 Ms. DeLisle that she says are the minutes of the January 6th 18 meeting. 19 THE COURT: Very well. Response, Mr. Campbell? 20 MR. CAMPBELL: Your Honor, yes, may I voir dire? 21 22 THE COURT: You may. VOIR DIRE EXAMINATION 23 BY MR. CAMPBELL: 24 25 Q Okay. You have that exhibit in front of you; correct?

- I A I do.
- 2 Q And, you typed that exhibit?
- 3 A I did.
- 4 Q Had you ever served as a Secretary Pro Tem previously to a
- 5 meeting of the Michigan Republican Party?
- 6 A Not at the Michigan Republican Party.
- 7 Q Okay. And, so this was the first time you ever did that?
- 8 A Yes.
- 9 Q At whose suggestion did you do that?
- 10 A Um -- I was asked by several individuals.
- 11 Q Okay. Who are those individuals?
- 12 A I was asked by Bree Moeggenberg, who called the meeting. I
- was asked also by Co-Chair Malinda Pego. And, a few -- I
- can't remember everyone off the top of my head, but there were
- several members who said, you served as the Secretary in other
- capacities, would you mind taking minutes for this meeting?
- 17 Q Are you aware of any reason why as the District Chair you
- cannot serve as a Secretary for the Michigan GOP?
- 19 A There is no reason why as the District Chair that I cannot
- 20 serve as a Secretary Pro Tem for the Michigan Republican State
- 21 Committee.
- 22 Q You could not serve as a Secretary; correct?
- 23 A I cannot be elected as a Secretary.
- 24 | Q Okay. And, the way you serve as a Secretary is to be elected
- and then approved; correct? Or appointed and then approved.

- 1 There's -- in the election; correct?
- 2 A I do not understand the question.
- 3 Q Okay. What do you mean when you say you could not be elected?
- 4 A So elected means serving as an officer of the State Committee.
- 5 Q Okay. So you were not an officer of the State Committee when
- 6 you served as the Secretary Pro Tem; correct?
- 7 A I was not an officer of the State Committee.
- 8 Q Thank you. There is a Secretary of the State of Michigan GOP;
- 9 correct?
- 10 A Yes.
- 11 Q And, what is her name?
- 12 A Angela Gillisse.
- 13 Q And, she has been, for all you know, the Secretary since she
- was elected to that position until today; correct?
- 15 A Correct.
- 16 Q Do you know if the minutes you prepared were ever given to
- 17 her?
- 18 A I do not know that.
- 19 Q Okay. You never gave those minutes to Secretary Gillisse;
- 20 correct?
- 21 A I do not recall.
- 22 Q Okay. You know that the minutes have to be approved at some
- 23 point at a later meeting; correct?
- 24 A I believe so.
- 25 Q Okay. You would agree that's not an official record of the

Michigan GOP because that would be in the possession of the 1 2 Secretary of the Michigan GOP; correct? Α I do not know. 3 MR. CAMPBELL: Okay. Your Honor, I would object to 4 the entry of this exhibit. It is nothing more than her 5 recorded recollection. She actually said she can't remember 6 anything -- it may be used to refresh her recollection as to 7 8 what happened at that meeting, but it is not a proper document for admission. 9 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mr. Campbell. 10 did have a couple questions, Ms. DeLisle. You said you've 11 served as Secretary of other organizations. What 12 organizations would those be? 13 THE WITNESS: I've served as Secretary of the 14 Genesee County Republican Party. And, I've served as 15 Secretary of various committees in my -- in my church, 16 including the parish council. 17 THE COURT: As such, have you prepared minutes of 18 meetings in those jobs? 19 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir, I have. 20 THE COURT: Okay. And, when you've had those 21 22 minutes of those meetings, they have been submitted and approved at a subsequent meeting? 23 THE WITNESS: Uh -- yes, sir. 24 25 THE COURT: Okay. And, did you prepare these

minutes in more or less the same way as you did on the church
-- church council or as the Genesee Republican Party
Secretary?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Okay. Any further questions before I rule on admission, Mr. Lauderbach?

MR. LAUDERBACH: I have none.

THE COURT: All right. Well, I do think the objection here goes to the -- I guess the official status of these records. However, I view it as an objection for my consideration primarily to the weight of the evidence, in that you know, that it's possible because these haven't been approved subsequently, which I suppose we'll get to here, but they would be minutes but just as recorded, but not as finally approved and, perhaps as Mr. Campbell seems to be arguing, not a part of the official record of the Michigan Republican Party.

However, I do believe that those considerations go to the weight that I should accord to the evidence, rather than the admissibility of the evidence. I do believe because of Ms. DeLisle's prior service as Secretaries, that she certainly appears to be capable of recording minutes, and I can consider those minutes in light of their deficiencies as potentially an official record.

So subject to the objection, which is acknowledged

1	at this time, they may be admitted. You may proceed,
2	Mr. Lauderbach.
3	(At 9:31 a.m., Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 8
4	admitted)
5	MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you, Your Honor. Can I
6	approach with Exhibit 8?
7	THE COURT: You may.
8	(At 9:31 a.m., Mr. Lauderbach hands Exhibit 8 to the
9	Court)
10	DIRECT EXAMINATION, CONTINUED
11	BY MR. LAUDERBACH:
12	Q Ms. DeLisle, how many members of the State Committee attended
13	in person on January 6th?
14	A There were 45 members of the State Committee present.
15	Q And, were there any proxies?
16	A Yes, sir, there were. There were 26 proxies.
17	Q Would you turn back to the bylaws and go to Page 15,
18	Article VI(D), please?
19	A (Witness complies). Proxy voting?
20	Q Yes. Would you read that paragraph?
21	A Those those authorized to vote may vote in person or by
22	proxy at any meeting of the Committee, provided that such
23	person shall be allowed to cast only one vote on each item of
24	business transacted. Any person voting a proxy of a District
25	member, must be a qualified elector from that member's

- 1 congressional district. Any person voting a proxy of any 2 other regular member must be a qualified elector of the State
- 4 Q Anything in Article VI(D) that requires Ms. Gillisse to verify the proxies?
- 6 A No, sir.

3

- 7 Q Would you turn to Page 7, Article III(i), please?
- 8 A (Witness complies).

of Michigan.

- 9 Q The heading, When a District Member has not provided a proxy.
- Α When a District member has not provided a proxy. If a 10 District member is not present for a particular meeting and 11 has not provided for a proxy, the District Chairman or in his 12 13 absence, the remaining members present of the absent member's congressional district may select a registered voter from 14 their congressional district to fill the vacancy for that 15 meeting only. If the absent member should subsequently appear 16 during the course of the meeting, said regular member shall 17 regain full voting rights. 18
- 19 Q Okay. So first of all, I guess if you don't want someone to
 20 be appointed as a proxy for you, you could show up for the
 21 meeting; right?
- 22 A Yes, sir.
- Q Okay. Would you turn to Exhibit 30, please?
- 24 A (Witness complies).
- 25 Q Were the proxy forms collected in writing on -- written proxy

forms collected on January 6th? 1 2 Α Several were collected on January 6th. But at least one I know, if not more, were sent ahead of time and collected ahead 3 of time. Okay. But after or before the time of the January 6th meeting 5 Q started, the --6 All of the proxy forms were collected. 7 Α 8 0 All right. Did you put your eyeballs on them on that day? Yes, sir, I did. 9 All right. Is Exhibit 30 the proxy forms for the January 6th 10 meeting? 11 Yes, sir. Α 12 13 0 All right. MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, I've got -- I believe 14 Mr. Campbell objects to 30. I've got a copy for the Court. I 15 don't know if he wants to voir dire or make argument. 16 17 MR. CAMPELL: I can make the argument, again, Your These are not items that are kept in the ordinary 18 Honor. course or even kept on the records of the Michigan GOP, at 19 least I don't think this witness can say that they are. 20 She can't authenticate these documents other than 21 22 say I received these, but to call them official proxy forms and everything else, is what I object to. 23

If the Court's going to say, hey, what did you see? She can testify to that. I don't know why you need the exact

24

forms. If the forms themselves become critical to this, we can talk about it. I don't believe there's going to be much discussion about what's on the form.

There will be discussion about what dates some of those forms are dated. But that's stuff that she can refresh her memory. Thinner binders are better than thicker binders, Your Honor. I'll remind you as somebody once said that.

THE COURT: All right. I couldn't agree -- I couldn't agree with you more, Mr. Campbell.

Response, Mr. Lauderbach?

MR. LAUDERBACH: Well, thin binders are great, but it's my burden to put on evidence. And, I've got to get the exhibit admitted and I've asked the witness, are these the documents that you saw tendered as proxies on January 6th and she said, yes. So I believe that they're admissible.

You know, if Mr. Campbell has questions that go to the weight and sufficiency of the evidence, regarding the date these were signed, that's fine. He can cross-examine her.

THE COURT: Okay. And -- and I -- I see this as primarily an objection to the authenticity of -- of these documents. We don't have the signer's present. Of course, the contents of the documents would be hearsay in the absence of the evidence that they are kept in the course of the business affairs or an official business record, which I haven't heard yet.

In the case of the proxies, because they do form 1 2 this official purpose, I'm going to require more foundation. I'll uphold the objection at this time. 3 You may proceed, Mr. Lauderbach. MR. LAUDERBACH: All right. Thank you. 5 6 BY MR. LAUDERBACH: Ms. DeLisle, after the January 6th meeting, what happened to 7 these documents? I took them home with me. 9 Okay. So you -- you had them in your custody? 10 Yes. I saw most all of them signed, and I've had them in my 11 custody since. 12 13 All right. And, do you know the congressional district chairs who obtained and provided these proxies? 14 I do. 15 Α All right. Do you have any reason to believe that anybody in 16 here is not a registered elector in the State of Michigan? 17 Α I do not. 18 All right. You -- do you believe that the outcome of the 19 January 6th meeting was the removal of Ms. Karamo as Chair of 20 the Michigan Republican Party? Correct? 21 22 Α I do. All right. And, because you believe that, you have kept these 23 24 documents in the ordinary course of the business of what you 25 believe is the Michigan Republican Party upon removal of

Ms. Karamo?

MR. CAMPBELL: I'm going to object to the leading nature of the question, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Response on leading, Mr. Lauderbach?

MR. LAUDERBACH: I'm just laying the foundation for the document, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. I do think that the leading question is appropriate for the -- the establishment of a foundation. I'll overrule the objection. You may proceed.

MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, I believe I've laid the foundation that these documents have been in Ms. DeLisle's possession until -- since January 6th; that they are the proxy forms that were submitted by registered electors of the State of Michigan in connection with the voting that took place on January 6th.

The ultimate question in this case is who's, you know, who is the Michigan Republican Party? So to say that --well, you hadn't laid a foundation that these are kept in the ordinary course of business of the Michigan Republican Party, that's why we're here. If there is a dispute, she has kept them in the ordinary course of the efforts that have been undertaken to remove Ms. Karamo and bring the matter before this Court.

So I move the admission of Exhibit 8.

MR. CAMPBELL: If I may?

THE COURT: Response, Mr. Campbell? 1 2 MR. CAMPBELL: Yes. Judge, everybody agrees who the Secretary is. Everybody who -- agrees who the Treasurer is. 3 There is a Michigan Republican Party, there's one Michigan Republican Party. There aren't two. 5 There's a dispute as to who is in the Chair from the 6 other side. There's no dispute that the Secretary and 7 Treasurer will testify that Kristina Karamo is the properly 8 elected and the properly serving Chair of the Michigan 9 Republican Party. 10 The mere fact that they dispute that doesn't make 11 them record keepers of the Michigan Republican Party. 12 She's, in fact, said in essence, she doesn't have 13 the authority to be a record keeper of the Party because of 14 her position as the District Chair. She could not serve in 15 any of those offices that would constitute record keepers for 16 this -- for the Michigan GOP. 17 THE COURT: A question, Mr. Campbell. By your read 18 of the bylaws, does the proxy need to be in writing at all? 19 MR. CAMPBELL: I haven't looked at that issue, Your 20 21 Honor. 22 THE COURT: Or Mr. Lauderbach? MR. LAUDERBACH: Well, let's look at the bylaws. 23 24 THE COURT: The two versions you pointed out at (2) 25 do provide for the provision of a proxy. However, I don't see anywhere in here that requires a proxy to be in writing.

MR. LAUDERBACH: I think we've certainly exceeded the minimum standard and performed the best practice of keeping written documents to evidence the proxy. But, no it's not required under the bylaws.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, given the fact that I don't see any bylaws requirement the proxies be in writing, then really what these are being submitted is as evidence that -- at least a facially valid proxy was submitted and that Ms. DeLisle, though admittedly acting as a Pro Tem Secretary, not as the Secretary of the Michigan Republican Party, received those and was able to ascertain validity.

Thus again, I think here the objection goes to the weight of these. Certainly further examination on the validity of these proxies might be appropriate; however, I think that the admission of the proxy forms themselves as, you know, perhaps the best evidence we have available of who gave a proxy is appropriate.

So I'll overrule the objection at this time, the proper foundation having been laid. They may be admitted.

MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you, Your Honor. If I could approach, I'll enter Exhibit 30.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you.

(At 9:40 a.m., Plaintiff's Exhibit 30 admitted)

```
BY MR. LAUDERBACH:
2
         Ms. DeLisle, I believe you said a few minutes ago that there
         were 26 proxies?
3
         I -- I believe so. I -- I can't --
   Α
         45?
5
   Q
6
   Α
         -- I can't remember the exact number at this -- at this
         moment, but --
7
         All right. Why don't we go back to Exhibit 8?
8
   Q
         (Witness complies).
9
   Α
10
         Your notes reflect 45 state committee members, 26 proxies for
         a total of 71?
11
         Correct.
12
   Α
13
   Q
         All right. Do you believe a quorum was present for the
         meeting on January 6th?
14
         Yes.
15
   Α
         At that meeting, was a vote taken or was it -- well, was a
16
         motion made to remove Kristina Karamo as Chair of the Michigan
17
18
         Republican Party?
   Α
         Yes, sir.
19
         All right. Was it seconded?
20
   Q
   Α
         Yes.
21
22
   Q
         The motion's dated?
   Α
         Yes.
23
         Was the question called and voted upon?
24
25
   Α
         Yes.
```

- 1 Q All right. And, what was the outcome of that vote?
- 2 A Kristina Karamo was removed as Chair of the Michigan
- 3 Republican Party.
- 4 Q All right. How many people voted in favor of the removal?
- 5 A I believe it was 40 to 5.
- 6 Q Okay. And, to be clear, did -- did -- were the only people
- 7 that voted those who intend -- attended in person?
- 8 A Yes.
- 9 Q Okay. So proxies were not used in the vote to remove
- 10 Ms. Karamo?
- 11 A No. Proxies were not used. Correct.
- 12 Q All right. Would you turn to Exhibit 11, please?
- 13 A (Witness complies).
- 14 Q Could you identify this document for the Court, please?
- 15 A This is the first three pages are the members of the State
- 16 Committee as of January 6th. And, it lists the members by
- District Committee -- or by District -- by District. And,
- then it has a date, and that was the date that each signed a
- 19 petition to remove Kristina Karamo as an officer and Chair of
- 20 the Michigan Republican State Committee.
- 21 Q All right. Did you see these documents before the January 6th
- 22 meeting started?
- 23 A I did see them.
- 24 Q All right. Did you see these documents being counted?
- 25 A I did.

- Q Who was doing that?
- 2 A Um -- there were two attorneys as well as Co-Chair Malinda
- 3 Pego.
- 4 Q All right. Do these documents appear to be in the condition
- that they were in when you saw them on January 6th?
- 6 A Yes.
- 7 Q All right. Where have these documents been since January 6th?
- 8 A Um -- it's my understanding these were taken by -- by the --
- 9 by an attorney.
- 10 Q So -- someone's physically been in possession of these since
- January 6th?
- 12 A Yes.
- 13 Q You saw them being counted on January 6th?
- 14 A I did.
- 15 Q You -- do you know if these were submitted to the Secretary of
- the Michigan Republican Party?
- 17 A They were.
- 18 Q Okay. When?
- 19 A So the question was asked after the meeting started by Dan
- 20 Hartman, he asked -- he raised the point of -- point of order
- or point of information, and he said that the documents that
- 22 the requisite petitions had not been submitted.
- 23 And, Co-Chair Pego said, yes, they have, and that
- 24 they were submitted to Angela Gillisse and to Kristina and
- 25 copied to herself, Malinda Pego, and they were sent at

1	1:49 p.m.
2	Q All right.
3	MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, I'd move the admission
4	of Exhibit 11, the petitions for the removal of Chair Karamo.
5	THE COURT: THE COURT: And, is it to clarify a
6	little bit here, Mr. Lauderbach, is this the checklist, the
7	kind of checking in these petitions, or the actual underlying
8	petition?
9	MR. LAUDERBACH: It's a combined exhibit that has
10	the checklist on the first three pages with each of the
11	petitions then behind it.
12	THE COURT: All right. Response, Mr. Campbell?
13	MR. CAMPBELL: I have the same objection in terms of
14	the state of the records and what they are purported to be.
15	I do want to ask the witness a question or two, if I
16	may?
17	THE COURT: You may.
18	MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you.
19	VOIR DIRE EXAMINATION
20	BY MR. CAMPBELL:
21	Q Are you aware of any of the do you know who emailed the
22	signed statements as you described at 1:49?
23	A Who emailed them?
24	Q Yes.
25	A It's my understanding that Matt DePerno emailed them.

- 1 Q Matt De -- DePerno is not a State Committee member; is that
- 2 correct?
- 3 A That is correct.
- 4 Q And, he mailed the -- emailed them on January 6th; correct?
- 5 A Yes.
- 6 Q And, that was the date of the meeting; correct?
- 7 A Yes.
- 8 Q And, you would have been the person to check those signatures
- 9 as well and verification?
- 10 A No. That was not my job.
- 11 Q Okay. You did no credentialing for that? Correct?
- 12 A No.
- 13 Q Did you do any credentialing for the people who were there at
- 14 the meeting?
- 15 A Can you define what you mean by credentialing?
- 16 Q Okay. As a person who has served as a Secretary and claims to
- 17 have been serving as a Secretary Pro Tem, do you not know what
- a credential is?
- 19 A I do know what a credential is. I just want to make sure I
- 20 understand your use of the word credential.
- 21 Q What do you understand the word credential to be?
- 22 A That's what I'm asking you, sir.
- 23 Q Yeah, but --
- MR. CAMPBELL: -- pardon me, Judge, I believe in law
- school I learned I get to ask the questions.

- THE COURT: I think that's correct. I think she's
- asking for a restatement or a clarification of the question.
- I'll allow you to rephrase it, Mr. Campbell.
- 4 MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you.
- 5 BY MR. CAMPBELL:
- 6 Q Do you know what credentialing is, as a Secretary at the
- 7 Michigan Republican Party?
- 8 A I do.
- 9 Q Okay. What is it?
- 10 A So when you check in for a meeting, they verify that you are
- 11 the person that you say you are.
- 12 Q Okay. Who does that?
- 13 A A volunteer.
- 14 Q Okay. Is it overseen by anybody?
- 15 A I've never seen anyone oversee that process.
- 16 Q Did you oversee the process in any way, shape, or form on
- January 6th?
- 18 A I did not.
- 19 Q Okay. If you wanted to know who did that job on January 6th,
- who would it be?
- 21 A Are you -- may I ask a question?
- 22 Q Yes.
- 23 A Are you asking about those who came to the meet -- meeting?
- 24 O I'm ask --
- 25 A Or are you asking about those who submitted forms?

- 1 Q Thank you. Is there any credentialing done for those who 2 submitted forms?
 - A I would say, yes.

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 4 Q Okay. What credentialing is done for them?
- Direct phone calls and emails were made to those who signed 5 Α 6 the petitions. And, there were people who called directly to the numbers that were known to them that -- as an example, I 7 would call and say, is this you know, Jon -- Jon Lauderbach? 8 This is Ann DeLisle. I'm a member of the State Committee as 9 are you. You know, this is what's going on. Would you like 10 to sign the petition? There was typically a lengthy 11 conversation. 12

But it was known to both who the other was. And, the one who was being asked to sign the petition was sent a PDF or a DocuSign, and then the State Committee member made the decision as to whether or not they would sign the DocuSign or sign in their own hand and submit a PDF.

- What you've described to me, I understand is solicitation, not credentialing. There was an active effort to seek out certain signatures for the petition; correct?
- A Could you ask the question again, please?
 - MR. CAMPBELL: I'd request that it be re-read if that's possible?

THE COURT: We'd have to replay it because this is an electronic courtroom. Why don't you just restate it as

```
1
         best you can recall?
2
                   MR. CAMPBELL: As best as I can recall.
                                                             Somebody
         recorded it probably here.
3
   BY MR. CAMPBELL:
4
         There was a -- an effort that you're aware of to solicit
5
   Q
6
         signatures for the petition; correct?
   Α
         I don't know that I would say solicit. I don't know that I
7
         would use that word, but there were definitely many
8
         conversations. If I could --
9
         Му --
10
   Q
         -- clarify, sir?
   Α
11
         Yes, please.
12
   Q
         So in a -- in a political group or a political party, any time
13
   Α
         that you are asking a question, you typically whip the vote.
14
         And, so that's a very normal thing in a political group.
15
         You've looked at the signatures on the petition; correct?
16
17
   Α
         Yes.
         In the Proposed Exhibit. You've also -- you're aware of the
18
         signatures that were necessary in order to call the Special
19
         Meeting, that you say took place on January 6th; correct?
20
               The signatures that were reflected on -- are you
21
   Α
22
         referring to the December 2nd signatures?
         Yes -- well, yes, I am as a matter of fact. Yes, so you're
23
24
         aware of that; right?
25
   Α
         Yes.
```

- Do you know how many signatures were on the petitions as of
 the date of the original Special Meeting? Because that wasn't

 December 31st or it wasn't January 6th, it was December 27th;

 correct?
- 5 A There was no meeting called for December 27th.
- 6 Q So you're saying there was never an expectation for a meeting on December 27th?
- 8 A It's my understanding of the word expectation and called in 9 the sense of calling a meeting are two separate things, sir.
 - Q Okay. But you're aware that there was a plan for a meeting on December 27th; correct?
- 12 A I --

11

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, are we still voir diring on Exhibit 30?
- THE WITNESS: -- it that was -- I think that was -
 THE COURT: Let me get the answer. Well, I want to
 hear a response on the question first. How is this related or
 relevant to the admission of Number 30?
- MR. CAMPBELL: So, where I'm going to, Judge, you can do a comparison because you already have at least one of those exhibits in front of you. There's signatures for the meeting to take place, and then there are, of course, signatures for the removal.
- And, what you're going to find is that the signatures for the removal don't line up with the signatures

for the meeting to take place. And, in fact, even from the original date of the meeting on the 27th, we haven't stipulated to exhibits, I believe, on that, that I can give you. They didn't have enough signatures so they're moving things along. What I want to say is that these things don't -- don't line up. They should have had the signatures that they needed in order to call the Special Meeting and they didn't do that.

So -- but she had testified -- that's more cross-examination, so I acknowledge that.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Yeah, I think we got a little bit afield of where we should be on the admission of the exhibit here. I'll steer back to you, Mr. Lauderbach, on admission.

MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, I'm going to move the admission of Exhibit 11.

THE COURT: All right. And, 11 as I understand it, is a checklist of original documents received. Some of them in PDF form, some of them in a DocuSign format, which the Supreme Court has allowed us to, you know, utilize as a verified electronic signature at least for court filings. I'm not sure how that would hold up under the bylaws.

However, and the cover document appears to be a checklist -- Mr. Lauderbach, are you submitting that as substantive proof that all of these are valid, or are you just

giving me a list so I can make that determination after crossexamination and additional evidence?

MR. LAUDERBACH: I'm submitting the petitions as substantive evidence that the petitions were collected before the meeting began. The checklist -- there will be testimony from another witness about the due diligence process that was employed to verify the signatures and -- and verify good standing of everybody that signed. And, that's what the checklist is for. It's combined into an exhibit.

So for that purpose, you could wait until the next witness to determine the -- the admissibility of the checklist. But the petitions themselves, the witness has testified that these were submitted before the meeting, and tendered to the Secretary in a meeting.

THE COURT: Okay. In other words, these are documents that to some degree the Court could look at and say, well, they speak for themselves. It has a signature or a DocuSign signature on it, and thus make a determination of the validity just as the witness said, that she did. I believe again the objection here goes to weight rather than admissibility.

And, because it's a bench trial, you know, I do believe I'm able to cut through some of the more confusing evidentiary rules here, and weigh those accurately.

So with regard to the petitions only, and I haven't

heard enough about the checklist and its verification yet, but 1 2 the petitions I will allow the admission of at this time as the -- is it Number 30? 3 MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you, Your Honor. And, I may have mis-spoken. I think I called it 30, but --5 THE COURT: Yeah. I've got already a 30 in front of 6 So this is 11? 7 me. 8 MR. LAUDERBACH: Right -- this is 11. THE COURT: Just don't start using roman numerals, 9 Mr. Lauderbach. Thank you. 10 (At 9:55 a.m., Mr. Lauderbach hands Exhibit 11 to 11 the Court) 12 13 (At 9:55 a.m., Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 11 admitted) 14 15 MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you, Your Honor. THE COURT: And, I think I may have the checklist 16 here which we're not going to admit yet as maybe the cover of 17 this thing that -- it looks to me like a checklist. 18 MR. LAUDERBACH: Correct. Right. 19 THE COURT: What I am going to do is I will set that 20 aside as it's not yet admitted. 21 22 MR. LAUDERBACH: Okay. THE COURT: Just to remember for my own purposes 23 24 that it's not, but I will mark the remainder -- Wendy, could

you mark that as 11 for me, please? Plaintiff's 11.

2 MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, Mr. Campbell provided me with his proposed exhibits to which I do not object. And, 3 in his Exhibit S, there is an email that I'd like to show the witness because Exhibit S is a huge exhibit. 5 MR. CAMPBELL: You actually objected to it, but I 6 have no objection -- do you withdraw your objection? And, I 7 think it's --8 9 MR. LAUDERBACH: No. I didn't object to it. (At 9:56 a.m., Mr. Lauderbach conferring with 10 Mr. Campbell) 11 THE COURT: All right. Since Mr. Lauderbach is 12 13 carrying the exhibit up to the witness, and he withdraws his objection to --14 MR. LAUDERBACH: We're trying to find an email in 15 the actual half-inch thick exhibit. 16 17 THE COURT: I understand and I know when preparing for a matter like this, keeping those exhibits straight and 18 what's been discussed and hasn't, is a project in and of 19 itself. It's why we have so many attorneys sitting at counsel 20 So, with that, you may proceed, Mr. Lauderbach. 21 22 MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you. And, we're just trying to locate the witness copy of -- the email from Mr. DePerno. 23 THE COURT: While you're doing that, I'll take a 24

(At 9:55 a.m., Plaintiff's Number 11 marked)

1

25

moment to explain what I meant by electronic courtrooms. Of

course, in -- when I started practicing law, the court reporters sat up here and transcribed every word said by a witness or by the judge in shorthand. And, thus, they were able to recite a question, for example, if asked something along that. It was a moment-by-moment transcript of what occurred in the courtroom.

Since the last 20 years or so, we've adopted, at least in Kent County, electronic courtrooms. They're monitored. You can see the cameras and microphones both at the bench here, counsel table, the witness stand, and also in the jury box so when we impanel a jury. So that we keep an electronic and video record of everything said in the courtroom, which then can be transcribed.

And, then that transcribed record becomes the official record of these proceedings for review at the Michigan Court of Appeals.

So -- and the court rules do allow for either electronic transcription and Wendy White, my judicial clerk who is present today, is a certified electronic transcriptionist, as is Lisa Baird and many others in the courthouse so that we can create a transcript of the proceedings within a timely manner. And, that's what we provide to the Court of Appeals so that they can tell me if I made any errors in my decision-making.

Just for everyone's information on how it all works.

With that, you may continue, Mr. Lauderbach. 1 2 MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you, Your Honor. DIRECT EXAMINATION, CONTINUED 3 BY MR. LAUDERBACH: Ms. DeLisle, I'm just showing you what is the Defendant's 5 6 Exhibit binder. Do you see that email that I marked with a sticker? 7 8 Α I do. What is that? 9 Q 10 Α It's an email from Matthew DePerno, the subject line is signatures. It's dated January 6th, 2024, at 1:49:26 p.m. 11 It is addressed to Kristina Karamo, Secretary Angela Gillisse, 12 13 and Malinda Pego, Co-Chair. All right. Sent to the Secretary of the Michigan Republican 14 Q Party at 1:49 p.m.? 15 Yes, sir. 16 Α 17 All right. What time did the meeting start? Α 1:59 p.m. 18 All right. Let's go back to the petitions that we just got 19 Q admitted as Exhibit 11. Did these documents anywhere say 20 anything about December 27th? 21 22 Α No, sir. Did these documents say I only consent to the use of this 23 petition on December 27th? 24 25 Α No, they do not.

- 1 Q And, at the top, does it say petition requesting that a vote
- 2 be taken to remove Kristina Karamo as an officer of the
- 3 Michigan Republican State Committee?
- 4 A It does.
- 5 Q All right. Thank you. If we go back to Exhibit 8. I just
- 6 want to confirm one thing. The vote that you said -- agenda
- 7 Item 12 was taken off, and Ms. Karamo was voted out as Chair
- 8 of the Michigan Republican Party; correct?
- 9 A Yes.
- 10 Q Forty people voted in favor of that motion?
- 11 A Yes, sir.
- 12 Q And, only those in person voted?
- 13 A Correct.
- 14 Q Okay. It says at the bottom of Page 4 that Kristin Lee
- appointed a proxy and left the meeting?
- 16 A Yes. At 8:24.
- 17 Q Had she already voted at the time she left the meeting?
- 18 A Yes, sir.
- 19 Q All right. Thank you. So 40 people voted in favor of this,
- 20 what was the margin by which it passed?
- 21 A 88.89 percent.
- 22 Q Thank you. What happens under the Michigan Republican Party
- 23 bylaws when the Chair is removed?
- 24 A According to the bylaws, if the Chair is removed, then the Co-
- 25 Chair becomes the Acting Chair.

- 1 Q Would you also turn back to the bylaws Article IV, Section
- 2 (G) (4)?
- 3 A (Witness complies).
- 4 Q What does it say about the removed Chair's eligibility to be
- 5 elected again? Under IV, (G)(4).
- 6 A Selection of successor. In the event of the removal of an
- officer, a successor -- a successor shall be selected at the
- 8 next meeting of the Committee, which meeting shall be in part
- 9 called for that purpose. Upon removal, an officer shall not
- 10 be eligible to become a member of this Committee for the
- remainder of the term of office for which such officer was
- 12 removed.
- 13 Q Okay. And, Ms. Karamo was elected in February of 2023?
- 14 A Correct.
- 15 Q For a term to end when?
- 16 A February, 2025.
- 17 Q All right. Who was the Co-Chair as of January 6th?
- 18 A Malinda Pego.
- 19 Q And, Ms. Pego is one of the Plaintiffs in this case?
- 20 A Yes, sir.
- 21 Q All right. Would you turn to Exhibit 23, please?
- MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, I believe this is a
- 23 stipulated exhibit so you should have 23.
- MR. CAMPBELL: No objection, Your Honor.
- THE COURT: Very well. It may be admitted. You may

```
1
         proceed.
2
                   (At 10:03 a.m., Plaintiff's Exhibit 23 admitted)
   BY MR. LAUDERBACH:
3
         Ms. DeLisle, this is an email dated January 6th at 8:09 p.m.;
         correct?
5
   Α
         Yes. The original email, yes.
6
         All right. Were you copied on this email?
7
         I believe so. I'm just searching for my name. Yes.
8
   Α
         Okay. What time did the meeting end on January 6th?
9
   Α
         Um -- I believe somewhere around 4:00 p.m. I can't remember
10
         the exact time, but it was mid to late afternoon.
11
         Before 8:09 p.m.?
12
   Q
13
   Α
         Yes.
         All right. Were you back at home when you got this email?
14
         I believe so.
15
   Α
         Yeah. Okay. All right. This email is sent by --
16
17
         The email on January 6th was sent by Geyer Balog.
   Α
         And, it also has at the bottom, even though I believe
18
   Q
         Mr. Geyer -- Mr. Balog sent it, it also has Justin Marcum and
19
         Rylee Linting's name at the bottom?
20
   Α
         It does.
21
22
         All right. Is -- and in this email, they claim that they
         signed the petition for a meeting that was to be scheduled on
23
24
         December 27th. Do you see that?
25
   Α
         Yes.
```

- 1 Q And, again, we've already talked about the fact that the
- petitions don't say that, do they?
- 3 A No. The petitions do not say that.
- 4 Q All right. And, it says we were only interested in having a
- 5 vote to end strife and division. Do you see that?
- 6 A Yes.
- 7 Q All right. And, the petition's say at the top, Petition to
- 8 Remove Kristina Karamo as Chair?
- 9 A Yes, sir.
- 10 Q All right. Is this email the first time that you became aware
- that someone was saying, I signed the petition, but I don't
- want it to count?
- 13 A Um -- yes.
- 14 Q Okay. Would you go to Exhibit 12, please?
- 15 A (Witness complies).
- 16 Q After the meeting on -- before we get to the exhibit. After
- 17 the meeting on January 6th, did Ms. Karamo acknowledge her
- 18 removal?
- 19 A No.
- 20 Q Has she at any time, to your knowledge, acknowledged that she
- 21 was removed?
- 22 A No.
- 23 Q All right. All right. Looking at Exhibit 12 --
- MR. LAUDERBACH: -- Your Honor, I believe there's no
- objection to the admission of Exhibit 12.

```
THE COURT: Is that correct, Mr. Maxwell (sic)?
1
2
                   MR. CAMPBELL: Your Honor, there is no objection --
         objection to the admission of Exhibit 12.
3
                   THE COURT: 12 may be admitted. You may proceed,
         Mr. Lauderbach.
5
6
                   (At 10:05 a.m., Plaintiff's Exhibit 12 admitted)
   BY MR. LAUDERBACH:
7
         All right. Ms. DeLisle, what's being communicated in the
8
         email that's Exhibit 12?
9
   Α
         The subject line is Notice of January 13th meeting
10
         cancellation from Malinda Pego.
11
         All right. And, Malinda Pego at the time was the Acting Chair
12
   Q
         of the Michigan Republican Party?
13
   Α
         Yes, sir.
14
         All right. On the second page, does it also refer to the
15
         appointment of Standing Committee Chairs?
16
         Yes, it does.
17
   Α
         Who was appointed to chair the Policy Committee?
18
   Q
   Α
         Andy Sebolt.
19
         All right. And, this was as of January 8th, 2:55 p.m.?
20
         Yes.
21
   Α
22
   Q
         All right. And, would you turn to Exhibit 13, please?
         (Witness complies).
23
   Α
                   MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, I believe there's no
24
25
         objection to 13.
```

MR. CAMPBELL: That's correct, Your Honor. 1 2 objection. THE COURT: Very well. It may be admitted. You may 3 proceed. (At 10:06 a.m., Plaintiff's Exhibit 13 admitted) 5 6 BY MR. LAUDERBACH: Ms. DeLisle, if you look at Exhibit 13, do you see the 7 paragraph at the bottom that says are you -- or I'm sorry, as 9 you are aware? Α Yes. 10 Is this an email from Kristina Karamo dated January 9th at 11 12:13 p.m.? 12 13 Α Yes. It's from Kristina at MIGOP.org. All right. So she's using the email account of the Michigan 14 Republican Party on January 9th? 15 Α Yes. 16 All right. She says -- would you read the sentence that 17 18 starts, as you are aware? As you are aware, at 1:49 p.m. on Saturday, January 6th, 19 54 signatures were sent to the Secretary for individuals who 20 wanted to discuss and vote whether I should remain Chair. 21 22 Okay. The next sentence starts with, Our Secretary needed to validate the signatures. Do you see that? 23 24 Α Yes. 25 Q Is there any requirement under the bylaws that the Secretary

```
validate those signatures?
1
2
   Α
         No, there is not.
         All right. She acknowledges receiving the 1:49 email; right?
3
         Yes, sir.
   Α
         All right. At the top of Page -- well, strike that. Oh, at
5
6
         the top of Page 2, the paragraph starts, With that. Would you
         read that for the Court, please?
7
         With that, the Secretary will add to the agenda by Article IV
8
         of MIGOP bylaws, and vote as to whether or not I will remain
9
         Chair of the Michigan Republican Party at a Special State
10
         Committee Meeting on Saturday, January 13th.
11
         Is this the first time that Ms. Karamo had indicated an
12
   Q
13
         intention to have a vote on her removal at the January 13th
         meeting?
14
         That is correct.
15
   Α
         It is the first time?
16
         That's the first time that I saw.
17
   Α
         All right. Let's go back to her January 16th email,
18
   Q
         Exhibit 6, please.
19
         (Witness complies).
20
   Α
21
   Q
         This is the notice of the January 13th meeting?
22
   Α
         Yes.
         And, the last page is the agenda?
23
         Yes.
24
   Α
         And, to be clear, it does not say anything about the removal
25
   Q
```

```
of the Chair of the Michigan Republican Party?
1
2
   Α
         No, it does not.
         All right. Thank you. Would you turn to Exhibit 14, please.
3
         (Witness complies).
   Α
         What is this?
5
   Q
6
   Α
         This is an email from Secretary@MIGOP.org dated Thursday,
         January 11th at 12:08 p.m., the subject is Updated MRP call to
7
8
         Special Meeting.
9
         All right. She says Chair Karamo has issued an updated Call,
         do you see that?
10
   Α
         Yes.
11
         Is there an updated Call that's purportedly attached to this
12
13
         document?
   Α
         Yes, there is.
14
         All right. Does that appear to correspond to what Ms. Karamo
15
         said about the Secretary adding the agenda item to the Special
16
         Meeting for the 13th?
17
   Α
         It -- it does.
18
         Okay. Do you believe that the January 13th meeting was
19
   Q
         actually held?
20
         There was a meeting held on January 13th.
21
   Α
22
   Q
         All right. How do you know that?
         Um -- so by several different ways. I -- I know some
23
   Α
24
         individuals who personally attended. I was not able to attend
25
         because I had a District event that day, but there was a Zoom
```

- link and I did view a portion of the -- of the meeting through
- 2 the Zoom link.
- 3 Q Okay. Did you become aware after January 13th, that at that
- 4 meeting, you were -- and I'm using air quotes here, "removed
- from the Michigan Republican State Committee"?
- 6 A I was told that.
- 7 Q All right. By whom?
- 8 A I had various people call or text me or email me and say, hey,
- 9 did you know you just got removed?
- 10 Q Okay. Have you seen minutes of the meeting on January 13th?
- 11 A I did see -- I did see some notes.
- 12 Q Okay. Do you -- was the justification for your removal an
- alleged conflict of interest?
- 14 A Yes.
- 15 Q And, have you read the section in the bylaws on conflict of
- 16 interest?
- 17 A I have.
- 18 Q Have you ever received any compensation from a candidate for
- 19 public office?
- 20 A I have never.
- 21 Q All right. If you had, what would the bylaws require you to
- 22 do?
- 23 A The bylaws would require me that I disclose the conflict of
- interest or the receipt. So first off, it has to be over
- 25 \$500. So at that point, that I have to notify the Compliance

- Officer within 30 to 90 days, that I have a conflict of
- 2 interest.
- 3 Q And, what would the Compliance Officer then do under the
- 4 bylaws?
- 5 A I don't recall without --
- 6 Q Well, let's go back and look at Article III (M).
- 7 A (Witness complies).
- 8 \mathbb{Q} If you go to III (M)(9) on Page 10.
- 9 A Determination of Violation.
- 10 Q What does the Compliance Officer do with the --
- 11 A Okay. The -- the Compliance Officer appointed in
- sub-section 6 above, either after receiving a complaint or
- 13 utilizing his or her own discretion, will make a
- 14 recommendation to the Policy Committee whether or not a
- violation of this section has occurred.
- 16 The Policy Committee in turn shall make a
- recommendation to this Committee whether or not a violation of
- this section has occurred. Thereafter whether or not a
- 19 violation of this section has been committed, shall be
- 20 determined by a 66-2/3 percent vote of the regular members of
- 21 this Committee.
- 22 Q Okay. You never received any compensation from a candidate
- for public office?
- 24 A No, sir.
- 25 Q Was there any disclosure that you were required to make under

the bylaws that you didn't make? 1 No. Because I did not have a conflict of interest. 2 Α Was there ever a complaint to your knowledge to the Compliance 3 Officer? Not that I'm aware of. 5 Α At any time prior to January 13th, were you aware that anyone 6 Q suggested that you had a conflict of interest? 7 8 Α No, sir. All right. And, turning back to Exhibit 6. 9 Α (Witness complies). 10 The agenda for the -- in the notice of the January 13th 11 meeting. Does it say remove Anne DeLisle because of her 12 conflict of interest? 13 No, sir. Α Did the updated "agenda's" on the 9th or the 11th talk about 15 removing Anne -- Anne DeLisle because of an alleged conflict 16 of interest? 17 I did not see that on the agendas. 18 MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, I may be close to done 19 if you can just give me a minute to kind of go through some of 20 my notes here. 21 22 THE COURT: You may do so. MR. LAUDERBACH: Done with this witness, by the way. 23 24 I didn't mean done, done. But --25 THE COURT: I didn't ever anticipate that,

1	Mr. Lauderbach.
2	(At 10:14 a.m., Mr. Lauderbach going through notes)
3	BY MR. LAUDERBACH:
4	Q Oh, would you turn to Exhibit 16, please.
5	MR. CAMPBELL: Was that 16, Counsel?
6	MR. LAUDERBACH: 16.
7	MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you.
8	MR. LAUDERBACH: And, I believe this is a a
9	stipulated exhibit, Your Honor.
10	THE COURT: Okay. And, you know, just to backtrack.
11	MR. LAUDERBACH: Oh, I'm sorry. It's it's not
12	stipulated.
13	THE COURT: Okay. That's 16, not stipulated. Did
14	you admit 14?
15	MR. LAUDERBACH: I believe 14 was not objected to.
16	THE COURT: I know we heard testimony
17	MR. CAMPBELL: There is no objection to 14. I don't
18	know that he moved for it. There is no objection.
19	THE COURT: Okay. Just in case we didn't previously
20	admit it, it may be admitted without objection at this time.
21	You may proceed, Counsel.
22	(At 10:15 a.m., Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 14
23	admitted)
24	MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you, Your Honor.
25	

BY MR. LAUDERBACH: 2 Q Ms. DeLisle, what is Exhibit 16, please? Α This is a email -- a forwarded email from Malinda Pego, Acting 3 Chair, dated Thursday, January 11th, and the subject is called Special Meeting for election of MRP officers, Chair and 5 6 General Counsel. Okay. Did you receive this email? 7 I did. 8 Α All right. Do you have any reason to think that this is not a 9 -- an email from Malinda Pego for the stated purposes? 10 I have no reason to believe that. 11 MR. LAUDERBACH: All right. Your Honor, I'd move 12 the admission of Exhibit 16. 13 THE COURT: Any objection Exhibit 16, Mr. Campbell? 14 MR. CAMPBELL: May I briefly Voir dire? 15 THE COURT: You may. 16 VOIR DIRE EXAMINATION 17 BY MR. CAMPBELL: 18 You indicated that there was a vote regarding your removal on 19 January 13th; you learned of that; correct? 20 I learned of that. 21 Α 22 Q Was there a vote concerning Ms. Pego also? That you learned? I have been informed of that. Α 23 24 And, it was for removal, also; correct? 25 Α That is what I've been told.

Q If that's effective, that's an if, if that's effective, this 1 2 would not be a Michigan GOP proper communication; correct? If that is effective. 3 Α Thank you. MR. CAMPBELL: With that, Your Honor, I think we 5 6 should hold to the end of the proofs for admission. Fully, I understand if you want it to be published to you in your 7 consideration will be in light of that. Thank you. 8 THE COURT: You know, I think the fact that we need 9 further proofs does indicate that the objection goes primarily 10 to the weight and the legitimacy of the email. However, I do 11 think that the witness can authenticate it because she -- that 12 she actually received the email, that it is what it purports 13 to be, that is an email -- I'm not ruling on the 14 qualifications, of course, of the sender at this time. 15 simply that Ms. DeLisle actually received it and can 16 authenticate it. 17 I will admit it at this time subject to further 18 cross-examination on its weight. 19 MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you, Your Honor. 20 (At 10:16 a.m., Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 16 21 22 admitted)

66

MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you, Your Honor.

23

24

DIRECT EXAMINATION, CONTINUED 1 2 BY MR. LAUDERBACH: And, before we get into this exhibit, Ms. DeLisle, let's go 3 back to Exhibit 6. The notice of the January 13th meeting. (Witness complies). 5 Α Does it say anything about the removal of Malinda Pego as Co-6 Q Chair? 7 8 Α No, sir. All right. And, Robert's Rules of Order, which are applicable 9 to the Michigan Republican Party, say that you can't take up a 10 matter at a Special Meeting that's not provided for in the 11 notice of the meeting; correct? 12 13 Α Correct. All right. Thank you. Did you attend the meeting that was 14 called by Malinda Pego on January 20th? 15 Α I did. 16 17 All right. Thank you. 18 MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, can I have like a fiveminute break to confer with my co-counsel? 19 THE COURT: Yeah. I think that would be appropriate 20 at this time. Let's take a five-minute break. We'll stand in 21 22 recess at 10:25 --MR. CAMPBELL: If -- if I may, Your Honor? 23 24 THE COURT: Yeah. Go ahead. 25 MR. CAMPBELL: I'll probably ask for slightly longer

```
before I begin -- so we may take a -- like a --
1
2
                   THE COURT: We'll take a ten-minute break. I'll be
         that generous today. And, at 10:30, we'll reconvene with
3
         Ms. DeLisle.
                   MR. LAUDERBACH: I'm not done -- I'm not passing the
5
         witness yet. I just wanted to be clear about that.
6
                   MR. CAMPBELL: You're getting close, though; right?
7
                   THE COURT: Very good. See you at 10:30.
8
                   MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you.
9
                   (At 10:18 a.m., break taken)
10
                   (At 10:31 a.m., hearing reconvened)
11
                   THE CLERK: All rise, please.
12
13
                   THE COURT: Thank you. Please be seated. We are
         back on the record at this time in the case of Pego, et al
14
         versus Karamo.
15
                   Mr. Lauderbach, you may proceed.
16
                   MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you, Your Honor.
17
   BY MR. LAUDERBACH:
18
         Ms. DeLisle, you attended the January 20th meeting?
19
   Q
         I did.
20
   Α
         All right. Did you take minutes?
21
   Q
22
   Α
         I did.
         All right. Did you function at that meeting much the same way
23
24
         you functioned at the January 20th meeting?
25
   Α
         I did. Right.
```

MR. LAUDERBACH: All right. Your Honor, understanding that Mr. Campbell may have an objection to Exhibit 17, he may want to voir dire -- we have -- that's not in your binder yet. It is the minutes that were taken in the same fashion as the -- the January 6th meeting.

THE COURT: Mr. Campbell?

MR. CAMPBELL: I have the same objections, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. And, to clarify, you weren't -- at the time of the January 20th meeting, you weren't acting as -- well, did you have an official office in your mind that had transpired at that time?

THE WITNESS: If I understand your correction -- or you question correctly, I was just serving as Secretary Pro
Tem again. Angela Gillisse is still the elected Secretary,
but she did not attend the meeting. So I served as Secretary
Pro Tem.

THE COURT: And, who appointed you as the Secretary Pro Tem?

THE WITNESS: Um -- so prior to the meeting, Co-Chair Pego -- acting Chair Pego, asked me to serve again.

And, the -- the night before, she asked me if I would do it again, and I said that I would, and then there was a motion made on the floor to -- to appoint me as Secretary Pro Tem, and the State Committee members elected me -- or, you know,

not elected me, but selected me, appointed me to serve as Secretary Pro Tem.

THE COURT: Okay. And, these are the notes that you took in that capacity?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: And, have they been, as far as you know, adopted, certified by a subsequent meeting of the Committee?

THE WITNESS: They have not because we have not had another called State Committee meeting to do so.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Any further questions, Mr. Lauderbach?

MR. LAUDERBACH: No, Your Honor. They're offered for the same purposes -- to the same extent as the minutes of the January 6th meeting, recognizing that they haven't yet been -- been adopted. But they reflect the contemporaneous notes taken by Ms. DeLisle at the time of the -- the time of the meeting.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Campbell?

MR. CAMPBELL: In addition to being an admission of essentially a recorded recollection, without proper foundation, which I've already made. The issue of Ms. Pego's ability to appoint her as the person given, at least as you've heard, testimony of her removal on January 13th, as well as the removal, in fact, of the witness.

So with all those things there, I'd ask that it only

be admitted at least at this point, temporarily, until the full evidence is in, and I can be allowed to renew my motion.

THE COURT: You know, certainly I understand the objection and, again, I think that just by the nature of these proceedings, the objection here, is -- well, this is an official document or it's not. Official documents, of course, are routinely admitted under business records or official records exception to hearsay. And, are self-authenticating to some degree by the court rules.

However, these are minutes that were taken more or less in the same manner as an official document would be. But the Court is aware that at the very core of the dispute here is a dispute over whether or not Ms. Pego and -- and thereby Ms. DeLisle acting as the Secretary Pro Tem were in official positions and able to take official minutes of party meetings at that point.

So subject to that objection, which I will maintain goes to the weight to be accorded the exhibit, not necessarily its admissibility, I will allow the admission of the exhibit at this time.

MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you, Your Honor. If I can approach, I'll present this.

THE COURT: You may. Thank you.

(At 10:35 a.m., Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 17

admitted)

```
BY MR. LAUDERBACH:
```

- 2 Q Ms. DeLisle, looking at Exhibit 17, the top third of the page,
- what happened at 10 -- 10:55 a.m.?
- A At 10:55 a.m., a motion was made by Dan Lawles, and seconded
- by Bill Rauwerdink to appoint Ann DeLisle as Secretary Pro
- 6 Tem. There was no discussion. A voice vote was taken and the
- 7 vote was unanimous.
- 8 Q All right. Was there a quorum present for this meeting?
- 9 A Yes, sir.
- 10 Q All right. Was a motion made to elect a new Chair of the
- 11 Michigan Republican Party?
- 12 A Yes, sir.
- 13 Q Who did that? Was the motion seconded, presented to the
- 14 Committee and voted upon?
- 15 A It was. And, it was --
- 16 Q I'm sorry.
- 17 A -- I'm just looking for -- here it is. Okay. So each of the
- candidates completed a candidate form, and the candidates
- 19 presented themselves and we voted.
- 20 Q Who was elected?
- 21 A Pete Hoekstra, Ambassador Hoekstra.
- 22 Q Thank you. Ms. DeLisle, as the 8th Congressional District
- Chair, do you have a role in the upcoming Congressional
- 24 caucuses on March 2nd?
- 25 A I do.

- Q And, what is that, please?
- 2 A So as the Chair, I work with the counties and the delegates
- who are elected to go to the District Caucus. I run the
- 4 District Caucus. And then I turn in, you know, the District
- 5 Caucuses select the National Delegates that will go to the
- 6 National Convention. So conduct that and then turn those
- 7 results over to the lawful State Party.
- 8 | Q Okay. As we sit here today, Ms. Karamo still believes she's
- 9 the Chair of the Michigan Republican Party?
- 10 A She does.
- 11 O Or asserts that?
- 12 A Yes.
- 13 Q As we sit here, Ambassador Hoekstra believes that he was
- properly elected as the Chair on January 20th?
- 15 A Correct.
- 16 Q Okay. So is it -- there's a disagreement?
- 17 A Yes.
- 18 Q How is that affecting you?
- 19 A There's tremendous confusion across the State. And, it does
- 20 not just affect the --
- 21 MR. CAMPBELL: I'm going to object, Your Honor, to
- 22 the response about what's going on in the State. That's
- hearsay. The question was to you, I admit that's not hearsay.
- 24 But I think already the response is far afield from the
- 25 question.

THE COURT: All right. I agree with the objection, Mr. Campbell. You're getting into a bit of a narrative answer there, Ms. DeLisle. If you would restrict your answer to the impact on yourself rather than what others have shared with you.

You may proceed with your answer.

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. So there is confusion expressed to myself --

MR. CAMPBELL: Objection, Your Honor. Again, same

THE COURT: Yeah. I guess the proper or at least the question as I understood it from Mr. Lauderbach is, were you, yourself confused by the situation.

THE WITNESS: I myself am not confused, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. And, that's because I anticipate you believe the proper steps have been taken, and you are recognizing as you just testified, that Ambassador Hoekstra is the Chair of the Republican Party and the Committee at this time. Thus it hasn't been confusing to you, that confusion has been your experience in working with others?

THE WITNESS: Correct.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, I think that's about the extent of the confusion testimony we're going to get from Ms. DeLisle, unless you have another question, Mr. Lauderbach?

MR. LAUDERBACH: I do.

```
BY MR. LAUDERBACH:
2
         How many members are there on the 8th Congressional District
         Committee?
3
         Um -- for State Committee or District Committee?
   Α
         On the 8th District Committee?
5
   Q
6
   Α
         So there's 25 members. And, that's comprised of four
         officers, six State Committee members, plus myself, and
7
         15 District Committee members.
8
         And, as part of your role as the Chair of the 8th
9
10
         Congressional District Committee, do you routinely interact or
         liaison with the Chairs of the County Republican Parties in --
11
         that are covered by the 8th District?
12
13
   Α
         I do.
         And, what are those counties?
14
         Um -- Bay, Genesee, Midland, and Saginaw and -- we have a
15
         small portion of Tuscola, but there's no precinct delegates in
16
         Tuscola in that precinct.
17
         All right. Has the disagreement between Ms. Karamo and
18
         Ambassador Hoekstra or the -- the respective camps, if you
19
         will, disrupted your ability to effectively carry on the role
20
         of 8th Congressional District Chair?
21
22
   Α
         Yes.
         How?
23
   Q
24
         So three of the counties, Bay, Genesee and Midland communicate
25
         with me and acknowledge me as the District Chair.
```

```
County does not.
1
2
   Q
         They don't even recognize your election as 8th Congressional
         District Chair?
3
         No longer.
   Α
         Okay. Is your involvement in the political process important
5
6
         to you?
   Α
         Yes.
7
         You take it seriously?
8
         I do.
9
   Α
         Do you enjoy it?
10
         Most times.
11
   Α
         (Laughs). Are you enjoying being here today?
12
    Q
13
   Α
         (No response).
         That's not a fair question. But in part in your view is your
14
         engagement in the political process is very important; fair?
15
         It is very important to me.
16
   Α
         All right. Do you take your obligations under the bylaws of
17
18
         the Michigan Republican Party seriously?
         I do.
   Α
19
         All right. Do you expect others to follow the bylaws?
20
   Α
         I do.
21
22
         Do you believe that it's important for members of the
         organization to follow the bylaws to be respectful of the
23
24
         interests and -- and rights of others?
25
   Α
         I do.
```

- 1 Q How does the failure to follow -- strike that. Do you still
- 2 receive emails from Ms. Karamo?
- 3 A I receive emails from Ms. Karamo that she sends out to
- 4 Precinct Delegates and Republicans in general. She no longer
- sends me emails that are addressed to the State Committee.
- 6 Q Okay. Do they -- do the emails that you receive come from an
- 7 email account or a domain, if you will, of the Michigan
- 8 Republican Party?
- 9 A Yes.
- 10 Q Does she identify herself as the Chair in those
- 11 communications?
- 12 A She does.
- 13 Q Okay. Do you believe that that undermines the work of the
- 14 actual Michigan Republican Party?
- 15 A I do.
- 16 Q Okay. Do you believe that you have a right to be on the State
- 17 Central Committee?
- 18 A I do.
- 19 Q To attend meetings called by the Chair of the Michigan
- 20 Republican Party?
- 21 A Yes.
- 22 Q To not have competing meetings called by someone else?
- 23 A Yes.
- 24 Q All right. Do you believe there can only be one Michigan
- 25 Republican Party?

A Yes.

2 Q All right.

MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, we have one -- I want to do some housekeeping on the exhibits. Except as to the Exhibits that Mr. Campbell objected to, we have an agreement on Exhibit 1; 2 I've withdrawn; 3; there is no 4; 5; 6; 7; 8; 9 -- I'm sorry, not 9; 11 subject to the Court's ruling; 12 --

MR. CAMPBELL: If -- if I may, Counsel?

MR. LAUDERBACH: Yeah.

MR. CAMPBELL: I believe you've given the book already in front of the Judge, he might be better off to read the numbers that are in his book, and I'll stipulate to those.

I mean --

MR. LAUDERBACH: Yeah. My point is there are some exhibits that I have not called -- we might call this witness or another witness to testify to because she can't stipulate to them. So I just want to make sure that they're all in.

MR. CAMPBELL: In fact, I -- if the Judge himself, whether you want to make a record of the numbers that are in your book, those are the ones I have agreed to and I appreciate Counsel's efforts pre-hearing to go over that and have this part of the thing go so smoothly.

THE COURT: Believe me, I appreciate it as well because, you know, it's a chore to keep track of which ones are formally admitted. My recollection and record -- notes up

here at the bench are the same as Mr. Lauderbach's for now. 1 2 Why don't you finish up your list, Mr. Lauderbach, and I'll tell you if it disagrees. 3 MR. LAUDERBACH: All right. Where did I leave off? THE COURT: You know, in fact, Mr. Lauderbach, we 5 don't even have to do this necessarily, particularly with 6 regard to the stipulated exhibits with this witness. We can 7 8 just do that in a sidebar at some point as well. MR. LAUDERBACH: Perfect. There is one remaining 9 exhibit that I'd like to -- to lay a foundation for. 10 BY MR. LAUDERBACH: 11 And that's Exhibit 34. If you could turn to Exhibit 34, 12 13 please. Are you aware that the controversy between Ms. Karamo and Mr. Hoekstra -- Ambassador Hoekstra was presented to the 14 Republican National Committee? 15 I am. 16 Α 17 And, you -- are you aware that the Republican National Committee made a decision in that dispute on or about 18 February 14th? 19 I am. Α 20 21 Q What is Exhibit 34, please? 22 Α Exhibit 34 --MR. CAMPBELL: I'm going to object, Your Honor, 23 24 because 34 is a document that she cannot authenticate. It's

not relevant and this is the wrong witness to even try and

25

- bring it in. 1 2
 - THE COURT: Response, Mr. Lauderbach?
- BY MR. LAUDERBACH: 3
- How did you receive this document? Q
- It was emailed to me. 5 Α

this document.

- By whom? 6 Q
- I'm trying to recall. There were several people who emailed 7 it. The first -- the first email I received is actually a text message, and it was a news story from the New York Times, 9 announcing that the RNC had made this decision, had issued 10
- All right. And, this document was sent to you thereafter? 12 Q
- 13 Α Yes.

11

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- All right. Do you have any reason to believe that this is not 14 the decision of the Republican National Committee? 15
- I do not. 16
 - MR. LAUDERBACH: All right. Your Honor, this is being offered for a limited purpose -- I'm not offering it to prove what the decision was. There's going to be later testimony about the effect of people misrepresenting their affiliation with a political party. That is all -- that is the only purpose for which this is being offered. It's up to the Court to make the decision about this lawsuit.
 - And, again, I'm not offering -- I'm not going to argue that the RNC decision is binding on this Court.

through other witnesses going to ask them about the impact of 1 2 a Federal Criminal Statute on falsely asserting that you're affiliated with a political party. 3 So that's the only reason for which this exhibit is offered. 5 THE COURT: I see. It sounds like it is, however, a 6 matter that we should take up with a subsequent witness. 7 don't think that Ms. DeLisle is going to be able to 8 authenticate that for you or lay the proper foundation. 9 So I'll uphold the objection and deny the admission 10 of 34 at this time. 11 MR. LAUDERBACH: Okay. That's all I have. 12 Thank 13 you. Cross-examination, Mr. Campbell? 14 MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you. 15 CROSS-EXAMINATION 16 BY MR. CAMPBELL: 17 I'm going to start where Counsel just sort of ended. Have you 18 Q had any conversations with Mr. Lauderbach about violations of 19 a Federal Statute because you're claiming to be a member of a 20 committee that you were removed from? 21 22 MR. LAUDERBACH: Objection, privilege. He just asked her if she's talked to her lawyer. That's -- that --23 first of all -- law school (inaudible - someone coughs) --24 25 concerns about privilege.

MR. CAMPBELL: If there's an objection, I'll move on. But I can ask a question, Judge.

THE COURT: All right. I think that's an objection on privilege.

MR. LAUDERBACH: It sure is.

THE COURT: Is there any -- well, and I guess a fair question here is, Ms. DeLisle, as far as you're concerned for purposes of today, is Mr. Lauderbach your attorney for purposes of this hearing?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Okay. All right then. I do believe that inquiring into any conversation between the two would be privileged. I will uphold the objection subject to any further foundation you're able to establish on the matter, Mr. Campbell.

Just as a note before you continue, Mr. Campbell, I do note that several people have cell phones in the courtroom. I do permit the possession of cell phones in the courtroom, and also non-disruptive use if you're responding to a text or something of that nature of cell phones in the courtroom.

One thing, however, that's not permitted is the recording of the proceedings by any means. Our local rule says that the only way that these proceedings are to be recorded is by our electronic courtroom system that I described to you earlier.

So I would please ask that if anyone in the gallery 1 2 refrain from recording these proceedings so as we don't have two competing records is the simple reasoning behind that. 3 So with that, you may continue, Mr. Campbell. MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you. 5 6 BY MR. CAMPBELL: Ms. DeLisle, do you have a set of the exhibits that are marked 7 before you by me -- the Plaintiff's (sic) exhibits, they begin 9 with letters, A, B, C, D. Α Yes. This is that binder. 10 Okay. We're going to start with that binder. We'll end up 11 coming back to Mr. Lauderbach's at some point. But let's 12 13 start with that, if you don't mind. MR. CAMPBELL: And, Judge, I believe you have the 14 Judge's copy of my exhibits? 15 THE COURT: I only have this one binder up here at 16 this moment, in front of me, Mr. Campbell. 17 MR. CAMPBELL: Give me a moment. 18 THE COURT: I'll be glad to receive yours or a 19 stack, however you have them organized. 20 MR. CAMPBELL: Am I correct, Counsel, D is the only 21 22 one that you objected to? (At 10:49 a.m., discussion between Mr. Lauderbach 23 24 and Mr. Campbell) 25 MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you. May I approach?

```
THE COURT: You may.
1
2
                   MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you, Your Honor.
                   THE COURT: And, thank you.
3
                   (At 10:49 a.m., Mr. Campbell hands documents to
                   Court)
5
6
   BY MR. CAMPBELL:
         I'd like you to turn to Exhibit B in your binder.
7
8
   Α
         Is that B as in boy?
         B as in boy, yes. Let me know when you're there.
9
   Α
         Yes, sir.
10
         This is -- do you recognize this as the bylaws that were in
11
         effect in December of 2023? Correct?
12
        Um --
13
   Α
                   MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, I think that the bylaws
14
15
         are A.
                   MR. CAMPBELL: Okay. I apologize.
16
17
                   THE WITNESS: So these are the bylaws that went into
18
         effect and as amended December 3rd, 2022.
   BY MR. CAMPBELL:
19
         And, for the record, this is a binder that you have, it has A
20
         through X as exhibits; correct?
21
22
   Α
         Yes, sir.
                   MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you. Judge, I would move for
23
24
         admission, Plaintiff's (sic) Proposed Exhibits A through X.
25
         I believe there's a stipulation.
```

```
MR. LAUDERBACH: No objection to A through X.
1
2
                   THE COURT: A through X may be admitted. You may
3
         proceed.
                   MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you.
                   (Defendant's Exhibits A through X admitted)
5
6
   BY MR. CAMPBELL:
         I'd like you to turn to Page 15 of the bylaws. When you're
7
         there, please let me know.
8
9
   Α
         Okay.
         You should have before you a page that begins, Article VI with
10
         the Roman Numeral VI; correct?
11
         Yes.
12
   Α
13
   Q
         Meetings, correct?
   Α
         Yes.
14
         If you go to Section C, as in Cat --
15
   Α
         Yes.
16
17
         -- you'll see that there's a section that says quorum;
18
         correct?
   Α
         Yes.
19
         And, it says a majority of the total membership of a committee
20
         present in person or by proxy shall constitute a quorum.
21
22
         you see that?
   Α
         Yes.
23
         Let's break that down. That doesn't mean a majority of the
24
25
         folks who show up. That means a majority of the total
```

```
membership; correct?
1
2
   Α
         That first phrase means -- that would be what I understand
         that to mean, the first phrase.
3
         Correct. And, so you were asked on direct examination how
         many members are there of the Michigan Republican Party;
5
6
         correct?
   Α
7
         Yes.
         Let's go back to December of 2023 for that because we know
8
         there's been different meetings and different folks removed
9
         for different purposes at different times since then; correct?
10
         Yes.
11
   Α
         Thank you. So in December of 2023, you would agree with me
12
         that there were 107 possible members of the Michigan
13
         Republican Party? Correct?
14
         Yes.
15
   Α
         And, you would agree with me there was one seat that was
16
         vacant?
17
   Α
         Yes.
18
         And, that would leave us with 106?
19
   Q
   Α
         Yes.
20
         I'm not going to make you do the math. I'll believe you and
21
   Q
22
         if you disagree with me, let me know. 54 is a majority of
         106; correct?
23
24
   Α
         Yes.
25
    Q
         You understand 53 would be even, an even split of 106; right?
```

- But a majority of the total membership, at least in December
- of 2023 would be 54; correct?
- 3 A I believe so.
- 4 Q Yeah. It's a bare majority, but that would be a majority;
- 5 correct?
- 6 A I think so.
- 7 Q Do you need a moment just to do the math in your head? I
- 8 don't want you to think that you're being misled of what a
- 9 majority is of 106.
- 10 A I got it.
- 11 Q Okay. It -- double 54 would be 108; right? There's no way to
- get to 107 except through halves and as you pointed out to
- your counsel, there are no halves or thirds of people; right?
- 14 A Right.
- 15 Q Okay. So we're agreed 54 is the majority of the total
- membership to make a quorum for a meeting; correct?
- 17 A Yes.
- 18 Q And, it says, present in person or by proxy. Correct?
- 19 A Yes.
- 20 Q And, you know what a proxy is; correct?
- 21 A Yes.
- 22 Q It's the same as it always has been in the Republican Party
- since you've been going to meetings; correct?
- 24 A Yes.
- 25 Q It says shall constitute a quorum to transact all the business

- of the committee. Do you see that? 2 Α Yes. You understand that to mean in a regular meeting, if you have 3 quorum which would have been 54 in December of 2023, you can conduct regular business of the GOP; correct? 5 6 Α Yes. And, what would you need of a vote to conduct the regular 7 business of the GOP at such a meeting? It would be a majority of the 54; correct? Or is it a majority of those present as 9 opposed to proxies? 10 Well, the -- the bylaws states that the total membership -- a 11 majority of the total membership is made present in person or 12 13 by proxy, shall constitute a quorum to transact all business except where the action is made that requires a larger number. 14 But -- so if I understand your question, a quorum means 54. 15 By -- in person or by proxy; correct? 16 17 Α Correct. Is there any limit to the number of proxies a person can 18 bring? 19
- 20 A Yes.
- 21 Q What is that limit?
- 22 A So you cannot appoint a proxy for a District Chair. And, you also cannot appoint a proxy for an RNC member, a RNC National
 24 Committee man or committee woman. Nor can you promote -25 promote or nor can you -- anyone appoint proxy other than --

- so let me rephrase. The only people who can serve, who can
 appoint their own proxy, are a District Chair or a Vice Chair,

 Co-Chair officer, et cetera. So somebody else cannot appoint
 that proxy.
- A District Chair or other members of the

 Congressional District can appoint proxies from their

 Congressional District by --
- 8 Q Is that a cannot or a can?
- 9 A Can.
- 10 Q Thank you.
- 11 A Up to six.
- Q Okay. So let me ask it this way. What's the most -- the highest number of proxies that you're aware of a member to be able to bring to a meeting?
- 15 A If it's the District Chair, 6. If it's a State Committee 16 member, themselves plus 5.
- Q Okay. And, if I'm just a regular committee member, how many can I bring?
- 19 A 5.
- Q So I've asked you questions all the way up to where it says,
 constitute a quorum to transact all business of the committee,
 and then it says except; right?
- 23 A Um-hmm. Yes.
- Q And, there it says -- it talks about where the committee -where the action of the committee requires a larger number of

- 1 members as specially set forth in these bylaws. Do you
- 2 understand that?
- 3 A Yes.
- 4 Q So you understand that there are some larger numbers for votes
- beyond 50 percent for a majority; correct?
- 6 A Yes. Yes.
- 7 Q And, by the way, would it be a 50 percent vote or would it be
- 9 A It depends on the vote.
- 10 Q Okay. And, you understand, do you know how many articles
- 11 there are that have more than 50 percent noted as the vote
- 12 necessary?
- 13 A I can't give you an exact number, but I know there are at
- 14 least two.
- 15 Q If I told you there were five, you'd have no reason to
- disagree with me; correct?
- 17 A I would want to look at the bylaws to make sure.
- 18 Q Okay. You are aware of numbers that are greater in the -- in
- 19 terms of 66-2/3; right?
- 20 A Yes.
- 21 Q So that would be greater; correct?
- 22 A Yes.
- 23 Q And, so where it talks about requires a larger number of
- 24 members, you understand that's what it's referring to is those
- bylaws as they exist, that have 66-2/3, nobody has the vote

1 necessary; correct? 2 Α I --MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, I'm going to object 3 because I -- I want to make sure we're clear on the wording because some say 66-2/3 of the members of the committee. Some 5 say present and voting. I just want to make sure that the 6 record is clean on what provisions were talking about. 7 THE COURT: All right. The objection is to the form 8 of the question. Response, Mr. Campbell? 9 By MR. CAMPBELL: 10 If it wasn't clear, let me make it clear. I'm just saying 11 66-2/3 is greater than 50. 12 13 Α Yes. Okay. And, 75 is greater than 66-2/3; right? 14 Yes. 15 Α Okay. And, those bylaws that you're aware of, they're -- they 16 have this special, you know, they are specially set forth as 17 requiring a larger number of members; correct? 18 Α Yes. 19 Thank you. So do you know what the "except" in that -- you 20 have it right in front of you, do you know what that applies 21 22 to? That's a yes or no question. Could you rephrase the question, please? 23 24 Yeah. Well, let me ask you this. Do you agree with me that 25 where it says except, what it is saying is instead of a simple

- majority, you must have the percentage, whether it be 66-2/3
- or 75 percent, necessary to make quorum? Is that your
- understanding of how this provision is written?
- 4 A No.
- 5 Q You understand that you can have a regular quorum of a
- 6 majority despite the language here about except where the
- 7 action of the committee requires a larger number of members as
- 8 specially set forth in the -- in these bylaws?
- 9 A If I may?
- 10 Q Well, my question is, it's a yes or no. Do you agree with me
- or do you not?
- 12 A I don't understand.
- 13 Q Okay. I'll try again. What -- do you agree with me that if
- the majority as set forth in (C) here, for all matters except
- some, it cannot be the rule for those that are excepted. Do
- 16 you agree with that?
- 17 A Sir, if I could? I would like to see it -- what you are
- 18 talking about explain -- like what you're specifically
- 19 referring to? And, that would make it easier for me to answer
- 20 the question.
- 21 Q How long have you been with the Michigan GOP?
- 22 A I was elected in February of 2023.
- 23 Q How long have you been a District Chair?
- 24 A Since February of 2023.
- 25 Q You know as part of the dispute going on between Chairperson

- 1 Karamo and Peter Hoek -- Hoekstra, this -- how this is defined
- is important; correct?
- 3 A Yes, sir.
- 4 Q You've looked at it; right?
- 5 A Yes, sir.
- 6 Q You have in your mind how this is defined; correct?
- 7 A Not necessarily.
- 8 Q Okay. So even despite all that, you haven't been able to
- 9 figure out yourself what this means?
- 10 A That's not what I meant.
- 11 Q Okay. What did you mean?
- 12 A What I meant was I know that you have a specific example that
- you're trying to ask me about, and it would be easier for me
- to answer the question if you told me what it was exactly that
- 15 you were asking me about.
- MR. CAMPBELL: Judge, I think I do need your help
- and direction to the witness to please answer the questions
- 18 that are asked.
- 19 THE WITNESS: I'm not trying to avoid --
- MR. CAMPBELL: Not the ones that are not asked.
- THE COURT: Yes. Ma'am, I think -- however, I do
- 22 think the -- these are complicated questions and
- interpretation that you're asking, Mr. Campbell. So I think
- 24 what I'll direct you to do is rephrase the question at this
- 25 time, and the witness shall respond, if you know the answer.

If you don't understand the question, just say you don't 1 2 understand the question. THE WITNESS: All right. Thank you, sir. 3 BY MR. CAMPBELL: You agree with me that quorum can be established in a regular 5 meeting, on a regular issue, through a majority of the total 6 membership being either present or being able to present 7 8 proxies; correct? Yes. In a normal meeting. 9 There are issues that are identified within the bylaws that 10 require something more than that; correct? 11 12 Α Yes. 13 Those are done by design; correct? Α Yes. 14 They have levels of design that is -- that makes it harder, 15 not easier, in order to do those actions. You would agree 16 with me; right? 17 Α Yes. 18 And, in fact, of those that are designed in the bylaws, the 19 hardest thing to do is to remove an officer or a member; 20 21 correct? 22 In my recollection of the bylaws, yes. Α You know it takes 75 percent of some vote, we'll talk about 23 24 what that is, but 75 percent is the percentage placed in that

provision, if you need to look at it, it's III (G)(2), I

25

believe is where you can find that. 1 2 Α Yes. Okay. This is the bylaw, Article III (G)(2), that on 3 January 6th the effort was done to remove Chairperson Karamo; correct? 5 Α Yes. 6 And, you were aware of the 75 percent that appears twice in 7 that rule; correct? 9 Α Yes. So let's go back to quorum. The quorum that you used on 10 January 6th would have been both members present and proxies; 11 correct? 12 13 Α Yes. For a quorum. And, the -- you claim to have 40 -- was it 46 souls that were 14 there -- actually there or 45? 15 There were more than 45 present for the meeting. 16 Α Do you have before you -- let's find where they are in my set. 17 I want to go to your -- actually they're not there. This is 18 where we have to go Counsel's exhibits --19 (At 11:04 a.m., discussion between Mr. Campbell and 20 Mr. Lauderbach) 21 22 BY MR. CAMPBELL: How many state committee members were present? 23 There were 45. 24 Α 25 Okay. So there's 45. And, then you recall that there were

- proxies and we have some evidence of proxies that were submitted; correct?
- 3 A Yes.
- Q Do you remember what that number was? Was it 26, that would
- 5 make it 71?
- 6 A I believe it was 26, the total number was 71.
- 7 Q Yeah. So we get to 71. So you would have had between persons 8 present and proxies, 71; correct?
- 9 A Yes.
- Now the except language suggests that something different is necessary when you have one of those rare actions that require a larger number of members; correct?
- 13 A If I understand the question, yes.
- Okay. And, in fact, are there two things that are erased by
 the except? The first being that it's a simple majority of
 the membership? That's what's being excepted out of this
 rule; correct?
- 18 A It is my recollection that in the bylaws in this instances
 19 where a larger majority is required, each of those instances
 20 has a different language used for the number of State
 21 Committee members present.
- 22 Q So your belief is this quorum rule and it's the only rule
 23 entitled "quorum," is not the quorum rule for where -- for
 24 these other matters?
- 25 A If I understand your question, I -- I don't -- I don't know.

- I -- I -- I don't know. I want to be -- I want to be careful
 in how I answer. I don't want to -- I want to answer your
 question truthfully.
- 4 Q Thanks. That's all I can ask.
- 5 A I think so.
- 6 Q So the other thing that is excepted is the concept that
 7 proxies will qualify for a quorum. Do you see that?
- 8 A Yes. Yes.
- 9 Q And, so what is excepted from a normal quorum, in a special
 10 case, is it has to be people, members of the committee, not
 11 proxies when you come for those special questions. Do you
 12 understand me?
- 13 A I believe so, yes.
- And, am I accurate to say that's what this rule means, is that
 on the special question in order to make quorum, you need to
 have a -- whatever that quorum is, whether it's 75 percent or
 it's a majority, it has to be no proxies?
- 18 A I don't believe that's correct.
- Okay. But you agree with me that if something is excepted as noted in this paragraph, those are the two things that jump out as the most obvious? That being that a majority is no longer the rule, and that the proxy is no longer the rule; do you see that?
- A There's very specific language used in the instances that
 require a larger -- a different percentage. So with -- it's

-- there's very specific language used in those areas. 1 2 Q So let's look at that. Let's go back to (G)(2). There is no language, there's no word quorum in (G)(2). You know what I'm 3 talking about Article III (G)(2) when I say (G)(2)? Correct? Α Yes, sir. 5 Thank you. You agree with me the word quorum does not exist? 6 Q The word quorum does not exist, but there is other language 7 Α indicative of a quorum already having been achieved. 8 Okay. What it does say is voting must be made in person by 9 such members and not by proxy. Do you see that? 10 It says, any officer may be removed as an officer or member of 11 this committee by committee --12 MR. CAMPBELL: And, may -- Your Honor, that's non-13 responsive. 14 THE WITNESS: No. 15 MR. CAMPBELL: I didn't ask her to read the entire 16 17 paragraph. I just asked her if what I said is part of it. THE COURT: I apologize. I have been looking at 18 (K)(2) here, which is removal of members. I've got to get to 19 20 the right page here. 21 THE WITNESS: It's on Page 12. 22 MR. CAMPBELL: It is on Page 12, Judge. THE COURT: Page 12. All right. Thank you. Okay. 23 24 And, could you restate the question, Mr. Campbell? MR. CAMPBELL: Yes. I asked her to confirm that it 25

does say the following words, "that the vote must be made in 1 2 person by such members and not by proxy". That that is one of the phrases contained within this rule. 3 THE COURT: All right. And, your response, Ms. DeLisle. 5 THE WITNESS: It does say, by the committee upon 6 75 percent vote of the committee present and voting at any 7 meeting of the committee. 8 MR. CAMPBELL: I don't think I asked you if it has 9 the word quorum. It actually does have the word quorum --10 correct? 11 THE WITNESS: Provided there -- there is -- provided 12 13 there is a quorum present. BY MR. CAMPBELL: 14 But it doesn't define quorum present there; correct? 15 I believe that it refers to the quorum being a majority of the 16 Α committee present. That is my understanding. 17 Well, we started by agreeing that a majority of the total 18 membership of the committee present in person or by proxy 19 shall constitute a quorum. Meant the whole committee, you've 20 got to have at least the majority? 21 22 Α So that would be 54. Correct. And, here you're saying that the -- the same 23 definition of quorum, which would be 54, to go forward; 24

25

correct?

- A Can I explain how I understand this to read?
- 2 Q I'm just wondering, is your number 54 or is it a different
- number when we're talking about (G)(2)?
- 4 \mathbb{A} Provided there was a quorum present means at least 54.
- 5 Q Okay. In fact, that definition, however, does not take into
- 6 consideration the except language in Article VI (C)? In other
- 7 words, you're implying the exact same quorum that the -- that
- 8 the rule says doesn't apply where the action of the Committee
- 9 requires a larger number of members? You do understand that's
- what's happened here?
- 11 A Mr. Campbell --
- 12 Q Yes?
- 13 A -- this is what I meant earlier when I said that there's
- specific -- you have to look at the specific instances because
- 15 there are other references in the bylaws that's very specific
- language. And, so there are other places where quorum -- the
- 17 54 quorum is not mentioned. But here it is.
- 18 So there are other instances where it's very
- 19 specific that it means the entire State Committee assembled,
- 20 meaning all 107 or 106, however many positions are filled.
- 21 Whereas here it's specifically mentioning quorum. So it's
- talking about quorum present, and then 75 percent of the State
- 23 Committee members present of the 54.
- 24 Q I get that. But none of that takes into account the except
- language; right? Because it does except that first definition

of quorum and replaces it; right? There's two definitions of 1 2 quorum. Let me ask you this. Are there two definitions of quorum in VI(G) or is there one definition of quorum? Is it 3 always 54, or under Article VI(C), can it be 54 and then exceptions when it comes to the larger number of members? 5 6 Α There can be exceptions. But, again, it is very specific

- language in those bylaws -- bylaw sections.
- Q But there is no specific language in (G)(2) that you would rely on to set up the word quorum; right?
- Correct. I -- in this instance, in (G)(2) --10 Α
- Um-hmm. 11 0

7

8

9

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

-- provided there is quorum present, means you have at least 54 members of the State Committee present, not by proxy. So -- no, let me back up.

Provided there is quorum present. And, such 75 percent vote must be made in person by such members, not by proxy. So you have the 54, and then you need 75 percent of the 54 for the threshold to achieve the vote.

- So as you would construct the design here, the quorum is no Q different for the 75 and the 2/3 voting that's going to go on? The only thing that's different is the number of people who vote for or against the particular proposal? In those special circumstances? Right?
- 24 Can you rephrase your question?
- Yes. What I'm trying to get to here is, you're saying it's 25 Q

the same quorum, I can use proxies and I only have to get to 1 2 54 in order to take these special votes of 66-2/3 and 75 percent? 3 Depending on the language of the bylaw that you're looking at. So this is the one I'm looking -- looking at is (G)(2), you're 5 saying that's all that's required is that you have --6 Α And --7 -- a quorum with proxies, and that you then have 75 percent of 8 those who are there? 9 You have a quorum present, State Committee plus proxy, and 10 Α then 75 percent vote of the State Committee members who are 11 present and voting -- voting. 12 13 Okay. You would agree that that's not very much protection for those special votes when you compare it to the other 14 definitions offered, which is to say that the except takes you 15 out of the majority and requires you to get 75 percent? That 16 would be hard, really -- let me withdraw the question. 17 MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, if I -- that's so 18 compound, I can't follow it. 19 MR. CAMPBELL: I'll withdraw that. 20 21 THE COURT: The question is withdrawn. You may 22 rephrase. BY MR. CAMPBELL: 23 24 It would be harder to get 75 percent of the Committee to be 25 there either in-person or proxy than it is to get 50 percent

- or 50 percent plus one, correct? 2 Α If I understand the question, it's hard to get 75 percent there than it is to get 50 percent there. 3 Correct. I would say that that would be -- yes, that would -- I don't 5 think we've ever had 75 percent of full membership at any 6 meeting. 7 8 Q Thank you. And, so this would be harder to remove somebody 9 under 75 percent having to be there, versus 50 percent plus one being there; right? As a design feature, that makes 10 sense? 11 It would be harder -- the question is, it would be harder to 12 13 remove somebody if you had to have 75 percent of the full Committee present and voting. 14 Yes. 15 0 If that's what the bylaw stated, that would make it harder. 16 17 Yes. Thank you. Likewise, if you had to be there in person, versus 18 being able to use a proxy, it would be harder to get at the 50 19 20 percent plus one; right? 21 Α Can you rephrase the question or can you restate the question? 22 I'm sorry, sir.
- 23 Q Sure.
- 24 A I'm trying to -- I'm trying to be --
- 25 Q You look like you're trying. Are there any issues? So it

- 1 would be harder if you were trying to remove an officer, to
- get 54 people to a meeting than it would be to get X number
- plus proxies in order to equal 54?
- 4 A I -- I would -- I guess.
- 5 Q For example, you didn't get 54 people to January 6th; right?
- 6 You didn't get 54 State Committee members?
- 7 A There were several who were out of town.
- 8 Q I didn't ask why, I'm just asking you to acknowledge that you
- 9 didn't get 54; right?
- 10 A Yes. I acknowledge that.
- 11 | Q Did you want 54?
- 12 A Yes.
- 13 Q Did you try to get 54?
- 14 A Yes.
- 15 Q And, you couldn't get 54? Despite your best efforts; right?
- 16 A Um -- 54 could not -- 54, yes, that would be -- I guess that
- 17 would be accurate
- 18 Q Thank you. And, that is consistent with the design of making
- 19 it harder to vote out con -- both members and officers at
- 20 75 percent; right?
- 21 A Except, yes and no.
- 22 Q Okay.
- 23 A No in the sense of that's why it says in (G)(2) that quorum is
- 24 present and we know that quorum means State Committee members
- and proxy.

- 1 Q But we did say that creating that at the 75 percent -- that's
 2 the highest voting percentage that's anywhere in these rules;
 3 right?
- 4 A Yes. I actually asked that question myself as to why that was.
- Okay. And, it's the hardest percentage to meet, no matter how you're defining your percentages, 75 percent is harder to meet than any other percentage that's listed in these rules; right?
- 9 A Yes.
- 10 Q And, you folks did it with 40 votes; right?
- 11 A Yes.
- Q Okay. So if the except eliminates the proxy, if that's what's being eliminated in that paragraph, VI(C), it's gonna -because the except has to be eliminating something. If that's what it's eliminating, you would agree with me that that would require all in-person members to be counted towards quorum?
- 17 A No.
- 18 Q Hmm -- even if we eliminate the proxy from the quorum
 19 definition for those special votes, you would not agree with
 20 me?
- I do not agree that that is the case in -- on Page 12 in

 (G)(2), I forget the section, Article -- Article IV, Section

 (G)(2).
- Q No. Let's refocus on Page 15. And Article VI (C). That's the operative phrase. Do you see the word except there;

right? 1 2 Α Yes. You know the concept that there are no new -- wait a minute, I 3 think the word is nugatory words, there are no words that are meaningless, that are placed in contracts or bylaws or things 5 like that. Do you understand that concept? 6 I understand that words have meanings, that's why I'm trying 7 Α 8 to very careful in how I respond to you. Thank you. As I am in trying to form my questions. So the 9 word except is in the rule VI (C). You -- it's there; right? 10 Α Yes. 11 I'm suggesting to you that one of the things excepted is the 12 proxy. In other words, it's Committee members present and 13 proxy except where the action of the Committee requires a 14 larger number. I mean, that's -- you understand the concept I 15 just described; right? 16 17 Α Correct. And, that's -- I didn't make up any of those words, those 18 words are all in this rule; right? 19 Correct. 20 Α 21 So I want you to apply it as if that's what the rule meant was 22 to exclude the proxies. I'm not saying you agree with me, I'm just trying to make sure we can agree on one point. That is 23 24 absent proxies, you did not have a majority of the total 25 membership of the Committee on January 6th; correct?

- A Absent proxies, we did not.
- 2 Q Thank you. Absent proxies you did not have 75 percent of the
- Committee if it's -- the issue is majority of the word being
- 4 changed, you didn't have 75 percent of members actually
- present in order to make quorum -- it's not just -- you're not
- 6 buying this necessarily, but you understand the concept;
- 7 right?
- 8 A I understand the concept, but that is not what this bylaw
- 9 states.
- 10 Q Yeah. Well, again, all the words I've used are in there, you
- read it differently, though; right?
- 12 A I understand it differently.
- 13 Q And, I've asked you before and I'll ask it again, what's
- excepted in -- if we shouldn't have to go outside of VI(C) to
- answer that. What is excepted if it's not the proxy and a
- 16 majority?
- 17 A Can I give you an example?
- 18 Q Let me ask you first. Are you able to answer me without an
- 19 example?
- 20 A No.
- 21 Q Thank you. I'll let your Counsel ask for the example. Thank
- you. Let's -- see if there's anything left on this. I don't
- 23 believe I do.
- 24 So let's -- you said that Ms. Gillisse, the
- 25 Secretary of the Michigan GOP, got notice of something. I --

I don't know what it was and I don't know if you remember. And, your Counsel asked you if you sent her something, and you said, yes, you gave her notice of it. I don't know if it was the minutes, or it was the notice for the hearing on the 20th. Or the meeting on the 20th. Do you know if she got either of 5

She did not receive them from me. 7 Α

those from you?

Okay. So when you testified that Ms. Gillisse got notice of something, you were relying on something you either read or somebody -- or something you saw or something somebody told you; correct?

Not necessarily. Α

1

2

3

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

So if you didn't see it, nobody told you, you didn't hear it, well is there -- I'll ask you just about the means upon which you would have received information that isn't something called by any of those realms?

Α There's two things I would base my answer on. The first one is that there's a State Committee email list. And, all members of State Committees should be on that email list.

The second is that Ms. Gillisse responded and forwarded communication from the Chair which would have indicated that she was aware.

Okay. And, that's what you would base your answer when you said she got notice?

25 Α Yes.

- 1 Q Is notice to the Secretary important for meetings?
- 2 A Not notice to the Secretary.
- 3 Q Okay. The Secretary is responsible for issuing notices,
- 4 though; right?
- 5 A It depends upon the situation.
- 6 Q Prior to this situation in December and January of 2023, were
- 7 you aware of any non-secretary issuing a notice for a meeting
- 8 of the Michigan GOP?
- 9 A Not to my recollection.
- 10 Q Do you think custom and practice is important for how
- organization -- the organization of the Michigan GOP works?
- 12 A Yes.
- 13 Q Do you think it fills holes where bylaws are and even --
- Robert's Rules which are adopted into the bylaws, may not
- address them, and custom and practice is something that you
- can refer to and rely upon?
- 17 A At times.
- 18 Q Let's go to Exhibit 11. This again is going to be in a
- 19 different book. And, I apologize for that, I just have my
- version marked here. And, I'm going to have you also at the
- same time review both books. It's gonna be handy. If you can
- go to Exhibit J.
- 23 A (Witness complies).
- 24 Q And, let's start with Exhibit J. This is the email that is
- 25 identified as having been signed electronically, if you will,

- by Mr. Balog, and Mr. Marcum, and Mr. Linting, I'm sorry.
- 2 It's a Ms. Linting. I apologize.
- 3 A Rylee is a female.
- 4 Q Rylee is -- thank you. So we're on the same page in that
- that's the document you're looking at; right?
- 6 A That's -- yes.
- 7 Q And, you see in there that the time of this email is
- January 6th, 8:09 and some seconds, p.m.? Correct?
- 9 A Yes.
- 10 Q Your meeting would have been over by then?
- 11 A By several hours.
- 12 Q When was it set for? Your call -- do you remember what time
- it was supposed to start?
- 14 A It was supposed to start at 1:00 p.m.
- 15 Q It didn't start at 1:00 p.m., did it?
- 16 A No.
- 17 Q Was it held up specifically so that the email that came at
- 1:59 would be received -- or 1:49 would be received?
- 19 A No.
- 20 Q So let's go to the page where it says State Committee and
- 21 begins the narrative within the email.
- 22 A Okay.
- 23 Q Do you see the use of the word, "we?"
- 24 A Yes.
- 25 \mathbb{Q} That further affirms that it's -- the three of them; correct?

- 1 A That would be my understanding.
- 2 Q And, what they say and I'll read portions of it, "We signed
- 3 the petition for a meeting that was to be scheduled for
- 4 December 27th." Do you see that?
- 5 A Yes.
- 6 Q Was there a meeting to be scheduled on December 27th?
- 7 A There was a meeting discussed and December 27th was a
- 8 possibility for the date.
- 9 Q Were people promised in the effort to secure the signatures
- necessary for the petitions that were provided on January 6th
- at 1:49 p.m.? Were they told that there would be a meeting on
- December 27th?
- 13 A There was discussion on a meeting on December 27th. The
- meeting was never called. There was no promise.
- 15 Q You used a term on direct examination whipping the vote.
- 16 A Um-hmm.
- 17 Q That's your term; correct?
- 18 A Yes.
- 19 Q What does that mean?
- 20 A It means that when you are trying to achieve an end, right?
- 21 So let's just say, vote yes, vote no. So you talk to people
- 22 and you want -- if your side wants yes, then you talk to other
- 23 members of the Committee and say this is why I'm voting yes
- and this is why I think you should vote yes.
- 25 Q Sometimes you just want people to sign petitions so you can

- have a vote, and it's not a vote yes, or a vote no; correct?
- 2 A I never used that language.
- 3 Q Okay. At the next line, they say, "We are only interested in
- 4 having a vote to end the strife and division." Do you see
- 5 that?
- 6 A I do.
- 7 Q And, you're saying that you don't know who told them there
- 8 would be a meeting on December 27th?
- 9 A That would be correct.
- 10 Q The next line on the -- on the next page, excuse me, let's
- 11 stay on the same page. This is what the three write, "This
- meeting was called an illegitimate meeting according to the
- 13 State Committee Chair, and we intend to be at the meeting she
- has called for January 13, where we expect debate and vote on
- 15 the issues at hand." Do you see that?
- 16 A I do.
- 17 | Q This meeting is referring to January 6th, the same date as the
- 18 email; correct?
- 19 A I believe so.
- 20 Q Going on to the "We," so this is not something else, but their
- own belief, "We specifically instructed that no proxy was to
- go to this meeting. However, we have been informed proxies
- for some of us were used against our will to establish
- 24 quorum." Do you see that?
- 25 A I do.

- 2 So let's talk about the vetting that went -- took place on the proxies that were received at 11 -- they're not a part of the petition; right? When were the proxies provided? It was at the vote?
- 5 A No. It was not at the vote.
- 6 Q Okay. When were the proxies provided?
- 7 A Before the start of the meeting.
- 8 Q And, were those vetted? Were they -- were they credentialed?
- 9 A Those who were proxies were known to members of their
- 10 Districts. Or their District Chair.
- 11 Q Robert's Rules of Order do not -- do not put form over 12 substance. You would agree with me; right?
- 13 A I don't understand the question.

- Q Okay. I'll ask it this way. If somebody's using rules in a deceptive manner, they can be called out for that? And, even though they might be using the rule right, that deception could, in fact, cause their use of the rule to be wrong?
- 18 A I don't know of anyone who was attempting to be deceptive.
- 19 Q That was not my question, with all due respect.
- MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, I'm going to object.

 If there's a question about what Robert's Rules of Order

 provide about deceptive, this, that, or the other thing, let's

 go to Robert's Rules of Order because right now we're just

 getting into hypothetical questions and --
 - THE COURT: All right. The objection is to the form

of the question. Your response, Mr. Campbell?

MR. CAMPBELL: This is about as basic as you get in her understanding of Robert's Rules, and either they allow that or they don't. I don't need to go into the deep dive of Robert's Rules with her, but they have an expert that they're at least going to attempt to call. I'll spend some time with him on that. I just want to know her understanding. Can somebody act in a deceptive manner and get away with it, if in fact, that purpose was to be deceitful.

THE COURT: Okay. And, I think that does call for an opinion testimony. I don't think she's qualified as an expert in a statutory or bylaw interpretation. So I'll sustain the objection.

Please move on to your next question.

MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you.

16 BY MR. CAMPBELL:

- Q If you, as the Secretary Pro Tem, became aware of a proxy where somebody had said, hey, that was gotten from me by deception. What would you do?
- 20 A So it's not up to the Secretary to make that determination.
- 21 Q Okay.
- 22 A So that would not have come before me.
- Q But as the Secretary Pro Tem, if you learned of it, what would you do? In other words, you're sitting there as Secretary Pro Tem and somebody tells you hey, those proxies are fake. Do

you do nothing because it's not your job, or do you do something?

- A So if I could refer to the bylaws on this?
- 4 Q If that would be helpful. Yes. The -- go to Exhibit --
- 5 A On Page 7 --
- 6 Q Um-hmm.

Α

- 7 A Letter I --
- 8 Q Give me a moment, I'm going to turn to that page. Exhibit -9 Exhibit A in your Page 7. Got it.
 - When a District member has not provided a proxy, if a District member is not present for a particular meeting and has not provided for a proxy, the District Chairman or in his absence, the remaining members present for the absent member's Congressional District, may select a registered voter from the Congressional District to fill the vacancy for that meeting only. If the absent member should subsequently appear during the course of the meeting, said regular member shall redeem full voting right.

So to your question, sir, if the only way that a proxy would become known to be illegitimate would be if that proxy was not from the Congressional District, or was not a voting member. But if they are a resident of the voting -- of the Congressional District, and a State Committee member is not present, and has not provided a proxy, then they would be allowed to serve as a proxy.

- So if the proxy was given under the promise that there's going Q 2 to be a meeting on December 27th, and then there is no meeting on December 27th, is that proxy good? 3
 - I am not aware of any such proxies being appointed. Α

5

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

- Well, right here on Exhibit J, we have three people saying 6 that they were only interested in having a vote on -- strife and division, they were told that there was going to be a 7 8 meeting on December 27th, and they go on to say, we specifically instructed that no proxy was to go to this 9 meeting. Meaning January 6th? 10
 - So if they gave a proxy to go to December 27th, does that proxy survive till January 6th?
 - Α So I am not aware of any of the three appointing their own proxy for December 27th.
 - Do you have any records from that meeting that will show whether or not their proxies were counted among the 20 -- I forget the number. Give me a moment, 26 proxies that the -you say were there?
- I could look back at the proxy forms. But I do have a text 19 message between myself and Ms. Linting. And, I informed her 20 that no proxy was appointed for her. 21
- 22 You informed her of that after doing -- checking and looking for it? 23
- 24 I did after I saw this email.
- 25 Q Okay. But you did not check for the other two?

- A I do not recall doing so.
- 2 Q Are those records, those proxy records something that have
- been admitted here or are they somewhere else?
- 4 A Uh -- you'd have to ask Mr. Lauderbach. I believe that they
- were admitted, but I can't remember.
- 6 MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, what's in evidence is
- 7 in evidence. I'm looking at Exhibit 30, which are the proxies
- 8 for January 6th. And, if Mr. Campbell has a question about
- 9 Exhibit 30, he's welcome to ask it.
- MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you.
- 11 BY MR. CAMPBELL:
- 12 Q Will you turn to Exhibit 30? Well, let's do this just so we
- can get it out of the way, and you're ready for this. I'm
- qoing to take you back to Exhibit 11. I want to make sure we
- 15 cover this on this issue.
- 16 A So --
- 17 Q So your Plaintiff's 11 is where I want to start. Is that
- where you are?
- 19 A Um -- 11?
- 20 Q Thank you. Just to set this up. In Exhibit J, there is
- 21 discussions about signing a petition, and then there's
- 22 discussions about a proxy. Those are two different things;
- 23 correct?
- 24 A Correct.
- 25 Q The petition refers to calling for the Special Meeting and the

```
removal; correct?
1
2
   Α
         The petition refers to -- a petition requesting that a vote be
         taken to remove Kristina Karamo as an officer of the Michigan
3
         Republican State Committee.
         Thank you. And, then --
5
   Q
6
   Α
         And, it says, "If by completing this petition and providing
         your signature, you are requesting the vote to be taken to
7
         remove Kristina Karamo. This petition is not a vote or ballot
8
         for removal."
9
         Correct. And, then there are proxies which would be votes
10
         cast as you've construed it, for the quorum on January 6th;
11
12
         correct?
13
         They wouldn't be votes cast, but they would be individuals
         standing in place to establish quorum.
14
         They would satisfy? They'd be used to satisfy your definition
15
         of quorum; correct?
16
17
   Α
         Yes.
         Thank you. So in the petitions, I just want to look at them.
18
         If you go -- the pages are not numbered, but right after the
19
         list of people that are highlighted --
20
         Um-hmm.
21
   Α
22
   Q
         -- if you go two pages --
   Α
         Yes.
23
         There's Mr. Balog's petition. Do you see that?
24
25
   Α
         Yes.
```

Q Identified himself as District 1; correct? 2 Α Yes. And, he dates that petition; correct? 3 Q Yes, he did. Α And, you have no reason to doubt the date on that petition; 5 Q 6 correct? It seems to be in his own hand. 7 Α So and that date is November 28th, 2023; correct? 8 Q November 28th, 2023. Yes. 9 Α And, in fact, if you go back a page, you see November 20th, 10 2023, for a Ms. Allor, A-1-1-o-r? 11 12 Α Yes. 13 Q Correct? Α Yes. 14 If you go forward a page, you end up with Mr. Marcum, who is 15 one of the other signatories to the email; correct? 16 17 Α Yes. And, Mr. Marcum also identifies a date of -- he actually 18 writes the date on the District, and he writes the date on the 19 date line; correct? 20 21 Α Yes. 22 Q And, that is December 3rd, 2023? 23 Α Yes. 24 By this time, the Call for the Special Meeting had already 25 been issued; correct?

- 1 A No.
- 2 Q It was not issued? I'm sorry. The request for the Special
- Meeting had been filed with the Chair on December 2nd;
- 4 correct?
- 5 A The request had been filed.
- 6 O On December 2nd?
- 7 A On December 2nd.
- 8 Q And, December 2nd was the date for a meeting of the -- a
- 9 regular meeting of the Michigan Republican Party? Correct?
- 10 A Yes.
- 11 Q And, that meeting began; correct? Were you there?
- 12 A I was.
- 13 Q Okay. Were you there virtually?
- 14 A I was --
- 15 Q That's kind of a trick question because I think everyone was
- there virtually.
- 17 A Yeah. We -- we tried -- yes. It -- I was assembled.
- 18 Q Is that different than being somewhere virtually?
- 19 A I was listening to the meeting through Zoom.
- 20 Q Okay. In fact, there was no in-person place to meet for that
- 21 meeting on December 2nd; correct?
- 22 A There had been, but it was -- the venue canceled.
- 23 Q In fact, it canceled because there were concerns about the
- safety and security because of some things that were going on.
- 25 There had been a, I think, a Democratic Caucus or something

- that had been threatened and everybody thought, hey, let's be
- 2 safe?
- 3 A That's not what the pastor told me.
- 4 Q Okay. It began with a quorum; correct?
- 5 A They never achieved quorum.
- 6 Q So it's not that they achieved it, the people withdraw, they
- 7 never achieved quorum, that's your -- your statement?
- 8 A They never achieved quorum.
- 9 Q If I wanted to know whether quorum was made on December 2nd,
- and there's somebody official that I could talk to, who would
- I talk to?
- 12 A You would probably speak to Angela Gillisse.
- 13 Q Angela?
- 14 A Gillisse.
- 15 Q Gillisse; right? Because she is the Secretary?
- 16 A She took -- she took roll call that day.
- 17 Q Yeah. And, she's the -- she's the Secretary?
- 18 A And, she's -- she's the duly elected Secretary.
- 19 Q Yeah. Thank you. So I want you to go backward to a number of
- 20 pages. So we'll just go through a couple here and just check
- 21 the dates again on the signatures. There's Randall Guppy,
- 22 G-u-p-p-y, Sr., that's 10-23; correct?
- 23 A Yes.
- 24 | Q Do you see Bree's in there early, Bree Meganburg (sic)?
- 25 A Moeggenberg.

- 1 Q Moeggenberg. Thanks. Her -- her -- go off her signature?
- Then she was 10-1; correct?
- 3 A Yes, I believe so.
- 4 Q You have Stephanie, we'll just say R, so we don't have to go
- over to the court reporter.
- 6 A Rectenwal.
- 7 Q That's 10-24; right?
- 8 A Yes.
- 9 Q So there's a whole lot -- do you know how many of these
- petitions had been gathered as of December 2nd, 2023?
- 11 A I do not. I'd have to go through and -- and count them.
- 12 Q You have no reason to dispute me if I've gone through and
- counted them and I came up with 33?
- 14 A I would say that would probably be accurate.
- 15 Q You understand that that's not enough to call the question? It
- would have to be more than 33; correct?
- 17 A Correct. To call the question at a meeting.
- 18 Q Right. And, it's your belief that those petitions do not have
- 19 to be signed before the request for the Special Meeting is
- 20 made; correct?
- 21 A The petitions do not have to be signed when the meeting is
- 22 called or requested.
- 23 Q I'm going to show you because it might be easier to walk over
- than have you find it in the batch, but you can look for it in
- 25 the batch. This -- this is the -- thing -- Rylee Linting.

```
(At 11:45 a.m., Mr. Campbell hands document to the
1
2
                   witness)
   BY MR. CAMPBELL:
3
         This is a page within your docket, that's Ms. Linting's
         petition; correct?
5
   Α
         Yes. Yes.
6
         And, Ms. Linting's petition is dated also like the others;
7
         correct?
8
         Yes.
9
   Α
         And, like the others, it has a different date to itself;
10
         correct?
11
         Yes. December 21st.
12
   Α
         Yeah. So that's December 21st. And, you remember Exhibit J,
13
   0
         the allegation is, or the statement is that they were told
14
         about a meeting that happened on December 27th; correct?
15
         There was no meeting that happened on December 27th.
16
   Α
         I get that. But you agree with me, December 23rd, is pretty
17
18
         darn close to December 27th?
   Α
         They are close in proximity.
19
         Thank you.
20
    Q
                   MR. CAMPBELL: May I approach just to take this
21
22
         back?
                   THE WITNESS: Um-hmm.
23
24
                   (At 11:46 a.m., Mr. Campbell speaks to
25
                   Mr. Lauderbach)
```

MR. CAMPBELL: Your Honor, Counsel and I have had a chance to talk. Can we do a sidebar?

THE COURT: You may. Come on up.

MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you.

(At 11:46 a.m., sidebar held)

THE COURT: Certainly it's within the Court's discretion to control the order of witness testimony. We do have an expert witness who has been proposed for testimony today, but not yet admitted as an expert.

So at this time, Ms. DeLisle, I'm going to have you step down from the witness stand.

However, you're not excused. You should remain available, though you are sequestered, so you're going to have to step outside the courtroom. As I understand there are more cross-examination questions, but as a matter of scheduling and convenience to get the expert witness out of the way and, also, respecting, you know, that I am -- my schedule is driving some of this. I've got some 20 criminal defendants needing to be sentenced starting at 1:30 this afternoon. So I've told Counsel we're only available until 1:00 both today and tomorrow.

Therefore, let's take a five-minute recess. You may step down, Ms. DeLisle. You do have to remain sequestered and we'll resume in five minutes with the proposed expert.

MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you, Your Honor.

1	THE COURT: Recess for five.
2	(At 11:49 a.m., recess taken)
3	(At 11:53 a.m., hearing reconvened)
4	THE COURT: You may be seated. We are back on the
5	record in <u>Pego, et al</u> versus <u>Kristina Karamo.</u>
6	We are now going to hear from a proposed expert
7	witness, Mr. Lauderbach?
8	MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you, Your Honor. The
9	Plaintiff's call Thomas J. Balch to the stand.
10	THE COURT: Mr. Balch, do you solemnly swear or
11	affirm that your testimony today will be the truth and nothing
12	but the truth?
13	MR. BALCH: I do.
14	THE COURT: Thank you. Please have a seat.
15	THOMAS J. BALCH
16	called on behalf of the Plaintiff at 11:54 a.m., was sworn by
17	the Court, testified as follows:
18	DIRECT EXAMINATION
19	BY MR. LAUDERBACH:
20	Q Mr. Balch, could you give the Court your full name, please?
21	A Thomas Joseph Balch.
22	Q And, what's your educational background?
23	A I graduated from Wiggins College in Massachusetts.
24	MR. CAMPBELL: Counsel, I may be able to short
25	circuit this a little bit. For what purpose is he being

2 MR. LAUDERBACH: He's being offered as an expert on parliamentary procedure and Robert's Rules of Order. 3 THE COURT: Okay. MR. CAMPBELL: With that, Your Honor, there's no 5 question that the man's CV says he's a professional 6 parliamentarian. I had to call my college roommate who 7 studies Ancient Greek and Latin to tell me he's now the second 8 coolest person I've ever met. But that aside, I do not doubt 9 that he's a expert in parliamentarian stuff. 10 I object because it's to quote counsel, this is 11 about bylaws, bylaws, bylaws. 12 I understand Robert's Rules comes into bylaws. 13 it does not take place, and I do expect what his testimony is 14 actually going to be offered about, is Provision VI(C), 15 III(G)(2) bylaw -- bylaws. Not Robert's Rules. 16 And, so there is no help that a parliamentarian even 17 one as great as Mr. Balch, could provide on you interpreting 18 bylaws which are different than Robert's Rules. You probably 19 need an expert to get through the 1,300 pages. 20 But bylaws, Judge, as you said, that's what you do 21 22 for dinner most days. And, this is stuff that they --THE COURT: You know my family doesn't obey any 23 24 bylaws that I would set down. So I --25 MR. CAMPBELL: I appreciate that, Your Honor.

offered as an expert?

I -- in all candor, if he wants to talk about parliamentary
procedure and Robert's Order -- Robert's Rules, that's fine.

But he should not be allowed to talk as an expert about bylaws.

THE COURT: All right. Response on the distinction between Robert's Rules of Order and the bylaws?

MR. LAUDERBACH: Your Honor, we just had 30 minutes of mental gymnastics with Ms. DeLisle about what does a quorum mean, and what's the voting requirement, and what -- what does the exception clause mean.

There are rules of construction that a parliamentarian relies on in resolving ambiguities or suggested ambiguities in bylaws. Some of those rules of construction come from Robert's Rules of Order.

There are rules that pertain to notices of meetings, voting requirements, how you construe what might be an allegation that the quorum requirement is higher than a majority in-person or by proxy.

And, this gentleman has 30 years of experience as a parliamentarian resolving those disputes in part in reliance on the book that he held right, which is Robert's Rules of Order, Twelfth Edition, which you are holding in your hand.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. LAUDERBACH: So --

THE COURT: And, I do note for the record that

Mr. Balch's name is on the front of the book, I congratulate you on that, Mr. Balch, it's a great -- great accomplishment and to your credit. At this time, I'll admit Mr. Balch for the purposes of Robert's Rules of Order.

I am going to hold off on his admission as a parliamentarian because I really am not very familiar with what a parliamentarian is or does. My recollection is they have a parliament over in London, but that we have a Congress here, and so I'm not certain on the role of a parliamentarian in my own mind yet. But certainly he can be admitted insofar as he's going to testify about Robert's Rules.

MR. CAMPBELL: I would also say we have the Funkadelic's, it's better than a parliament.

MR. LAUDERBACH: Okay. And, I assume, Your Honor, from that, I can voir dire on the question of parliamentary procedure and his experience in the --

THE COURT: Yes. Go ahead if you wish to admit on parliamentary procedures.

MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you. Mr. Balch --

MR. CAMPBELL: Well, I -- I do stipulate that he's an expert on parliamentary procedure if that helps?

admitted at this time as an expert on both Robert's Rules of

MR. LAUDERBACH: Well, is it in or not? I mean -THE COURT: Okay. Very well. Then he may be

Order and Parliamentary Procedure.

1	You may proceed, Mr. Lauderbach.
2	MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you.
3	THE COURT: And, you did mention some of his
4	qualifications. Do you have a CV with you, Mr
5	MR. LAUDERBACH: I do. That is one of the exhibits
6	that was not previously stipulated to. I would like to
7	present Exhibit 32, which is Mr. Balch's resume.
8	MR. CAMPBELL: In light of the Court's ruling, I now
9	have no objection.
10	THE COURT: Very well. The resume may be admitted.
11	Do you have it numbered for me, Mr. Lauderbach?
12	MR. LAUDERBACH: Thirty-two.
13	THE COURT: It will be Plaintiff's Number 32. Thank
14	you.
15	(At 11:59 a.m., Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 32
16	admitted)
17	MR. LAUDERBACH: Do you object to his report?
18	MR. CAMPBELL: Yeah.
19	MR. LAUDERBACH: All right.
20	BY MR. LAUDERBACH:
21	Q Mr. Balch, how did you become
22	MR. CAMPBELL: Hold on. Give me that. Go ahead.
23	You can put it in. Save some time.
24	MR. LAUDERBACH: Put it in? Okay. Okay.
25	Your Honor, with Counsel's stipulation, I'm going to

offer Plaintiff's Exhibit 33, which is Mr. Balch's Report in 1 2 this matter. If I can offer it to the Court? THE COURT: Very good. Response, Mr. Campbell? 3 MR. CAMPBELL: The record should only note it's given begrudgingly. 5 THE COURT: Very well. Then the -- begrudgingly, 6 the report may be admitted. 7 8 (At 11:59 a.m., Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 33 9 admitted) MR. LAUDERBACH: Thank you. And, Your Honor, we've 10 prepared some demonstratives from documents that are already 11 in evidence. We've got a laptop hooked up. If Ms. Boothroyd 12 would be allowed to -- to sit and run the computer? 13 THE COURT: It's certainly okay with me. And, more 14 power to Ms. Boothroyd. 15 BY MR. LAUDERBACH: 16 Mr. Balch, how did you become involved in this case? 17 I was contacted by you and initially we agreed that I would 18 Α serve as a consultant so that I could provide an independent 19 judgment about the parliamentary issues in the case based on 20 the materials that you shared with me. 21 22 I then reported back to you upon my views, which in some measure supported your positions, and in some measure 23 24 disagreed with them, and you ultimately decided that you would

then go ahead to contract with me to serve as an expert

1 witness. 2 What materials did you review in that assessment? I reviewed the Plaintiff's Verified Complaint and all of the 3 Α extensive exhibits. I reviewed the briefs by both the Plaintiff and the Defendant, regarding the Motion for 5 Parliament -- Preliminary Injunction. 6 I reviewed the report of the Policy Sub-Committee on 7 8 bylaw violations. I reviewed the Draft Minutes of both the January 6th 9 and January 13th Special Meetings. 10 And, of course, I reviewed portions of Robert's 11 Rules of Order, Newly Revised, since it is the parliamentary 12 authority adopted by the bylaws in Article XV with respect to 13 how they -- how the provisions that applied to the issues in 14 the case. 15 Thank you. Did you review the December 2nd, 2023, request for 16 17 a Special Meeting? Α I did. 18 Do you -- do you believe, in your opinion, that that request 19 was valid? 20 The answer is that the request validly requested a Special 21 Meeting for the purposes that it set forth. There's a 22 reservation about some of those purposes. 23 Okay. 24 25 Α There were two aspects of it that were not proper. One aspect

is that the -- as you can see projected on the screen, the request for a Special Meeting attempted to actually schedule the meeting, setting the location and the time.

However, it's very clear from the language of the bylaws regarding Special Meetings, that when there is a Call for a Special Meeting -- I should say a request for a Special Meeting by one-third of the members, then it is the Chairman, the sitting -- sitting Chairman who has the authority to actually call the meeting. And, it only if she fails to call the meeting as requested by the special members within 15 days, that it then becomes possible and appropriate for a member to actually call -- issue a call for that meeting.

Secondly, the request purported to designate a -- a Chairman, a Secretary, and a Parliamentarian. Well, the -- there's nothing in the bylaws that authorizes those requesting a Special Meeting to displace the authority of the sitting Chairman to preside over meetings including such a Special Meeting. All the similar -- similar analysis applies to the Secretary.

And, with regard to Parliamentarian, the adopted parliamentary authority states that the President and -- and in this organization, Chairman is equivalent to the role of President. Has the ability to choose the parliamentarian that she considers appropriate.

So with respect to those aspects, those portions of

- the Special -- the Special Meeting request were invalid.
- I should say that this is assuming the accuracy of
- the facts that there was a sufficient number of members
- 4 signing the -- the request to constitute one-third of the
- 5 committee.
- 6 Q Okay. So while some components of that request may not have
- 7 been in accordance with the proper -- with the bylaws or
- 8 Robert's Rules, the request for a Special Meeting was?
- 9 A The request for the Special Meeting was, as were the
- 10 provisions stating the purpose of the Special Meeting.
- 11 Q Okay. Was there actually a meeting scheduled for
- December 27th?
- 13 A No. Because that was not a valid designation. There was no
- authority of those members to set that meeting. So there was
- never a meeting appropriately called or scheduled for the time
- 16 that was -- or -- or location that was specified in the
- 17 request.
- 18 Q Okay. And, in the Plaintiff's Exhibit binder that's on your
- -- on the table in front of you. Could you look at Exhibit 6?
- 20 A Yes, I have that before me.
- 21 Q That is the December 16th request?
- 22 A Yes.
- 23 Q I'm sorry, December 16th --
- 24 A 16, 2023, yes.
- 25 Q All right. Did then Chair Karamo's issuance on December 16th

of a Call for a Special Meeting fulfill her responsibility as requested by the members on December 2nd?

Α

It did not. Now to be clear, it was itself a valid Call of a Special Meeting because under the bylaws, there are an authority of both the presiding -- of both the Chairman and one quarter of the members can -- have independent authority to call a Special Meeting.

But here is the critical point. This Call, the -the agenda that was attached to the Chairman's Call, did not
include the purposes that were specified in the request of the
members. It -- she had full authority to add additional
purposes because she had independent authority to call a
Special Meeting.

But here is the reason why under Robert's Rules of Order, as applied to the bylaws, that she was required to include those purposes. And, to understand that, it's important to understand the distinction between Regular Meetings and Special Meetings.

So a Regular Meeting -- at a Regular Meeting, any business that can appropriately come before an organization, can be the subject of a motion at that meeting.

But a Special Meeting is different. And, not only as specified in the bylaws, but as more complete -- concretely set forth in Robert's Rules of Order, a Special Meeting can deal only with those items of business. Those motions or

items of business that are clearly and specifically set forth in the notice.

Now the concept behind that, the reason why that's in Robert's Rules is because the idea is that while members are expected essentially to attend Regular Meetings as part of their regular membership, if a Special Meeting is called, they basically have the right to decide whether they consider what that Special Meeting is going to deal with was of sufficient importance to them that they want to make the extra added effort to attend.

And, so essentially one -- one of the things that Robert's Rules of Order has as part of it, is principles of interpretation that Robert's Rules says that as a matter of parliamentary procedure, obviously, can't speak to what the law is or legal interpretation. But as a matter of parliamentary procedure, how do you interpret bylaws and other rules.

And, one of those principles, one of those statements is that there is a presumption that nothing is placed in the bylaws without some reason for it.

So we ask -- have to ask, what would be the reason why the bylaws would put in -- include the ability to request a Special Meeting, provide for a Special Meeting, not only for the Chairman, but also for a specified number of members.

And, which incidentally that's in the recommended

language for bylaws in Robert's Rules of Order when it talks about Special Meetings.

Well, why would you provide for that? Well, the most obvious reason is to provide for the possibility that an adequate number of members might want to hold a Special Meeting for a purpose that the Chairman doesn't agree with.

For example, a proposal to remove her. And, so the whole concept there is, why do the bylaws give that independent ability in order to have essentially a check and balance on the Chairman in the ability of this specified number of members to bring about that meeting.

Now, if we think about it for a moment, because in order to be valid, anything done at a Special Meeting has to accord with the noticed items of business in the Call.

If we were to interpret the bylaws provision as allowing the Chair to in calling the Special Meeting purportedly in response for a request to not include the purposes, in effect it would make meaningless the ability of that specified group of members to Call the Special -- to request and bring about the Special Meeting.

Now there's another principle of interpretation in Robert's Rules which is that when a bylaw provision that's susceptible of two interpretations, and one of those interpretations conflicts with or renders absurd another bylaw provision, and the other interpretation does not, then the

latter must be taken as the true meaning.

And, so as I would apply that to this particular instance, I would say that the portion of the bylaw that authorizes these members -- a certain number of members to Call the Special Meeting, would be rendered absurd if the Chair is responding to that by calling the meeting for completely different purposes and not including those purposes would basically render that absurd. It would render it meaningless.

And, therefore, the other interpretation which is that in order to respond appropriately to the request, you have to include the purposes specified in the request, must be taken as the true meaning.

And -- and to be precise, then just to clarify that, if one looks at the agenda that's attached in -- in this special exhibit, it plainly does not include the purposes that were set forth in the request by the members.

- In completing your analysis, did you review the report of -the document that has the heading, Report and Findings of the
 Policy Sub-Committee?
- 21 A I -- I did.

- 22 Q Would you turn to Exhibit 28 in your book, please?
- 23 A Yes, I have that.
- 24 Q Is that the document that you reviewed?
- 25 A Yes, it is.

Q All right. Do you believe that -- well, does that document assert that Ms. Karamo met the obligation to call the Special Meeting within 15 days?

Α

Well, what it -- what it asserts is it says that -- and I'm looking on Page 2 of 7, that it -- it quotes Wikipedia for saying that the definition of a Call is essentially an invitation. And, that -- that it asserts that because the Call by the Chairman constituted an invitation to a Special Meeting, that therefore she fully fulfilled her requirement.

My response to that is that the bylaws do not adopt Wikipedia as the parliamentary authority. They adopt Robert's Rules of Order and we rebutted the parliamentary authority.

And, that document specifically does say, as I indicated, that the Call of the Special Meeting has to clearly and specifically describe the subject matter of the items of business -- or the motions or other items of business to be considered, and that any business transacted at the meeting that doesn't fall within that notice is invalid.

So the analysis, I -- that I gave previously, I believe with respect is -- is more accurate than that in the -- the report of the Policy Sub-Committee.

- Upon Ms. Karamo's failure to call the Special Meeting within 15 days, did the members have the right under the bylaws to Call the Meeting?
- A Yes. If under the bylaws, it's clear that if the Chairman

fails to call the meeting that is requested by the members, then one of the members who is -- was among those who submitted that request, can proceed to Call the meeting with at least five days notice.

So because of the conclusions that her Call did not, in fact, respond appropriately; did not, in fact, Call the Special Meeting requested by the members, including those purposes, that was then a valid action for the member to take.

- Q Thank you. Would you turn to Exhibit 7 in the book, please?
- 10 A (Witness complies).
- 11 Q Do you recognize Exhibit 7 as the December 31st, 2023, Special
 12 Meeting notice issued by Bree Moeggenberg?
- 13 A I do.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

22

23

24

25

- 14 Q All right. Do you believe that this properly called a Special
 15 Meeting for the purposes set forth in the December 2nd
 16 request?
- 17 A The answer is yes and no, okay?
- 18 Q Tell the Court why yes and why no.
- 19 A Well, the -- the answer is certainly it did Call for a meeting
 20 at a specific time and place that was more than five days from
 21 the time of the Call.

Now if we look at the language of the Special Meeting agenda, which in effect was setting forth the -- purporting to provide the notice.

If we look at -- at Items 1 through 4 and 13, those

are essentially procedural aspects -- and you don't really need to provide substantive notice of, you know, an invitation, prayer, pledge of allegiance, dealing with that sort of thing. So that's really not at issue.

If one looks at Number 8, Proposed Bylaw Amendments, there is a description of two bylaw amendments, and it purports that those bylaw amendments were, in fact, attached, clearly that part of it provides clear and specific notice to anyone that those particular bylaw amendments would be considered at the meeting. So that meets the criteria.

Items 9 through 12 refer to review and possible removal of four named individuals. And, again, that portion is clear and specific. Particularly with regard to removal. If it says that you're going to potentially remove particular individuals, everyone would be under, I think, clear notice -- specific notice that that -- those issues would be considered at the meeting.

However, if we look at Items 5 through 7, issues of transparency, issues of accountability, and issue of unity, those are extremely a general statement proposes subjects.

Someone just looking at, oh, there will be issues of transparency coming up, or issues of unity, would really have no way of knowing what particular motions would be brought up under those provisions.

So in my opinion, those three items are not

- providing clear and specific notice. And, consequently, any
 motions adopted at the meeting scheduled for January 6th, that
 were or purported to come under those categories, would not be
- 5 Q But Item 12 is clear and specific, review and possible removal of Chairwoman Kristina Karamo; correct?
- 7 A That is correct.

validly adopted.

- 8 Q All right. Let's shift gears to the January 6th, 2024, 9 meeting itself. Do you believe that was validly held?
- 10 A It was based upon -- if one assumes the accuracy of the Draft
 11 Minutes of that meeting, the answer is that it was validly
 12 held. Obviously there are a lot of elements to that, but yes.
- 14 Q Do you know who presided actually -- if you'd turn to
 15 Exhibit 8, please? Does that document state who presided and
 16 who served as Secretary for the meeting?
- 17 A Yes. It says that Co-Chair Malinda Pego presided. And, it -18 way down in the meeting, it says that -- and I'm trying to get
 19 her name, Angela -- I'm sorry I --
- 20 Q Ann DeLisle?

Yes.

- 21 A Correct. Was elected Secretary Pro Tem.
- 22 Q Now normally the Chair would preside -- even at a Special
- 23 Meeting, the Chair would preside; right?
- 24 A That -- that is correct.
- 25 Q And, the Secretary would be the Secretary?

A That is correct.

2

3

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

20

24

25

Q What happens if the Chair and the Secretary don't show up?

A Well, in the case of the Chairman not showing up, the bylaws specifically say that when -- and when describing the Co-Chairman's authority, that in the absence of the Co-Chair -- the Chairman, excuse me, the Co-Chairman shall have like power

to the Chairman. So that power certainly includes the

8 authority to preside.

Now with regard to Secretary, we have to turn to Robert's Rules of Order.

Now with regard to Secretary, we have to turn to Robert's Rules of Order. And, as you can see displayed upon the screen, Section 47, Paragraph 34, it says that in the absence of the Secretary, a Secretary Pro Tem must be elected.

So based upon again, the Draft Minutes, however belatedly such a Secretary was, in fact, elected.

- Q Okay. What does Pro Tem mean?
- 18 A Temporary. It means that the person essentially is serving
 19 just for that meeting.
 - Q All right. And, when you say belatedly, what do you mean?
- 21 A Well, ideally what should have happened is that certainly
 22 after the opening ceremonies, the very first item should have
 23 been the election of a Secretary Pro Tem.

If one goes to Page 2, while they're in the midst of dealing with the proposed Bylaw amendment, it says the Co-

- Chair realized that the Secretary Pro Tem had not been voted on, and there was a motion to appoint and Delisle was
- 3 Secretary Pro Tem, and it records that that motion passed.
 - Q Okay. So it should have been done at the front end of the meeting, and it didn't happen as soon as --
- A Ideally it should have. That -- that is correct. However, I

 would still say that it was valid. Essentially what does the

 Secretary do, you know, apart from doing things like reading

 things out when directed to do so, or assisting the Chair in

 counting. The primary purpose is to take minutes and

 presumably that could -- could be done despite the fact that

 she wasn't validly elected at the very beginning.
 - Q Okay. Would you go back to Exhibit 28, please.
- MR. LAUDERBACH: Sorry I got you flipping all over the place, Your Honor.
- 16 BY MR. LAUDERBACH:
- 17 Q You've reviewed that -- what that --
- 18 A The heading is the head -- the heading of the Policy Sub-19 Committee on bylaw violations. Yes.
- Q Right. It asserts that the proxies were not valid because they were not sent to the Secretary. Do you see that?
- 22 A Yes.

5

- 23 Q Okay. Do you believe that's accurate?
- A I do not. And, this requires a little bit of detailed
 analysis. So the -- the first thing we have to understand is

what does -- do the bylaws say and equally important, what do they not say about proxies. And, then apply certain principles and interpretation.

Now the -- the first thing that I just want to -- to say because I think it's important to be clear about this, is that the use of the term proxy is a little different, I believe, than the common understanding of the term proxy.

I think most people when they think of proxy, you think about a situation where there's a -- let's say a shareholder meeting in a business corporation. And, you know, there may be one person, maybe the Secretary who has pieces of paper from the -- to poll those shares and pass a series of votes. There can be thousands of votes. One person casting all those votes.

And, even in a non-profit organization, it's not uncommon to have provisions that say that a particular member can hold, let's say a certain number of proxies and essentially then cast two or three votes.

That is not what is authorized with regard to the -the State Committee here. In fact, it -- in terms of what

people -- the way that people generally think of the term, I

think the term proxy here is really closer to being what you

might call an alternate compared to a delegate, as we might

see in a convention.

And, the reason I say that is because the provisions

of the bylaws specifically say that no person, no one person can cast more than one vote.

So what do the bylaws say about proxies? Well, essentially -- and you can see this placed up on -- on the lower part, it basically says that individuals can vote in person or by proxy at any -- any meeting, provided that they are allowed to cast only one vote.

Now, there are other sections that deal specifically with two distinct authorities here. One is proxies so-called for individuals who are part of the District delegations -
Congressional District Delegations. And, the other applies to what happens when you are a member who is not from there. So that's the officers, Chairman; Co-Chairman; Sixth Vice-Chairman; Secretary/Treasurer; General Counsel; Chair of the Finance Committee; Head -- President of the Republican Women's Federation; and a Representative of the County Chair.

For those individuals, not -- as opposed to the Delegate -- those from the Delegation, if one of them is not going to be present, that person may choose to select an individual who's a registered voter anywhere in the State of Michigan. And, then that person can attend the meeting and essentially as I say in the same way that you might have an alternate replacing a delegate, vote at that meeting, as a "proxy."

Now if we're talking about the delegations -- I'm

calling them delegations even though that's not the term, but basically for each of the 13 Congressional Districts, there are -- there's a District Chairman who is elected; and that District Chairman automatically is one of the seven individuals who are on the committee from that district. And, the other six are elected.

So we have seven what they call regular members elected.

Now what the provisions say on this is that just like for the officers, if one of the members of -- from that delegation of a district, isn't going to be present, that person can designate someone. In this case, it would have to be somebody from the Congressional District, a registered voter from the Congressional District, to take that person's place.

But then there's a little twist. And, the little twist is that if at the meeting, the full delegation is not present, either in person or by proxy, then the District Chairman, if the District Chairman is present, can essentially fill out the meeting by designating other individuals, again, from that Congressional District.

And, in the absence of the District Chair, then a majority of the members from that delegation can do that.

So the important point here is that's what the bylaws say that grants the rights to designate proxies.

That's what they said.

Here's what they don't say. They don't have language that says that the Secretary has to be provided these proxies and validate them. So if one looks at the language and the duties of the officers, the duty of the Secretary was projected up at the top there. It lists a variety of duties. It says or perform such other duties as the bylaws provide and that this Committee shall time-to-time require.

So in the absence of some specifically adopted provision, that is no statement to that effect.

Now, there is only one place in the bylaws where there's a specific reference to having to provide proxies to a particular person. And, that relates -- you can see it's the second thing, Article VI (F), when a meeting is being held by conference, telephone, or similar communications equipment, then the last sentence says, if any person chooses to vote by proxy at a meeting held pursuant to this section, written authorization to vote by proxy must be received by the State Chairman prior to the commencement of such a meeting.

So in --

THE COURT: I'm going to just pause you, Mr. Balch.

Because it goes to a question I asked earlier. It looks to me

like those earlier proxy powers don't even require a written

proxy?

THE WITNESS: That is correct.

THE COURT: So I could say, you're my proxy and the representative could sally forth to the meeting and assuming that I'm qualified and they're from the right District, that person could be my proxy and say so at the meeting without any additional proof required?

THE WITNESS: There's nothing in the bylaws that specifically requires that it be written proof.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE WITNESS: And here, I think is the critical point.

When the bylaws provide a specific right as they do here, you can't by some lower ranking rule -- lower ranking rule, or custom, impose additional limitations on that right.

So to give an analogy, let's suppose the bylaws say that to be eligible for a particular -- to be elected to a particular position, you have to fill requirements A, B, and C. You have to be a member for a certain period of time.

That means that if you fill those requirements specified in the bylaws, you're eligible to be elected.

The Board of Directors can't say, well, in addition, you have to also fulfill A, B, and C.

The only way that can occur is through an amendment of the bylaws.

So the -- the notion that there is an imposition of this additional limitation, or this additional requirement

that's not set forth in the bylaws that would, in effect,
limit the ability to exercise the proxy rights as set forth in
the bylaws, is not justified and is not permitted.

So the bottom line is, that that is the reason that I respectfully disagree with the conclusion of the Policy Sub-Committee on bylaw violations that in order for the proxies to be valid, they had to be submitted to the Secretary and validated by the Secretary.

9 BY MR. LAUDERBACH:

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

23

24

25

- Q Mr. Balch, if I'm a member of an organization or society, I believe is the term that Robert's uses. If I'm a member of the society and I don't want someone to be appointed as my proxy, what should I do?
- 14 A You should name a proxy yourself. Well, you should either --
- 15 Q Or go to the meeting?
- 16 A -- you could either show up -- right. You either go to the
 17 meeting or you name a proxy yourself. That is correct.
- 18 Q Okay. All right.
- And -- and that's essentially, those are your options. And, of course, in particular, if you don't want the District
 Chairman to be able to name somebody in your place, the solution is either go there, show up, or name somebody else.
 - Q Okay. Based on your review of the materials and your analysis, was a quorum present at the January 6th meeting?
 - A Well, again, assuming the factual accuracy of the Draft

- 1 Minutes, the answer would be yes.
- 2 Q All right.
- 3 A Now there are, you know, disputes about what is a requirement
- of a quorum, which I guess we'll get into.
- 5 Q All right. Well, it's been asserted here that the proxies
- can't be counted to constitute a quorum. Do you agree with
- 7 that?
- 8 A Well, the -- the language of the bylaws about defining a
- 9 quorum is quite specific. That -- that is a majority of the
- 10 total membership of the Committee present in-person or by
- 11 proxy shall constitute a quorum.
- 12 Q All right. This has an exception clause; right?
- 13 A It -- it does.
- 14 Q All right. And, have you analyzed the application of the
- 15 exception clause?
- 16 A I -- I have.
- 17 THE WITNESS: Your Honor, may I request permission 18 to approach the screen in order to be able to -- more clearly
- able to sort out, point out the particular relevance?
- 20 THE COURT: You may have permission, Mr. Balch.
- THE WITNESS: Thank you, Your Honor. So I apologize
- in advance because this analysis is a little complex.
- So here is the point. This is the key provision, by
- a majority of the total membership of the Committee present in
- 25 person or by proxy, shall constitute a quorum -- now this is

important -- to transact all business of the Committee. 1 2 And, then we -- Your Honor --THE COURT: Well, that's because that thing 3 overheats every now and then and has to take a few minutes to cool down its light bulb. So you're not the first person 5 that's happened to, if that's any real --6 THE WITNESS: I'm -- I'm glad to hear that I'm not 7 8 responsible. 9 THE COURT: No, no. (At 12:33 p.m., laughter in the courtroom) 10 MR. CAMPBELL: I'll stipulate to an Act of God. 11 THE WITNESS: Well, while we're waiting for that to 12 13 go up, I'll do my best to try to describe it without the language up here. 14 THE COURT: Sure. 15 THE WITNESS: So the critical question here is, what 16 left -- what provision, what portion of the first part of that 17 bylaw does the exception apply to? 18 Does it modify the word quorum, that's one 19 interpretation. Or does it modify the phrase, transact all 20 business? 21 22 Now when a bylaw is ambiguous as alternative possible interpretations, one of the principles of 23 24 interpretation per my elementary teacher in the adoptive 25 Parliamentary Order is that it should be read in harmony with

the other bylaws.

So what we need to look at is other bylaws that require a super majority. And, I'll ask that the next part be brought up. So there -- there are five provisions in the bylaws that in one way or another could be said to constitute a super majority.

And, of course, the most directly relevant one is the one that's at the top, Article IV (G)(2), but in many — in many ways four of the five are similar. And, there are four out of the five are similar in a couple of ways.

So the first thing that we would look at, is if we would flip just for a moment back to the other bylaw provision. Okay. It says except where the action of the Committee requires a larger number of members as "specially set forth in these boxes."

So, now if we flip back again, in each of these places it says, in the red here, provided there is a quorum present. Provided there is a quorum present. Provided there is a quorum present.

Here's where you would expect that if you're going to specially set forth a different quorum, it would be presented, it would be provided. And, in fact, there is another bylaw provision dealing with Standing Committees, forming Standing Committees, where they know how to do that, and it specifically says after saying that Standing

Committees, that's a quorum, here's a majority of the membership, whether in person or by proxy, provided, however, that a quorum be present in a Budget Committee meeting to consist of not less than 2/5 of the membership of that committee in person before anybody can make this -- make a transaction.

So in the bylaws there that specially sets forth what the quorum is.

Okay. So now let's go back to that list of the other bylaws now.

MR. LAUDERBACH: We can't.

THE WITNESS: Okay. So now we have to ask is, if it's not specially set forth, the quorum is not specially set forth, if we're going to proceed upon the -- if we're going to sort of test out the hypotheses that that exception clause modifies the word, ought, we have to ask ourselves, how can we figure out what the form would, in fact, be in these other circumstances.

Now leaving aside this -- this fifth item here, we have to look at where the claim by the Policy Committee. And, the claim by the Policy Committee is that because the language states any officer may be removed if an officer or a member of this Committee, by the Committee upon a 75 percent vote of the Committee present and voting. That means, ah-ha, the quorum must be 75 percent of the Committee must be present.

Now here is the point that we have to really be clear about. That is, the word present and voting are what you might call a term of art in parliamentary procedure.

Whenever you're talking about making a determination about what vote is required, you have to look at two things. You have to look at the proportion and you have to look at the base to which that proportion applies.

So here, for example, we have a 75 percent, that's the proportion. The question is, to what base does that apply? And, the answer is all of the Committee present and voting, okay? And, it's later a point to say that while we're doing that, we can only be with those who are "present," we can't deal with the proxies or alternates, we can't include them.

So what does present and voting mean? Well, Robert's Rules of Order specifically defines that as an equivalent to the number of votes cast.

So what it really means is -- it doesn't mean that this number of members must be present. It means that the base is those who fulfill both of two conditions. That they are both present and that they are voting. In other words, they're not abstaining.

Now Robert's Rules of Order has a very specific example of the difference of what you say if you're using different basis. Okay?

So if we just look even at this same provision, there is a place where there is a different base. If we look at the orange language here, when we're talking about what the petition is requiring, it says there is signatures of at least 50 percent, that's the proportion. Of what base? Of the entire Committee, no proxies allowed.

So to illustrate this, if I may, Your Honor, just give an illustration using that whiteboard over there?

THE COURT: Yeah. Go ahead, Mr. Balch. That's exactly what that's for.

THE WITNESS: Okay. So -- so Robert's Rules of Order actually gives, in order to try to clarify what the different bases mean, and the terminology used, it actually gives examples of particular numbers.

And, I'm going to change those numbers just a little bit to make them more -- more easily --

MR. CAMPBLL: Your Honor, I'm not objecting because the cameras can't see it. I'm just objecting because I can't see it.

THE COURT: I understand. I'm very confident that our good associate, Ms. Boothroyd is going to get it in exactly the right spot for everyone. Perfect.

MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you.

THE WITNESS: So let's suppose that we have an organization that has 100 members.

THE COURT: Well, why don't we tilt that a little more flat so even the folks sitting in the gallery can see it here? All right.

THE WITNESS: That okay?

THE COURT: Perfect.

THE WITNESS: Okay. One hundred members. And, at a particular meeting, let's suppose 60 of them are present at the meeting. And, let's suppose that for some particular motion, 50 of them vote. Okay? So there are 50 voting.

Now, what -- so all I want to say is these are examples of different bases. And, what I went on to say is a majority of those present and voting, that is to say a majority of 50 would be 26. But if the requirement was that it had to be a majority of those present since there are 60 present, that majority would be 31.

And, if it has to be a majority of the entire membership, which is 100, it would now be 51.

So the critical point is Robert's Rules of Order says that the default provision, unless you specify something else, is the number present and voting, which is again equivalent to the number of votes cast.

So why is that relevant, particularly in terms of analyzing the claim of the -- or the argument by the distinguished members of the Parliamentary Sub-Committee that the forum hasn't changed to 75 percent.

Well, the critical point here is this. All we can devine from the language of the bylaws Article IV,

Section (G)(2) and, similarly to the other three that have parallel language, is that if a quorum is present, then in order to remove somebody, you need to have 75 percent of those present and voting at that meeting.

Now what does that mean? It could mean that you could have a quorum present, meaning a majority of those present in person and by proxy. But the number of those legitimately present and voting excluding proxies, would be a lesser number, and 75 percent of that could be, indeed, a lesser number.

So -- so to give it sort of an extreme example, which would never occur in practice. If you had a quorum present, if you had a majority of the members present, but only three people voted or excuse me, if four people voted, and three of those people voted to remove and one voted against, you would have a 75 percent vote. The -- the requirement would be met. And, that would not be a larger number than the number that's required for quorum. It could be a smaller number than the number that's required.

So the -- the difficulty then is you really can't, looking at this language, define logically what other quorum might be required. Other than a majority of those present.

So on the other hand, let's consider the other

alternative interpretation which is -- if we go back quickly to the provision that the exception clause modifies the word "transact" all business. Now what would that mean?

as you have a quorum constituting a majority of the total membership present in person or by proxy, you can do anything. Why? There may be some things that you can't do. Some particular business you can't do. Why? Because in some cases the action of the Committee may require a larger number of members as specially set forth in these bylaws.

Now let's go back to this -- the full --

And, if we look at the removal -- there is a condition precedent to being able to remove. And, that condition precedent is, there has to be a petition requesting the vote be taken bearing the signatures of at least 50 percent of the entire Committee with no proxies allowed.

Now that requirement could easily be a larger number than the number of 75 percent are voting, or the number of members present and voting.

So in other words, here's a situation in which you can read these bylaw provisions together with the quorum requirement in a way that -- that makes sense, okay?

So, again, I think I mentioned this before, one of the principles of interpretation, for parliamentary procedure interpreting bylaws under Robert's Rules is when you have two -- when a bylaw provision is susceptible of two possible interpretations, and one of them conflicts with or renders absurd another bylaw provision, and the other interpretation does not, the latter must be taken as the true meaning.

My analysis is that because interpreting the exception clause is modifying quorum would render absurd, at least these four top provisions because you couldn't figure out what the quorum is.

So a supposedly different quorum is.

But on the other hand, if you interpret it as the exception clause is modify and transact all business, and you can look at this and say, ah-ha, there are some circumstances in which a larger number, even though a quorum is present, is not adequate to remove a member unless you also have this larger number, mainly the petition bearing the signatures of at least 50 percent in the -- (inaudible).

So bottom line in my interpretation, the better interpretation, if you want to move back to the -- this is that the exception modifies the language transact all business. It doesn't modify the term quorum, the consequence of that is that in order to remove a member, or to do any of those other things that are listed in those four other provisions, the quorum is -- first of all, the majority of the total membership of the Committee present in person and by proxy, but of course, that alone doesn't necessarily allow you

to remove a member because there's this other number that

could be a larger number required. And, that concludes that

particular --

4 BY MR. LAUDERBACH:

- 5 Q Thank you, Mr. Balch. You may move back and take your seat.
- 6 A Thank you.

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 7 Q So a quorum was present?
- 8 A Again -- again, assuming the accuracy of the Draft Minutes, 9 that would be my conclusion.
- 10 Q Thank you. In your opinion, was the proposal to remove

 11 Ms. Karamo as Chair properly brought before the Committee?
- 12 A The -- the answer is yes and this does require some analysis.
- 13 Q Okay. Please go ahead.
- 14 A So now we're dealing with this requirement actually which goes
 15 back to the -- the language that we've -- when looking -16 there it is (points at whiteboard). It's under a different
 17 part -- it's the same information.

And, what does it say? It says that -- what we've just been talking about, the condition precedent to being able to remove, consider the motion to remove, is that a petition requesting such a vote be taken bearing the signatures of at least 50 percent of the -- of a Committee, is required "in order to bring the question before the Committee."

Now I'm aware that one of the arguments put forth by the Policy Sub-Committee is that well, doesn't this mean --

wasn't it necessary that these petitions were provided, let's say at the time that the meeting was called?

And, we have to look at this in two points.

First of all, the requirement that there be notice simply requires that there be enough information so members can decide whether to attend or not.

In fact, there's language in Robert's Rules of Order that specifically says that you don't even have to give the exact language of the motion as long as the -- the purport is clear.

The second point is that we know that the bylaws -can you pose a timing requirement out when they want it. So,
for example, in Article XV, in order to adopt the bylaw
amendment, there's a requirement that the bylaw amendment text
must be provided to all members 30 days in advance.

The only language, however, in this provision is that it must be filed "in order to bring it before the Committee."

So the question is, what does it mean in order to bring it before the Committee? And, this is where we need to resort to Robert's Rules of Order.

Again, the adoptive parliamentary authority.

And, Robert's is very specific in this point. It has a sub-section that is titled as you can see up there (pointing to whiteboard), how a motion is brought before the

assembly.

And -- and I'll -- it basically says there are three steps. A member makes the motion; another member seconds the motion; and then the Chair states the question.

And, it's very clear in IV (3) that the making or the seconding in and of itself places it before the assembly. Only the Chair can do that by the third step stating the question.

So the issue is, were the petitions provided before that occurred? Before it was brought before the assembly by being moved, seconded and stated by the Chair?

And, of course, that's a factual question.

Equally it's a factual question whether there were an adequate number of -- of the members to constitute 50 percent of the Committee at the time.

So -- so my response is that if it is factually accurate that the petitions were filed as required with the Secretary, prior to the removal being stated by the Chair, then that question was -- was valid. That those petitions were accurate.

Now the Policy Sub-Committee does make statements about when they were provided. And, if that -- if the Policy Committee's factual statements are correct, then it would appear that it was, in fact, in time.

Not -- now a conclusion, but a matter of fact.

They're saying essentially that it was sent at a particular period of time before the meeting was called to order. And, if that's correct, then obviously that was before the question was actually brought before the Committee.

Mr. Balch, I'm going to -- I'm going to move it along a little bit because I -- I think the -- I know the Court has other matters and we want to make sure Mr. Campbell has adequate time for cross. After a matter is voted upon --

A Yes?

Α

Q

Q -- can some -- can a petitioner revoke their petition?

Well, I think that the best analogy in Robert's Rules of Order, it doesn't have language that specifically refers to "petitions" in this context. But essentially what this is doing in my interpretation, is it's -- it's making a motion to remove, but there's a requirement that instead of just one person being able to do that, you have to have essentially a number of makers -- a certain number of makers.

Now what Robert's Rules of Order says is that up until a motion if stated by the Chair, it is the property of the maker of the motion. And, up until that point, the maker has the unilateral right to withdraw that motion.

So in other words, up until the time that this is stated by the Chair, if any of the members, any of the individuals who had submitted and signed these petitions, chose to withdraw that signature, then that withdrawal would

be effective.

Α

However, Robert's Rules goes on to say and it's not here, that after a motion has been stated by the Chair, it belongs to the meeting as a whole, it belongs to the assembly.

And, the maker must request the assembly's permission to withdraw the motion. So it has been represented to me by Counsel, that the -- the recanting as it was called by three members, was sent after the meeting adjourned. I have, of course, what's factually accurate or not, is not for me to say.

If that's factually -- factually accurate -- then that would, of course, be after it was stated and actually since the meeting had adjourned, it would be too late even to ask for permission of the assembly to withdraw.

All right. Based on your review of these materials and the -the evidentiary matters here, do you believe that Kristina
Karamo was properly removed as Chair of the Michigan
Republican Party on January 6th, 2024?

Again -- again, assuming the accuracy of the Draft -- the Draft Minutes -- Draft Minutes of that meeting, yes, that is correct.

MR. LAUDERBACH: All right. Your Honor, I have no -- I'm going to pass the witness at this time. I know the Court's pressed for time and --

THE COURT: Yeah, and I suppose well, we'll start

seeing criminal defendants for sentencing and their attorneys 1 filtering in before 1:30 because 1:30 is the official start 2 time for that, if we start a few minutes late, it's not the 3 end of the world. But I certainly want to give Mr. Campbell enough time or at least some time to cross-examine. 5 Mr. Campbell? 6 MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you. If you can turn off the 7 overhead before other divine agents start to intervene? 8 (At 12:55 p.m., overhead turned off) 9 CROSS-EXAMINATION 10 BY MR. CAMPBELL: 11 What I'd like you to have before you is Exhibit A in the 12 Plaintiff's (sic) book, we'll start there. 13 A -- I have numbered exhibits. You say --Α You should have letters. 15 THE COURT: Look at -- around to your right there, 16 Mr. Balch, there's a --17 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. 18 BY MR. CAMPBELL: 19 All right. We'll start with -- first of you, you talked about 20 an Article VII, then you said, hey, they know how to put in 21 22 numbers about votes if they really want to. Do you remember that? 23 24 Α In any of the Standing Committees. Yes. 25 Q Yeah.

- Α Yes, sir. 2 And, the number they had to put in there about quorum, it's not a larger number, it was a smaller number? 3 That is correct. Α In other words, if that had to do with creating quorum for a 5 6 smaller instance and that's not addressed at all in Article VI, Section (C); correct? 7 Article VI, Section (C), certainly did not refer to this 8 provision. The reason that I had cited it was simply to say 9 that -- that elsewhere in the bylaws it's possible to set 10 forth a different quorum, specially and specifically. 11 Well, except you have a place in your opinion where you say, 12 13 hey, you say something here, and then you say something different over here, we've got to take the first time you said 14 it; right? 15 I'm sorry. I'm not sure if I understood that. 16 17 Sure. Let me try again. You have an opinion -- let me find
- 17 Q Sure. Let me try again. You have an opinion -- let me find
 18 it within your opinion, give me a few seconds to try to -19 give me a second. That's not it. Somewhere I have your
 20 opinion here, I just --
- 21 A Do you mean a report?
- 22 Q A report, yeah. Tell you what --
- 23 A Let me grab it.
- 24 Q -- you were -- you -- in fact, you just talked about it. You said, hey, wait a minute, up in the earlier portions of the

- bylaws, there were statements that seem to run into the -into a different statement than the quorum section. And, you
 said, well, because they said this first, we have to take
 that. Do you remember that? If it would make one version to
 be found to be --
- A So -- so are you saying -- well, I think what I had said and I hope I'm understanding your question, was that if there are two possible interpretations, the first interpretation and the second interpretation, and -- and one of those interpretations, whether it was first or second, it renders another bylaw in conflict or absurd.
- 12 Q Right.
- A And, the other one doesn't. But you have to take the other one. Is that what you're referring to?
- 15 Q Yes. So where they get defined quorums --
- 16 A Yes.
- Q -- and then they say something completely different, you would
 agree with me that Section VII is a completely different -different definition than Section VI (C)?
- 20 A In -- as it was a quorum, absolutely, yes.
- 21 Q So they said something different, those are not -- what -- 22 what was your word that they were --
- 23 A In harmony?
- Q -- they're not in harmony. In other words, if a quorum is this with the only exception being stated within that rule,

- here's an exception outside that rule that exists within the bylaws; right?
- Well, there's a -- there's a principle of interpretation in 3 Α Robert's that says that a general rule is always of less authority than a specific rule and yields to. So if you have 5 a general statement that the quorum is a majority of the 6 entire membership, and then you have in another part of the 7 8 bylaws a specific statement that for this particular circumstance, the quorum is different, then for that specific 9 circumstance would prevail in that particular context. 10
 - Q You would agree with me there's also the concept that no words are nugatory within a bylaw; right? There's no pointless words that are written in there?
- 14 A Right. That is correct.

11

12

13

- So, for example, in your example you just gave me, you said

 well if it says this is what a quorum is, and then it says it

 over here, so that is not what we have; right? We have

 somebody saying this is a quorum, except in this circumstance;

 right?
- 20 A Well, that -- that -- that goes --
- Q Well, just so we're clear, we have a rule with an expressed exception.
- 23 A The question is whether the exception applies to the quorum or 24 applies to transact all business. That's the issue.
- 25 Q Well, it's -- well, so let's talk about that because it's not

just about the quorum, it's just -- the exception could be the
majority of the total membership; right? Because it begins a
quorum -- a majority of the total membership, and then it says
except where the actually -- again, I'm skipping the words
just to highlight it, it says the Committee present, in
person, or by proxy shall constitute a quorum except where the
action of the Committee requires larger number of members as
specially set forth in the bylaws. Right?

- 9 A That -- that's the reading of the -- the bylaw, yes.
- 10 Q You're giving an example of where it talks about fewer members.
- 12 A Yes. That's --
- 13 Q That's Article VII?
- 14 A Correct.

23

24

25

- 15 Q What's an example where it requires more members?
- 16 A Where the quorum requires more members?
- 17 Q Yes. A -- a larger quorum than merely a majority.
- Right. Well, by my interpretation there -- there is no -
 well, there is -- potentially there is one. And, that is that

 a fifth item that I -- that was projected up on the screen,

 where it talks about a require -- in order to vote, you have

 to have a majority of the members of the Committee.

If that's interpreted to say a majority of the entire membership, then because in order to adopt something, you have to have a majority of the entire membership, in

effect in practice that would be a larger -- a larger quorum before -- because if they weren't present, then you couldn't obviously do that.

Q

Α

So there is that one example, I believe.

- Do you think that example requires a larger number of members?

 I -- and in the -- so -- so there is one requirement that's ambiguous, but I didn't really focus on, which is whether the language, a vote of the members, is the same thing as a vote of the entire membership. But it is a plausible interpretation, but that's if. And, if that is -- if that is the correct interpretation of that, then it would, in fact, be requiring a larger number of members.
- So it's a plausible interpretation that in -- if you have it in front of you, Section VI (C), the exception is the majority? In other words, quorums are majorities, except in actions where the Committee requires a larger number? That's plausible; right?
 - Okay. So I -- if I understand what you're saying, if we looked of those five items, those five different provisions, just at that fifth provision, then yes, it would be plausible. But the problem that I have is that we have to construe it with -- in harmony with all of the other provisions, and then with the other four provisions it -- it doesn't make sense.

But I do concede that if we just look at that provision, you could interpret that as consistent with saying

- that the exception modifies the word quorum.
- 2 Q Okay. We're going to come back to the other sections. I want
- to focus on what this says here in quorum. It says there's an
- 4 exception. You've argued that the exception is on the
- transaction of the type of business; right?
- 6 A That that's the better interpretation, yes.
- 7 Q Correct. It is a plausible interpretation, that they meant to
- 8 increase the numbers to create a quorum, that's plausible;
- 9 right?
- 10 A What I would say is, if you just look at the language of that
- bylaw provision, yes, it definitely is plausible.
- 12 Q Thank you.
- 13 A The problem with it is that if you -- when you then try to
- apply it to the other by --
- 15 Q That's not a problem in all situations because I'll give you
- some other plausibility's. But let's go further here.
- 17 Another plausible interpretation is that what they meant to
- 18 except were proxies? So when you read this, it says a
- majority of the total membership of the Committee present, in
- 20 person, or by proxy, shall constitute a quorum. Now that --
- when it says a majority of the total membership, it means
- 22 those folks who are the total membership, not just those
- 23 present and voting; right? When you read this sentence?
- 24 | A So -- I'm sorry?
- 25 Q It says a majority of the total membership of the Committee

- present, in person, or by proxy, shall constitute a quorum.
- 2 A Right.
- 3 Q So they're saying that it's not just the majority of people
- who are there? Or there by proxy -- it's the whole Committee
- that we're looking for to determine the majority that creates
- this quorum; right? That's -- that's the purpose of this?
- 7 A Well, I -- I think I'll respectfully disagree.
- 8 Q You don't think the quorum is drawn off of the full number of
- 9 the membership?
- 10 A Oh, I'm sorry. Then I misunderstood. A majority of the total
- membership, yes.
- 12 Q Okay.
- 13 A And present, in person, or by proxy. I think what I was
- trying to respond to is that if I understood you correctly,
- 15 you were suggesting that the exception clause is an exception
- to that you can include the proxies in the quorum. Did I
- 17 misunderstand that?
- 18 Q Well, we're gonna get back to that. But right now, you agree
- 19 with me that the statement here, a majority of the total
- 20 membership of the Committee present, in person, or by proxy,
- 21 refers to the total Committee, and then a separate group of
- people who are actually present either in person or proxy?
- 23 A It refers to the entire member -- the entire voting membership
- of the Committee.
- 25 Q Right.

- 1 A Yes. And, a -- and that's -- that's the denominator, yes.
- 2 Q Okay. And, then it goes on to say we're gonna count people
- who are present, and by proxy; correct?
- 4 A Correct.
- 5 Q So it's two different concepts, although it's one conjunctive
- 6 clause?
- 7 A Fair enough.
- 8 Q And, the except could apply, as I've suggested, to the concept
- 9 that it's a majority and not something bigger; right? That --
- that's the first one, we've already been through that where
- 11 you said it's plausible?
- 12 A Right.
- 13 Q Except for the concerns you had?
- 14 A Um-hmm.
- 15 Q The second part, though, is in fact, it's referring to the
- proxy. In other words, you can use proxies for a lot of
- 17 stuff?
- 18 A Um-hmm.
- 19 Q Except where we put higher percentages as being required for
- vote purposes? Is that a plausible reading as well?
- 21 A I -- I --
- 22 Q Just on --
- 23 A I -- you know, it's an interesting reading. So -- so I guess
- 24 the difficulty is that the -- the difficulty is how do
- 25 you determine that that refers specifically to -- that the

exception is to by proxy?

In other words, what -- what is it in that language that indicates that the alternative, essentially, is I -- if that's what you're suggesting, that in these other circumstances where there's a larger number of members, then what the quorum is a majority of the total membership of the Committee present, in person. If I understand that's what you're suggesting?

- I believe you do. So am I correct, Robert's Rules is not designed to create form to somehow obfuscate substance? In other words, it's meant to facilitate the rule of the majority in a parliamentarian circumstance?
- A Well, it balances the rule of the majority with the rights of the minority and a variety of other things. But -- but does -- does parliamentary procedure, is the purpose of it to facilitate a -- the procedure in a way that is appropriate and fair? Yes. Certainly.
- Q Deception and fraud are anathema to the rules -- Robert's Rules; right?
- A Deception and fraud are matters that can be subject to disciplinary procedures under Robert's Rules. That's correct.

 What Robert's Rules does not speak to is the substantive determination of what constitutes deception or fraud because that's a substantive matter.
 - Q In fact, that's what you need committees for if you're in an

organization with bylaws to help to determine where the claim is that the rules have been misused, deception and fraud were used in order to at least have the form of an official meeting where it wasn't really one; right?

Α

Well, the reference in Robert's is, in the comments in disciplinary proceedings, but, yes, initially you would have an investigating committee which would then if -- if we're under the chapter on discipline, lead to a vote to create a set of charges and specifications, and provide notice of the individual who is charged of a -- essentially a trial to be conducted.

And, then at that trial, there would be an opportunity for the managers on behalf of the claim that there's been fraud, to present witnesses and make argument and an opportunity for the -- those accused to make -- provide witnesses and make arguments.

And, then they -- after that procedure, there would be a vote to determine by the body whether or not they determined that fraud, as you phrase it, or one of the other things that would by -- the disciplinary procedures would be followed.

- Q Is that required or is that recommended?
- A Well, it is the default requirement whenever there is a disciplinary procedure that occurs outside a specific meeting. So in other words, what Robert's Rules says is if -- during a

```
1
         meeting --
2
         Pardon me, if I may? I think you've answered my question.
         last question is if the bylaws conflict with Robert's Rules,
3
         bylaws prevail; correct?
         Certainly.
5
   Α
         So we're back into this concept -- so let's look at the larger
6
         scheme. You've talked about hey, you've got to look at all
7
         these rules in conjunction; right?
8
9
   Α
         Um-hmm.
         You can't just pick a couple. But you're aware, because I've
10
         read your report, that there are five provisions that have
11
         numbers greater than a simple majority; correct?
12
13
   Α
         Correct.
         And, you understand that that's what they meant when they
14
         said, a number -- a larger number of members, in other words,
15
         referring back to the majority earlier in that same paragraph?
16
17
   Α
         That's, I think the logical interpretation.
         And, that they're referring really to the fact that they know
18
         because they've already written those five paragraphs, that
19
         some of -- or I think actually -- yeah, all five of those were
20
         written earlier in the rules than the guorum paragraph; right?
21
22
   Α
         Um --
         In other words, they're under Article III, not under Articles
23
24
         VIII or IX?
25
   Α
         Well, normally when you have a bylaw adopted, I don't myself
```

know the history of whether these were amendments adopted at
various points. But normally if you have a bylaw -- bylaws,

you attempt to interpret it as a unitary body. You don't

necessarily prioritize something that's earlier or with

something that's later, you look at them all together. You

attempt to harmonize all portions of them.

- Q But didn't -- but earlier you said you take the earlier or the later one or whatever. But, okay. So now we've got a question here about the construct of the bylaws themselves.

 Fair to say that in constructing those provisions that have numbers greater than a simple majority.
- 12 A Um-hmm.

7

8

9

10

11

- 13 Q The purpose was to make it harder to achieve that action than
 14 it would be with a simple majority. It's a pretty simple
 15 concept.
- 16 A Yes.
- 17 Q Okay.
- 18 A And -- and -- in addition the fact that you exclude proxies
 19 also has that effect.
- Q Right. So there are mechanisms that the writers of the bylaws and the users of the bylaws have to recognize or can use in running an organization; right? You mentioned, for example, they pick some rules that were subject to the 66-2/3; right?
- 24 A Yes.
- 25 Q They -- they met, hey, you've got to be serious about to try

to change that. Fair statement? 1 2 Α Yes, that's a fair statement. 75 percent is basically saying you'd better be darn sure. 3 I don't want to get hit by anything related to that; so I'm going to use darn. Darn sure; is that fair? 5 Α Fair enough. Yes. 6 In fact, it's the highest percentage that is existing in these 7 8 bylaws of somebody having to do something in terms of an 9 action; right? I believe that is correct. 10 Α That's evidence that they wanted to make it the hardest thing 11 to do; fair? 12 13 Yes. Although one has to understand in the context of exactly how it's applied in a particular case. In other words, 14 15 exactly in the context of what the requirements are in order to do it. 16 17 But -- sure. But the goal was not to make it easier, it was to make it harder; right? 18 It -- it was to make it especially difficult, yes. Α 19 In fact, we have an example of them trying to make it easier 20 in Article VII where they reduced the quorum; right? 21 22 Easier in one sense that -- that it's a lower point. Harder in the other sense, the proxies are not counted. 23 24 So -- and let's talk about that. It is harder in an 25 organization like the Michigan GOP, you're aware, to get

- people there, live, in person, or however it is that they can appear and actually vote, as opposed to using proxies; right?
- 3 A It -- that's why they have proxies, certainly, yes.
- 4 Q Right. And, not only is it harder to do it, and it would have
- been -- is it easier to get proxies, if you will, but here
- even if you applied the quorum and said, the quorum cannot be
- 7 subject to proxies because that would be a fair reading if
- 8 the except language here applies to, you can use proxies
- 9 except in these actions that require a larger number of
- 10 members? Right?
- 11 A Well, I don't think I can --
- 12 Q It's just that concept of if you apply except to proxies, you
- could not then use proxies; right?
- 14 A Well, well -- if you apply it to that, yes.
- 15 Q Yes. Okay.
- 16 A I'm not sure that I'm convinced that it logically is --
- 17 Q We get that. But at least --
- 18 A -- that that's what it does. But, yes, if you presume that,
- 19 that would be correct. Yes.
- 20 Q -- and it's at least -- it's at -- and it's at least plausible
- 21 that that's what the except could be referring to?
- 22 A I think the problem I have with that is --
- 23 Q Well, the question is, is it plausible that -- a yes or no and
- 24 then if you say, no, you might have a problem. If you say
- yes, we have a problem, we can really move on.

- 1 A Um-hmm. Fair -- fair enough. I will say it's a
 2 possible interpretation, is that fair?
- 3 Q I'll take it and we'll move on. So if that's true, I don't
- 4 want to make you do math in your head --
- 5 A Um-hmm.
- 6 Q -- but how many members present would be needed for the

Special Meeting on January 6th, 2024?

Well, if that were the case --

9 O Yeah.

7

8

Α

- 10 A -- this will give you what you're looking for without numbers,
 11 not enough is the answer.
- 12 Q You acknowledge that. So the next issue is if, in fact,
 13 except and that modifies majority, and so now we're talking
 14 about it's not a simple majority 54, but now we need the
 15 75 percent of the total membership? In other words, the
 16 except takes out the word majority, puts in 75 percent,
 17 drawing it from that's the number that's the larger number of
 18 members, that's what's in the rule. We're going to put it in
- 19 here.
- 20 A Um-hmm.
- 21 Q Then that would require, even with proxies, do you know how 22 many votes that would require in order to hit the 75 percent?
- 23 A Now --
- 24 Q If there -- if there were -- what was our number, 71?
- MR. HOUSTON: Um-hmm. Yeah.

BY MR. CAMPBELL: 2 I have to -- I'm not going to make you do the math --So taking as given that we -- that in my interpretation that 3 Α is not an accurate interpretation of it. If your point is, if we accept that that is an accurate interpretation, would 5 there have been a -- a quorum, and the answer obviously is no. 6 Yeah. If my math is correct, 40 votes is 56 percent of 71, 7 8 which they're claiming was the quorum. You -- you don't disagree with that math? 9 No. I -- I, again, having the reservation, I've given the 10 Α reasons why I think that's not correct. But if we -- but on 11 the premise that that's correct, then clearly the math is not 12 13 there. If, in fact, you say okay, instead of the word majority Q because that's the exception, we're creating an exception. 15 We're going to go to that larger number and that larger number 16 is 75 in that rule; 66-2/3 in other rules. If you plug in 17 75 percent of the total membership present, in person and by 18 proxy -- we'll leave the and by proxy in it, why is that not a 19 cogent reading consistent with both (G)(2) in Article III, and 20 Article VI (C)? 21 22 Α The reason it's not a cogent reasoning -- cogent reading is because it misunderstands the words present and voting. As I 23

In other words, the description in both of the

tried to explain.

24

removal provisions, the one that relates to members, and the 1 2 one that relates to officers, refers to 75 of the -- the vote that's required as being 75 percent of the members present and 3 voting. Making clear that proxies are not included. So as I tried to explain, that can't appropriately 5 be interpreted as saying that 75 percent of the members of the 6 Committee must be present. 7 Well, it can if we said by virtue of replacing the word 8 Q 9 majority with the number 75 percent? Right? I -- and in other words, the except --10 Well, you're asking --11 Α -- the exception -- majority means 50 percent plus 1; right? 12 13 Α Well, not technically. It means more than -- more than half, which it's probably not very relevant here, when you have 14 fractional voting plus one, would not be accurate. But, yes. 15 We don't have fractional voting. So it's 50 plus 1 if there's 16 a hundred? Correct? 17 Α (No response). 18 It would be 54 if you had 106 members? 19 Q There are -- without getting into a lot of mathematics here. Α 20 21 Q No, I've asked the question, 54 out of 106 would be a

23 A I believe that's correct. Yes.

majority; right?

24 Q 54 out of 107 would be a majority; correct?

25 A Yes.

And, so this word majority is a number. It's a percentage however you want to express it. When you replace that because this is the exception under (G((2), with 75 percent, then there is no incongruity between VI (C) and (G)(2)? They read the same, that you need 75 percent with or without proxy, to make your quorum. And, then in order to vote, you need

75 percent of those who are there, present and voting.

- Well, again, if we accept that I'm -- my interpretation is wrong, and that your interpretation is correct, that in fact, 75 percent fits, then does it follow that there was not a quorum? Yes, it does. But, again, I've explained why I disagree with that interpretation.
- But these rules work with that one understanding. You have tried to change the word quorum. I am suggesting to you that you've misidentified the word to be replaced. The word is majority and it may even be proxy. Those are the words that are excepted out. You've picked this all business to be transacted. But there's no offense in my instruction if by putting 75 percent and whether or not I leave in the concept of proxy; right? It works.
- 21 A My --

- 22 Q Just as well as your examples.
- 23 A -- your examples --
- Q It works coming out with a different result, but it works the same.

- A Well, it only works if there is, in fact, justification for

 putting in the 75 percent. But if -- if there's justification

 for putting in the 75 percent which I've tried to argue why

 that's not the (inaudible) -- then does your logic follow?

 Yes, it does.
- You would agree with me, reasonable people could differ with your logic on that issue; correct?
- 8 A Well, obviously a whole variety of people disagree. But --
- 9 Q But if --
- 10 A -- whether that is reasonable or not will be for the Judge to determine.
- 12 Q And, a jury might be examples of people who could reasonably disagree; right?
- 14 A Well, you know, when we use the term reasonably, let's put it
 15 this way. Obviously there's disagreement. I've tried to
 16 explain why I think in applying the principles and
 17 interpretation under Robert's Rules of Order, why a certain
 18 interpretation makes sense, and the other interpretation
 19 doesn't make sense.
- 20 And, I obviously am convinced that's the most reasonable interpretation.
- Q But you do allow that others may come to other interpretations; right?
- 24 A Obviously others have so I have to allow --
- 25 Q Thank you. Rule of parliamentary. The rule is advisory; is

- 1 that a fair -- fair statement?
 2 A Yes. That is absolutely correct.
 3 Q You have no authority?
 - 4 A That's correct.
 - And, so even when you're there at the GOP meeting, you can advise the Chair; correct?
 - 7 A That is correct.

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

- 8 Q And, the Chair -- the Chair --
- 9 A And, the -- the Chair will make a decision.
- 10 Q -- the Chair can reject it?
- 11 A The Chair makes its decision -- the Chair has the authority to
 12 -- if the Chair disregards the parliamentarian's advice, the
 13 Chair has that authority.

Now, Robert's does go on to say that if a Chair regularly and habitually disregards the parliamentarian's advice, the parliamentarian may have an ethical obligation at the end of that particular arrangement to cease advising. But it is absolutely the case that in a meeting, it is the presiding officer subject to appeal that has the authority to rule. And, the parliamentarian gives advice that is not binding.

- 22 Q If the parliamentarian says to the Chair, do X, the Chair says
 23 that sounds right, I'm going to do X. The Committee can
 24 overrule the Chair; correct?
- 25 A Through -- through an appeal process. That is correct.

- Q Okay. And, so it is the final word of what happens belongs to the Committee; fair statement?
 - A Procedurally, that is correct.
- Would you agree with this statement, when there is serious

 division, it is in human nature that each side will attempt to

 construe any ambiguity in the rules in such a way as to foster

 its substantive objectives?
- 8 A I certainly would agree with it. It sounds like something I
 9 myself have written, though. I'm not going to claim it.
 - Q I was going to say, unless you plagiarized Henry N. Robert,
 III, of Robert's Rules. I'm going to give him credit. I
 think he was first.
- 13 A All right.

- Q How about this, the ideal is that the rule applicable to a contentious subject are so clear that the contending sides cannot plausibly differently interpret them to their own advantage. That is the ideal; right?
- A That is, indeed, the ideal. It's what we -- that's one of the reasons why we strive in writing Robert's Rules of Order to do something that approaches as close as possible to covering every situation. I like to analyze it to the method of the concept of an absence, so we keep trying to get closer and closer, but we're never going to completely reach it. But that's one of the reasons that it's so many pages to put a lot of people off.

- 1 Q My first quote from Mr. Robert's and they were both from
 2 Mr. Robert's, give him his credit, talked about construing
 3 ambiguities in rules. Right?
- 4 A Yes.
- And, there's a difference between construing an ambiguity and engaging in deception and fraud; correct?
- 7 A One would certainly hope so.
- 8 Q Yeah. Well, do you recognize that there is a difference?
- 9 A Well, I -- I -- is there a difference between properly
 10 construing an ambiguity and being engaged in fraud or
 11 deception, yes.
- Q Okay. Thank you. You would agree with me that the Robert's Rules of Order are not legislative in their character?
- 14 A Well, that's certainly not legislative in the sense that they
 15 have the role of a statute, if that's what you mean by
 16 legislative in their character.
- 17 Q Who wrote the Introduction to the current Robert's Rules?
- Well, the Introduction -- so the -- the quick answer to that 18 Α is obviously the original language came from General Robert. 19 It's been modified over the years. There was a major re-20 writing in 1970's that Henry M. Robert, III, and William Evans 21 22 and Sarah Corbin Robert did probably much of the language comes from the three of them. It has been tweaked over the 23 24 years with additional revisions, via the members of the 25 authorship team by a majority vote.

- 1 Q That's a short answer; right? Okay. I believe I read this in 2 the Introduction. These rules are prepared to meet partially
- 3 the wants needed in deliberative assemblies that are not
- 4 legislative in their character. You would not disagree with
- 5 that?
- 6 A Okay. Now I'm understanding what your point is. What that's
- 7 really referring to is that when Henry Robert developed his
- 8 Rules, they were devised -- devised for "ordinary assemblies."
- 9 Q Um-hmm.
- 10 A And, in that way, they're in some way differed from the Rules
- of the House of Representatives which he used as his basic
- model. But, yes, it is true that most legislative assemblies
- use, for example, Mason's Manual, or they have their own sets
- 14 -- sets of rules. Whether you have a State Legislature or a
- 15 Congress, that is correct.
- 16 Q And, they weren't 1,300 pages when he wrote the first draft;
- 17 right?
- 18 A He wrote 176 pages.
- 19 Q Thank you. The current runs somewhere in excess of about
- 20 1,000 pages; correct?
- 21 A No. I think it's closer to 600 or so.
- 22 Q Okay. And -- and am I correct, if there's so many problems
- with it, they're already working on a new version?
- 24 A Well, I'd like to phrase that a little bit differently than
- 25 that.

- 1 Q There is a new version expected out in 2030; correct?
- 2 A That is correct.
- 3 Q Thank you. And, you are working on that? Correct?
- 4 A Yes, sir.
- 5 Q This is, I believe, from Article X, Section 58, if you may
- 6 remember it. There's a statement, "The great purpose" --
- 7 A Oh, you're talking about the book?
- 8 Q Yes. The book. If you -- and we have a copy if you need it.
- 9 (At 1:28 p.m., the Court hands book to witness)
- 10 THE WITNESS: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 11 BY MR. CAMPBELL:
- 12 Q I don't know if we need it for my purposes, Your Honor, but
- we're going to talk about that --
- 14 A Yeah. Do you have the -- do you have the page number by any
- chance, just to get quickly or the section number? There's --
- 16 you said with --
- 17 Q Article X, Section 58.
- 18 A So X:58?
- 19 Q I think that's it. Can I read to you what's here because you
- 20 may not need it. I mean, strike --
- 21 A Okay. Then I -- I --
- 22 | Q -- there's a quote. That great --
- 23 A 10:58. I -- yeah, this isn't 10:58, it's 10:57, if you -- are
- 24 you sure you got it right?
- 25 Q No, I am not. But let me read this quote and see if you

- agree. "The great purpose of all rules and forums is to subserve the will of the assembly," sub-serve meaning make it
 subservient itself to --
- 4 A Um-hmm.
- 5 Q -- "to the will of the assembly rather than to restrain it to
 6 facilitate and not to obstruct the expression of their
 7 deliberative sense."
- 8 A Yes.
- 9 Q Very well. Okay. Thank you. Let's talk about the articles,
 10 which are Exhibit A. Again, I believe there's Article V, Duty
 11 of Officers?
- 12 A Yes.
- 13 Q There's a Duty for the Secretary? Can you see that?
- 14 A I do.
- There's a provision in there that says the Secretary shall
 give notice to the membership of all meetings by sending same
 to the post office address of the member recorded by the
 Committee?
- I think that has to be read together with the language on notice in the bylaws. And, that notice does specifically say that all notices can be sent by email. So I think what one has to construe this together with that is to say that, in fact, it is possible to send notice by email, not just by sending it to the post office address.
- 25 Q So these provisions oftentimes need to be both considered in

- the modern world, if you will, and in circumstances as well as other bylaws that are there; right?
- A Well, and that's probably the basis for the language on notice, that's specific to notice also in the bylaws.
- 5 Q You said there's no Section 58, is there a Section 59 in 6 Article X, talking about secretaries?
- 7 A I'm sorry.
- 8 Q Or in --
- 9 A We're back in -- we're now in Robert's --
- 10 Q We're now back in Robert's, yeah.
- 11 A Okay. Okay. I'm sorry, give it to me again.
- 12 Q I have Article X, Section 59. It has the statement that in
- addition to the above duties, when there is only one
- Secretary, and it speaks about the Secretary's duties. And, I
- have that as Section 59, and it's part of it, it's not the
- whole thing.
- 17 A Yeah. I do -- you do have the 12th -- the 12th Edition? I
 18 just --
- 19 Q I may be off and so --
- 20 A -- yeah. I -- the duties of the Secretary are found in the
- section on officers, surprisingly enough. Which is
- 22 Section 47.
- Q Okay. But there is a -- and are you aware of the concept that
- 24 when there is only one Secretary, it is the Secretary's duty
- 25 to send out proper notices of all Called meetings?

I think, again, the principle of an interpretation is that when there is a general statement, it's always of less authority than a specific statement. So it is true that it's the Secretary's duty to send out these.

But there is an express exception in the Section on Special Meetings which allows, under very specific circumstances, a member of the group that was requesting a Special Meeting to send out the notice. So that specific provision in those specific circumstances prevails over the general authority of the Secretary.

- Are you aware of the fact that the special notice came out not from the Secretary, but from another source, whether that affected the turn out for the meeting on January 6th, 2024?

 Well, you're asking me am I aware of a factual issue of an affect on the turn out and the answer is I -- I have no idea.
- 16 Q Okay.

Α

- 17 A I only can really respond to what -- what the bylaws provide,
 18 but I -- I would have to speculate on what you just said.
- 19 Q If it was designed, in fact, to be sent in a manner that would
 20 lead to confusion, that would be one of those principles that
 21 are inconsistent with what Robert's Rules is trying to do;
 22 right? We're not --
- 23 A Well, I mean, again --
- Q -- to creating circumstances where people won't show up at meetings --

-- if you say if the bylaw that authorizes a member to send out the notice in a circumstance when the Chairman has failed to do so, when she's required to do so, is, you know, designed to be confusing, is that good or bad?

Α

Q

Α

I -- I think the direct answer to the question is members obviously can have their opinions about how good or bad or justified particular provisions of the bylaws are.

And, based on those views, they can seek to amend the bylaws.

But it doesn't change the fact that the bylaws, as they are currently written, specifically provide that in that context, and obviously they're directing an issue here, they're designed to cover the ability when the Chairman is not in sympathy with the desires of this group of members, and fails to send out an appropriate notice, what's the remedy? And, it creates a remedy that allows the member to send it out.

That's what the bylaw says. If one thinks that that's unfair or wrong or confusing, one could offer -- adopt an amendment for the bylaws to be changed.

Thank you. Give me just a moment here. Are you aware in the bylaws of a basis for removal that is separate and apart from Article III (G)(2) for a member or for a -- a -- an officer? So independent of the two provisions that deal with removal of members and removal of things -- well, there is a provision, I believe, that says that when a -- I believe it's an officer fails to support a Republican candidate, the Chairman has the

authority to remove that member, I believe. I may be mistaken slightly.

Q Any others?

- Um -- no. Well, there are provisions in the context of the conflict of interest where if someone has been determined not to provide this, and there's this process by which you go through in which there -- they can be -- their rights can be suspended as a member. There are provisions that deal with if you are a member and you have not made the requisite financial contribution to regulated funds, then your rights are suspended as well. On -- on to, you know, there's a deadline to do that.
 - Q Are you aware of any removals that occurred on the January 13th meeting that were not on the agenda?
 - A That -- that were not listed meaning in the -- in the notice?

 My -- my -- yes. There are a number of removals stated in the

 Draft Minutes of that meeting, yes.
 - Q Do you know the purpose or basis for those removals?
 - A I believe that some of them were based on the conflict of interest provision, if I remember correctly. And, there was -- certainly there was a purported removal of the Co-Chairman, which I -- I have to say I would probably need to look carefully again at the minutes to see the -- the exact proceedings. But I am aware that there were a number of -- of removals for various reasons, even though as I have opined,

- they were not within the proper notice for that Special
 Meeting.
- 3 Q So you believe there needed to be a special notice to remove 4 them under the conflict of interest provision?
- 5 A There needed to be a special notice for anything done at a Special Meeting, which would include that.
- 7 Q Do you know what whipping the vote means?

12

13

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 8 A Well, it is a -- it is not a term in Robert's Rules of Order.
 9 Independently of that, my understanding is that it usually is
 10 a situation in which there is an effort to encourage members
 11 to vote for or against something.
 - Q If false statements are made in the process of obtaining signatures for purposes of the removal of either the petition or the proxy, those proxies and those petitions would not be valid if they were illegally, fraudulently, or deceptively gathered; correct?
 - A Well, I would state it this way. Clearly if, in fact, a particular -- let's say signed petition was fraudulent, then it would not be valid. Robert's Rules of Order does not itself speak to the content of what constitutes fraud or not.

Now, I suppose that would be, you know, for a legal determination or some -- or some other determination.

The -- the issue of -- let me phrase it this way.

What Robert's Rules of Orders speaks to is the process that's followed in dealing with an allegation of fraud. It does not

itself get into, for example, the question of if somebody 1 2 makes a statement that is wrong or false, does that in and of itself constitute invalidating fraud or not. That's just --3 that's regarded as a substantive issue as opposed to a procedural issue. 5 6 And, that issue would be handled by the organization through its processes and the bylaws; correct? 7 8 Α The answer it could be, yes. And, are you aware of the Special Committee's report regarding 9 issues on fraud and deception in the setting of and the 10 conduct of the January 6th --11 12 If you're referring to the Policy Sub-Committee Report? Α 13 Yes. 0 I'm aware of that report, yes. 14 And, were you aware that that report was presented at the 15 January 13th and approved upon January 13th both by the Policy 16 Committee and by the State Committee? 17 I believe based on the Draft Minutes of that, that is --18 that is accurate. Again, you've heard my analysis that says 19 that those matters were not properly before that Special 20 Meeting because they weren't clearly and specifically noticed. 21 22 You've also said that if there's fraud and deception, that's not anything you've taken into consideration in any of your 23 expert opinions; correct? 24 25 Α Correct.

- 1 Q You haven't even considered it; fair statement?
- 2 A The -- that is correct. Yes.
- 3 Q Thank you.
- 4 A Again, it's not within the ambit of my expert witness
- 5 testimony.
- 6 Q Thank you. You know that the January 13th -- you would agree
- 7 with me the January 13th meeting was never withdrawn?
- 8 A I'm sorry, withdrawn?
- 9 Q Yeah. The January 13th meeting was properly called and it was
- 10 properly --
- 11 A Yeah. It was properly called and, for example, I don't know
- whether I had been asked to say this, the motion that was
- adopted at the January 6th meeting, or the motions to cancel
- or to rescind, independently of the fact that they were not
- 15 within the notice, would -- would have been invalid even if
- they were within the notice because the provisions of the
- bylaws explicitly give unilateral authority to the Chairman to
- 18 Call a Special Meeting.
- 19 So the members would not have the right that they
- could try to deny a quorum, they could move to adjourn when it
- shows up, but they don't have the right to cancel a Special
- 22 Meeting validly called by the Chairman.
- 23 Q And, so it was never canceled or withdrawn; correct?
- 24 A That it was never -- I believe so, yes.
- 25 Q Do you know what credentialing is?

```
Well, I served for a period of time as Chair of the
2
         Credentialing Commission of the -- a National Association of
         Parliamentarians. So I hope I have some familiarity with the
3
         concept.
         Do you know how the January 6th Committee Meeting that they
5
   Q
6
         allege took place was credentialed?
         Oh, I'm sorry. That's a different context. I was thinking
   Α
7
8
         credentialing somebody as an expert or something of that sort.
         Okay. Got it.
9
   Α
         So -- so I'm sorry. If you don't mind going back to the
10
         question again? I'm --
11
         Yes. Do you know how the credentials for those who either
12
   Q
13
         appeared or whose proxies were presented on January 6th, how
         that was done?
14
         I have no independent knowledge of that, not.
15
         And, it's played no part in your opinions that you've given
16
         today; correct?
17
         That's correct.
   Α
18
         I did want to show you Exhibit J, if you have that?
19
   Α
         I do.
20
21
                   (At 1:43 p.m., Mr. Campbell confers with
22
                   Mr. Lauderbach)
   BY MR. CAMPBELL:
23
24
         If you have Exhibit J?
25
   Α
         Yes.
```

- Q Give me a second -- and I might have the wrong exhibit, so give me a second. No. That's the right exhibit. Okay? If you go in, first of all, there's an indication on the first page that the email comes from Mr. Geyer, G-e-y-e-r? Do you
- see that? Under "Begin forwarded messages"?
- 6 A Oh, I see it. I'm sorry. I was looking at the other -- above it. Yes.
- 8 Q Yeah. And, the line above that is Misappropriated Signatures?
- 9 A Yes, I do see that. Yes.
- 10 Q Yeah. And, so if you go two pages over, you get to the body
 11 of the message. Do you see that?
- 12 A I do.
- 13 Q Flip one more page and you're gonna see three people whose
 14 names are already in this record, and those are the three
 15 people I want you to assume who signed this --
- 16 A Yes.
- 17 Q -- and are the "we" for purposes of this document, okay?
- 18 A Yes.
- 19 Q First of all, have you ever seen this document?
- I have not previously seen this document. I gather there was
 a reference to the recanting in the Policy Committee or SubCommittee Report. So I had seen that. But this is the first
 time I've seen this particular document.
- Q And, do me a favor. Will you read it? It's not long. Let me know when you're done.

MR. CAMPBELL: Your Honor, while he does that, if I 1 2 may for a moment? THE COURT: You may. 3 MR. CAMPBELL: I've talked to Counsel. I believe this is my last area inquiry unless the witness helps us out 5 something really good. Then I'd ask for five minutes just to 6 collect my thoughts and make sure I'm done with him before I 7 8 say that I'm done with him. If that's fair? THE COURT: Why don't you do that right now while 9 he's reading the letter? Collect your thoughts because I've 10 got people waiting for sentencing a little bit later. Sorry 11 to put you on the fast collection train. 12 13 MR. CAMPBELL: Yeah. Not a problem, Judge. Give me 14 a moment. (At 1:45 p.m., Mr. Campbell conferring with others) 15 THE WITNESS: I think I can save you some quick time 16 because I think you'll like my answer. 17 MR. CAMPBELL: 18 Yes. 19 Q This made -- this made certain factual allegations to the 20 Α effect that the signatures were fraudulently, shall we say, 21 22 obtained? Yes. 23 Q 24 And, my -- my quick response to that is that if, in fact, it 25 were to be concluded that the signatures were fraudulently

obtained -- so to take an extreme example if it was shown that they were forged, then obviously they would not be valid and that would invalidate the removal.

Whether or not the specific allegations are true, whether or not they, in fact, rise to the level of fraud so as to say that these things should be disregarded is outside my ambit.

- 8 Q Okay. You express no opinion on that?
- 9 A That's correct.

1

2

3

5

6

7

17

- 10 Q Thank you. Let's go to Exhibit 11. Let's go to the same field, because --
- 12 A So, 11 is back in the other --
- 13 Q Yes. There's a reference to both petitions and proxies in
 14 that email that you saw, Exhibit J, which is probably still
 15 open. If you need to refer to it. Do you see the words, they
 16 address both their signatures on a petition and on a proxy --
 - A I see the signatures are misappropriated and we don't authorize them to be filed; is that what you're referring to?
- 19 Q Well, they use the words both proxies and petitions that they
 20 were concerned about.
- 21 A We signed the petitions, blah-blah, specifically instruct
 22 that no proxy was to go to this meeting. However, we have
 23 been informed proxies for some of us were used against our
 24 will to establish quorum.
- 25 Q So we have both issues -- and by the way, under your --

proxies can be verbally given? Potentially; right?

2 A I believe that's correct.

Q They can be verbally withdrawn? Right?

A That is correct. Now I will just raise an -- an issue here based on this. Is that if the point is that -- and I don't know what -- what this particular context to be, so I don't know -- what -- these are indicated to -- well, one of them is the Youth Vice Chair, and the other two are from -- are District delegates.

So with regard to the District delegates, as I indicated before, they really don't have the option of saying no proxy can be chosen for me. They have the option of showing up, they have the option of naming their own proxy. But if they're not there and there are seats that aren't filled, whatever you think of this being a good rule or not, in the bylaws it specifically says that then the District Chair can fill them or in the absence of the District Chair, the majority can fill them.

Now, with respect to the Youth Vice Chair, the Youth Vice Chair is someone who has the authority either to give a proxy or not to give a proxy. So from a procedural point, of course, I'm not opining on what the actual accuracy that is ——
I'm just saying procedurally if, indeed, the Youth Vice Chair had identified a proxy and withdrew that proxy in a timely fashion, the Youth Vice Chair would have the authority to do

1 that, procedurally. 2 With regard to -- so we're -- Exhibit 11, and if you go past the highlighted pages, you come to a copy of a petition with 3 the name of Sue Allor. Do you see that? I do. 5 Α And, then if you go another page, you get to Mr. Balog's name. 6 You may recognize that from Exhibit J? 7 8 Α Yes. 9 You see that? So this is his petition and signed on November 28th, 2023; correct? 10 Α Correct. 11 Assuming it's accurate and you know that the request for the 12 13 Special Meeting was made on December 2nd, 2023 by Ms. Bree --Yeah. Well, the request was made by -- by multiple people. I 14 think you're referring to the Call which was on December 31st? 15 No, I'm not. I'm referring to the request for the Special 16 17 Meeting that prompted Chairperson Karamo to pick a date. Α Yes. But I think you said that that was by one 18 Okay. particular person, I was just trying to --19 20 Well, it's her email that -- that you looked at. Okay. Well, there was -- there were multiple people that --21 Α 22 Q Right. And, that -- so here's my question. Um-hmm. Α 23 If you go to the next page, it should be Justin Marcum, by the 24 25 way, another person who's identified on the email, do you see

```
that?
1
2
   Α
         Yes.
         He signed his petition after the request for the Special
3
         Meeting was put in place on December 2nd; correct?
         Um-hmm. Sorry. On December 3rd, yes. I see that.
5
   Α
         You'd agree with me, December 3rd comes after December 2nd?
6
7
   Α
         Yes.
8
         You needed to have 50 signatures to call the question on this
9
         issue; right?
         To -- to allow it to be brought before the body, yes.
10
   Α
         Okay. And, by the way, I'll show it to you, it's just easier.
11
         Ms. Linting's petition -- Exhibit -- would you agree with me,
12
         that's dated December 21st?
13
         That is correct. I think we might be able to save a little
14
         time if I understand correctly what you're getting to --
15
         Well, I -- I think -- I think best to let me proceed to the
16
17
         question.
   Α
         All right. All right.
18
         In an answer format, if you don't mind. So what I'm getting
19
         to is, isn't it true that Chairperson Karamo had no duty to
20
         list an agenda item that had not yet come to fruition because
21
22
         these petitions, they didn't have the sufficient signatures to
         make that Special Meeting agenda item? Separate and apart
23
         from the Call, because she issued the Call. The question is
24
25
         whether or not she needed to put it into an agenda item.
```

And -- and my answer is, I -- I do disagree with that for -for two reasons. Number one, as I had testified earlier, the
relevant time -- the -- the time requirement for providing the
petition is, in order to be brought before the body, and that
is at some time before it is moved, seconded, and stated by
the Chair.

There isn't a requirement in the bylaws that it -that the actual petitions have to be provided prior to the
request for Special -- the Special Meeting, or for -- prior to
the notice. The only requirement is that the notice be clear
and specific about what is going to be considered. And, I
believe as I testified earlier, the book specifically says
that the exact language of the motion does not have to be
provided, just essentially the -- the purport --

So I -- I respectfully disagree that the -- the fact that these were not fully put together, the petition was not fully put together at the time of the request for the Special Meeting, or the time of the notice means that it invalidates the petition. As long as the petition was submitted before it was brought to the -- it was actually brought before the body and of this before it was moved, seconded, and stated at the Special Meeting itself.

- When you were asked questions about being able to withdraw or the viability of a proxy, you equated it to motions.
- A That's correct.

Α

- Meaning there is no rule that covers it; correct? Q
- 2 Α I'm sorry?

3

Α

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- There's nothing that answers the question about whether the proxy survives or doesn't survive for -- if they were told, hey, this proxy's going to be used on December 27th, and then 5 they later use it on January 6th, there's no rule in Robert's 6 Rules that says how you handle that? You have to go to a 7 different rule in order to find what you think is an 8 accommodation? Correct? 9
 - So -- so the -- the -- there are two separate issues here, if I may? One issue is whether or not the -- shall we say the -the claim that the signatures were gotten on the basis they would only be used at a particular meeting constitutes sufficient fraud to invalidate it is a substantive matter that is outside my ambit.

On -- on the face of it, the petitions do not state a particular meeting. So speaking procedurally, in looking at it on the face of it, in the absence of a determination that it was in some way fraudulently induced, there's no reason why it couldn't be applied at any given meeting.

The separate issue is when you say there's no rule in terms of applying the analysis of withdrawal, I think the -- the question is when you have this petition, what -- what is it in its nature? So in any event if, in fact, so -- so let's distinguish between an allegation coming after the

meeting that it was fraudulently brought about, which if it was substantiated, I would say it legitimately could invalidate it.

And, an effort to say essentially I changed my mind and I don't want this to be applied, having that apply after the meeting, I think from simple logic to say that you can just sort of go back retroactively and say, no, the best way to analyze -- analyze that is by thinking of it in the context of (inaudible) motion.

- In the first scenario you gave me, it would not just be invalid, it would be void abinitio because there was never a legitimate -- again, we're talking about the fraud and the deception.
- 14 A Yes.

- 15 Q To gain either the proxy or the petition signature, it would be invalid?
- 17 A That is correct. If it is judged that, in fact, it was
 18 sufficiently fraudulent that as to invalidate it, by
 19 definition, then it would not be valid and it would then not
 20 be adequate to bring about the removal.
- Q And, you read in Exhibit J, the email, that the petitions were gained on the promise of December 27th? Right?
- 23 A Did I read that? The answer is, yes, I read it. If I were to
 24 opine on whether that constitutes fraud or not, the answer is
 25 no, I didn't opine on that. Again, I said that that's out --

- really outside my ambit, whether that rises to the level of something to -- to --
- 3 Q Okay. If that were to be fraud and deception, then --
- 4 A Then it would invalidate it, yes.
- 5 Q It would invalidate it abinitio.
- 6 A Yes. That is correct.
- 7 Q Thank you. Notices, Page 15 of Article VI, this is Exhibit A.
- 8 Sorry about that, sir. It just reminded me of something as we
- 9 were talking. The Special Meetings that you refer to?
- 10 A Yes. Yes, sir.
- 11 Q It says notices of Special Meetings shall state the purpose of
- such meetings; correct?
- 13 A Yes. That's correct.
- 14 Q There has to be about -- we talked about how within 15 days
- 15 written requests have to be filed with the Chairperson. The
- 16 Chairperson shall Call a Special Meeting on the request of
- one-third of the members. Do you see that?
- 18 A I do.
- 19 Q The idea that it has to be on the agenda, does it come from
- 20 this rule or a different rule? The purpose.
- 21 A It -- it comes from this rule. Notice of the Special Meeting
- 22 shall state the purpose of such meetings. And, the further
- elaboration of that under Robert's Rules, which says that the
- 24 purpose has to be clear and specific and so forth.
- 25 Q There's no timing element in that rule, is there?

A A timing element in terms of --

Q There's a timing element about a notice for five days, but there is no -- a notice can come late and it can be a supplemental notice? You're aware of Chairperson Karamo issuing that in January before the 13th meeting; right?

A Well, okay. So two different -- two distinct issues here.

Q Yeah.

That there is a timing requirement with regard to responding to the -- the request by the members, which is that the notice must be called -- a Call and a notice are the same thing, must be called within 15 days.

So with respect to responding to the Special Meeting, yes, there was a requirement that in that the purpose had to be brought.

With regard to Chairman Karamo's authority to call, in effect, her own Special Meeting, there is not a specific time requirement, that is correct. And, could she in theory while Chair, change the -- the -- the purposes as long as there was the default in Robert's Rules if it's not -- they're not specific if it isn't "reasonable notice," the answer is yes.

The critical question is was she validly removed?

If she was validly removed, then she was no longer Chair.

Therefore, she had no authority to change the original purposes of that Special Meeting that she validly called when

1 she was Chair. 2 Q If the change was valid, then was it sufficient to satisfy the conditions necessarily that -- that amended notice? 3 Very clearly and specifically? Α Yeah. 5 Q Α In order to answer that question, can you refer me to that --6 her updated Call? 7 8 Q Yes. Exhibit P as in Paul. Okay. So my response to that would be, again, on the 9 Α assumption that you have stated which, of course, disagrees 10 with the interpretation -- but based on that assumption, 11 Parts 1 through 4 -- so I guess the Judge has not seen this, 12 13 but --THE WITNESS: -- do you have this, Your Honor? 14 15 you --THE COURT: I do. 16 17 THE WITNESS: Okay. So if you look at 1 through 4, those are prayer, pledge of allegiance, call to order, roll 18 call, and adjournment. Those are not substantive issues, they 19 are perfectly appropriate. The -- the vote for removal of 20 Chair Karamo under Article IV, would be clearly specific 21 22 enough. BY MR. CAMPBELL: 23 24 Q Thank you. 25 Α The other provisions, however, so the Policy Committee Report,

receiving the Policy Committee Report, these things that are listed as reports, giving the reports would be specific enough. What would not be specific enough would be motions to be adopted with relation to those reports.

That a political representation, I would say again, is too generic and too specific -- too unspecific in order to give adequate notice.

August convention rules, unless something was attached or appended to indicate what the proposed rules were, at least giving their purport, I would say that was not adequate.

Kalamazoo Party Recognition, that might be adequate depending upon if what it's saying is we're going to recognize -- I don't know the -- I think the -- one would need to know a little bit more of what the context for that. Simply saying we are recognizing the Kalamazoo Party -- Kalamazoo Party, then it's probably specific enough. If there's something more complicated about, you know, a dispute among who represents them or something, it might not be specific enough.

- Q Thank you. In case any of my kids want to become a professional parliamentarian, what is your hourly rate?
- 22 A My rate -- hourly rate is \$300.

- Q Thank you. How much have you invoiced to Mr. Lauderbach and his firm, if anything?
- 25 A So far, I have invoiced for my role as a consultant, and it

- was \$300 times 6.23, it was two thousand something. I think
- it's in my report, but I can't remember quite offhand.
- 3 Q As long as this cross goes, the more it's (laughs) -- so with
- 4 regard to how much today would you say through your
- anticipated involvement in this matter which should be minutes
- away -- well, he's got to recross -- redirect, but --
- 7 A Well, for -- my -- my charge for this meeting is \$2,100 if my
- 8 testimony is four hours or less, and \$3,100 if it goes beyond
- 9 four hours.
- 10 Q Thank you. You talked about consultation. When did you first
- 11 consult with Mr. Lauderbach?
- 12 A Let's see. It was -- I'm not sure I can remember the exact
- date although I could figure it out. But it was in the course
- of last week, I believe.
- 15 Q Okay. Not before that? Not in December of 2023?
- 16 A No.
- 17 Q Do you know who Warren Carpenter is?
- 18 A I must -- the name rings a bell, but I can't bring it
- 19 precisely to mind without further information.
- 20 Q Okay. Do you know who David Deshaw is?
- 21 A Yes. David Deshaw was the Convention Chair for the February
- 22 18th convention. I served him as parliamentarian trainer.
- 23 Q In what year?
- 24 A 2023.
- 25 Q Thank you. And, what's -- did you talk to David Deshaw about

any of these events here in Michigan involving the Michigan 1 2 GOP in -- from September 2023, to today? Α No. 3 Thank you. MR. CAMPBELL: I have no further questions. 5 Appreciate it. 6 THE COURT: All right. We've got a --7 8 Mr. Lauderbach. MR. LAUDERBACH: Yeah, I know. 9 THE COURT: I think the last point, we're going to 10 have to cut -- I'm going to leave it to your discretion, of 11 course. If you want to recall Mr. Balch tomorrow? 12 MR. LAUDERBACH: I don't. I have no redirect, but I 13 -- the only thing I want to clarify -- and thank you, I thank 14 all the other litigants who are waiting for their important 15 matters as well. 16 THE COURT: And, my staff who is starved through the 17 lunch --18 MR. LAUDERBACH: Yes. 19 THE COURT: They're trained for that. 20 MR. LAUDERBACH: The only thing I have -- I believe 21 22 that all of the facts on which Mr. Balch's opinions relied are already in evidence. I just want to confirm that with 23 24 opposing counsel before we put him on a plane to head back to

25

Virginia.

MR. CAMPBELL: I don't know if that sounds like a 1 2 trap. MR. LAUDERBACH: I'm trying to avoid a trap is all. 3 THE COURT: Well, I don't think he's -- I think he's studiously avoided testifying to any factual issues that were 5 not in evidence. 6 MR. CAMPBELL: Yes. 7 THE COURT: That's been presented before the Court. 8 I think that's probably fair to say, don't you agree, 9 10 Mr. Campbell? MR. CAMPBELL: I like the way you put it, Judge. 11 THE COURT: All right. Very good. No traps 12 intentional or otherwise here. Thank you for your testimony, 13 Mr. Balch. 14 THE WITNESS: Thank you, Your Honor. Thank you for 15 lending me your Robert's. 16 THE COURT: Safe -- safe travels back -- I may hold 17 onto it myself because even the Michigan Judges Association 18 could probably use a review of Robert's Rules of Order. 19 MR. LAUDERBACH: Would you like mine? You're like 20 my -- if they want to pay 300 bucks an hour, I know that 21 22 they're --THE COURT: Thank you, sir. You may step down. 23 This matter is concluded. I'll begin my sentences in five 24

25

minutes. Thank you.

1	THE WIT	NESS: Thank you.
2	(At 2:0	5 p.m., witness excused)
3	MR. CAM	PBELL: Thank you, Your Honor. We'll be back
4	at 9:00 a.m., tom	orrow, Your Honor?
5	THE COU	RT: 9:00 a.m., tomorrow morning.
6	MR. CAM	PBELL: Thank you.
7	(At 2:0	5 p.m., proceedings concluded)
8		

STATE OF MICHIGAN COUNTY OF KENT) I certify that this transcript, consisting of 216 pages, is a complete, true, and correct transcript, to the best of my ability, of the proceedings and testimony taken in this case on Monday, February 21, 2024. Date: March 15, 2024 Barbara J. Ingram, CER-3509 Certified Electronic Reporter 616-799-0969